



Berner Fachhochschule  
Haute école spécialisée bernoise  
Bern University of Applied Sciences

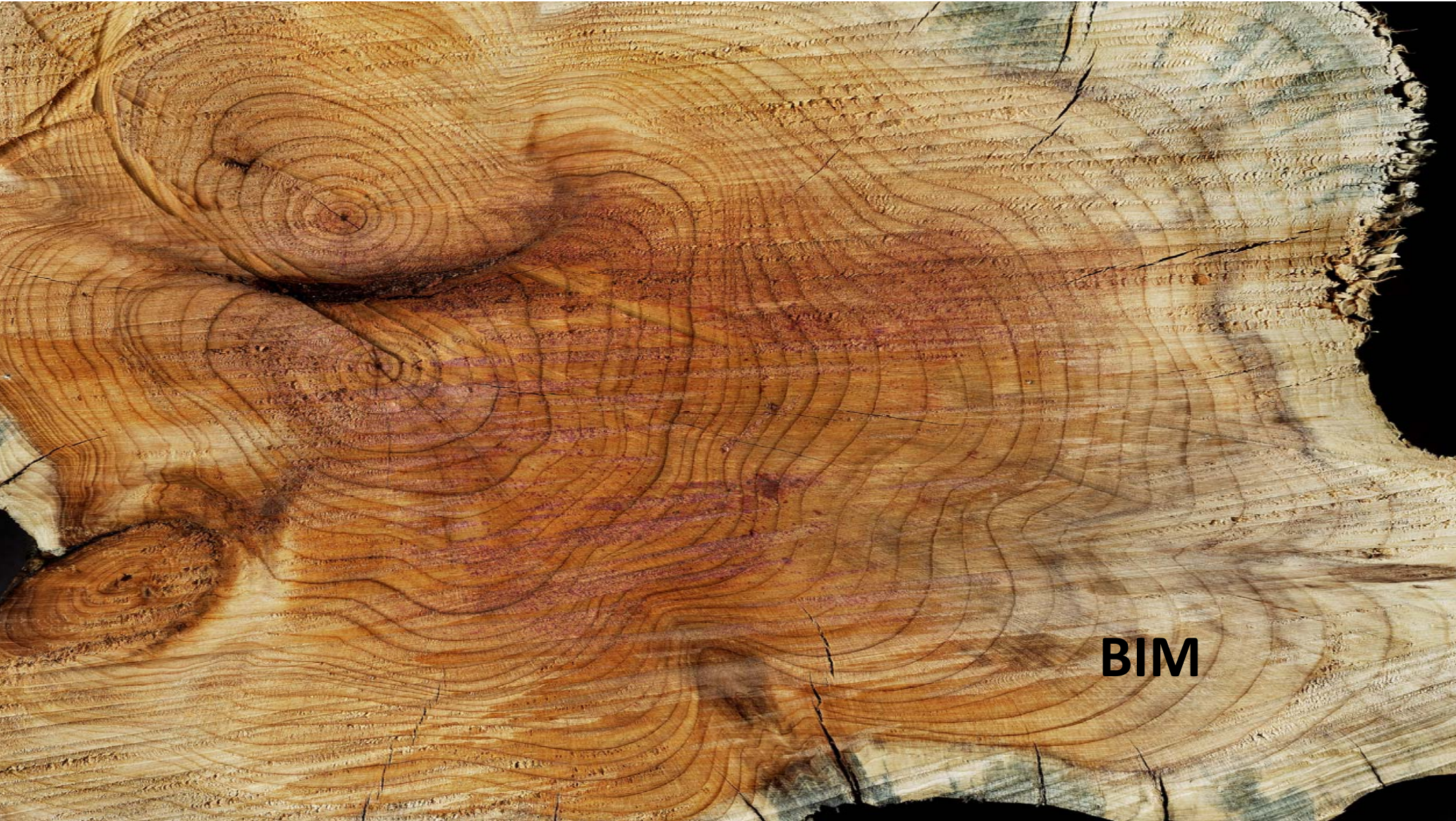
# Fit for BIM

## digital integration in the building process

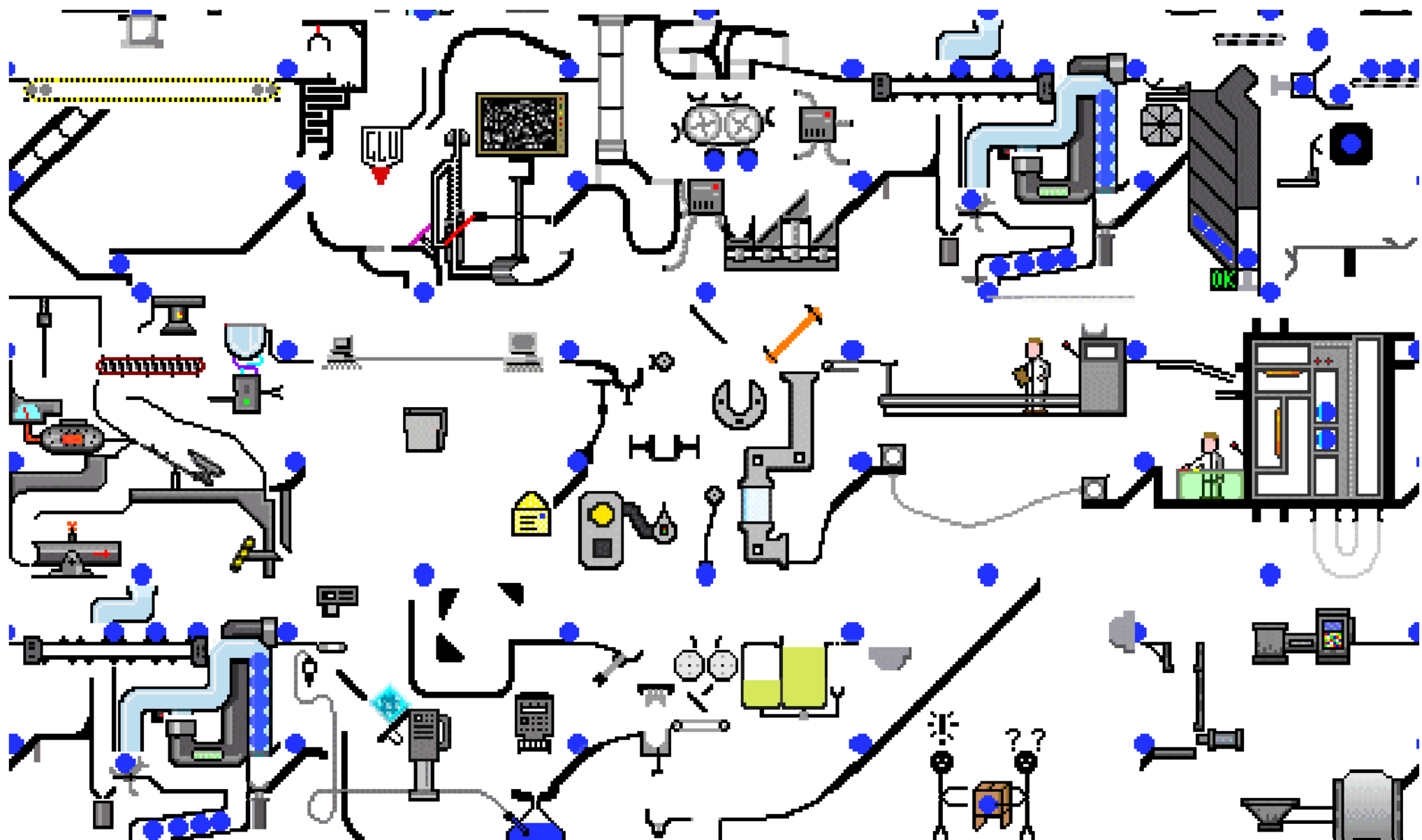
Thomas Rohner    Professor for Timber Construction and BIM  
Head of Department Wood

- ▶ 14 October 2016, Congress Center Göteborg, Träkonstruktionsdagen 2016

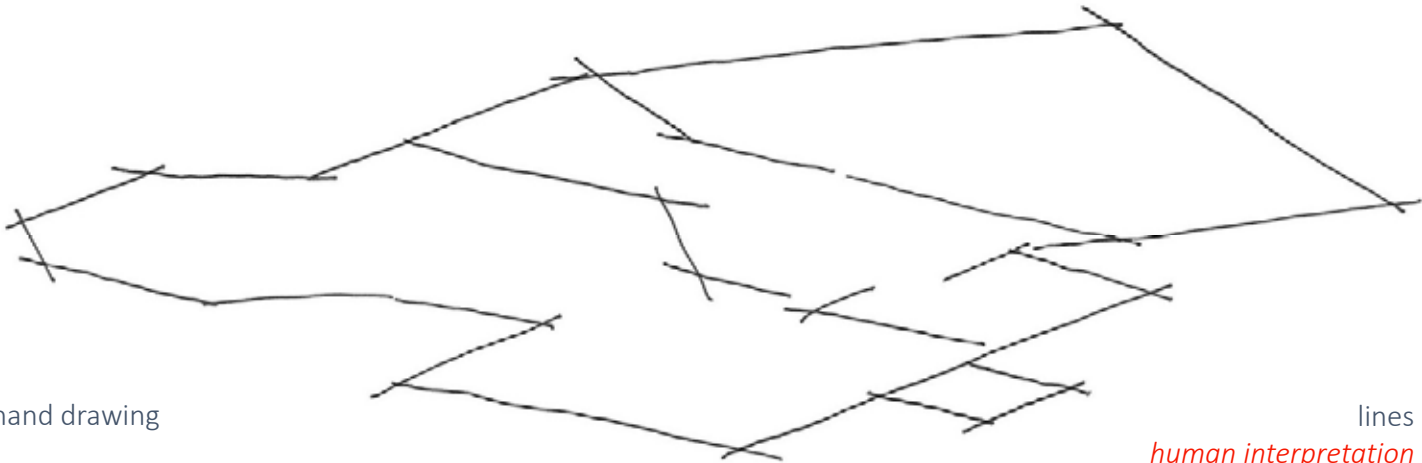




**BIM**

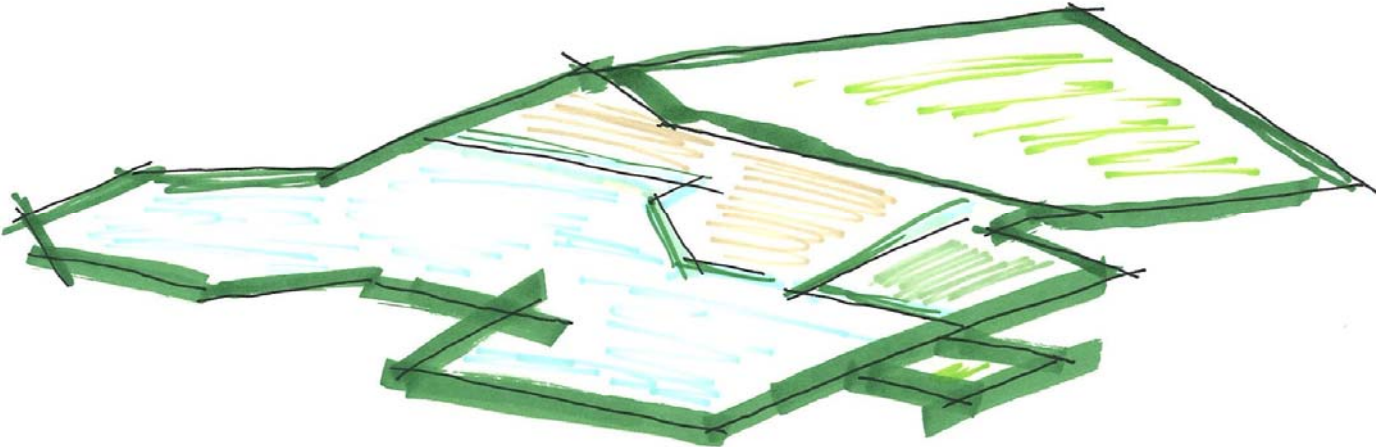


From 2D to 3D



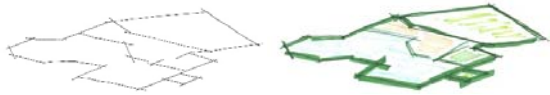
Line – hand drawing

lines  
*human interpretation*



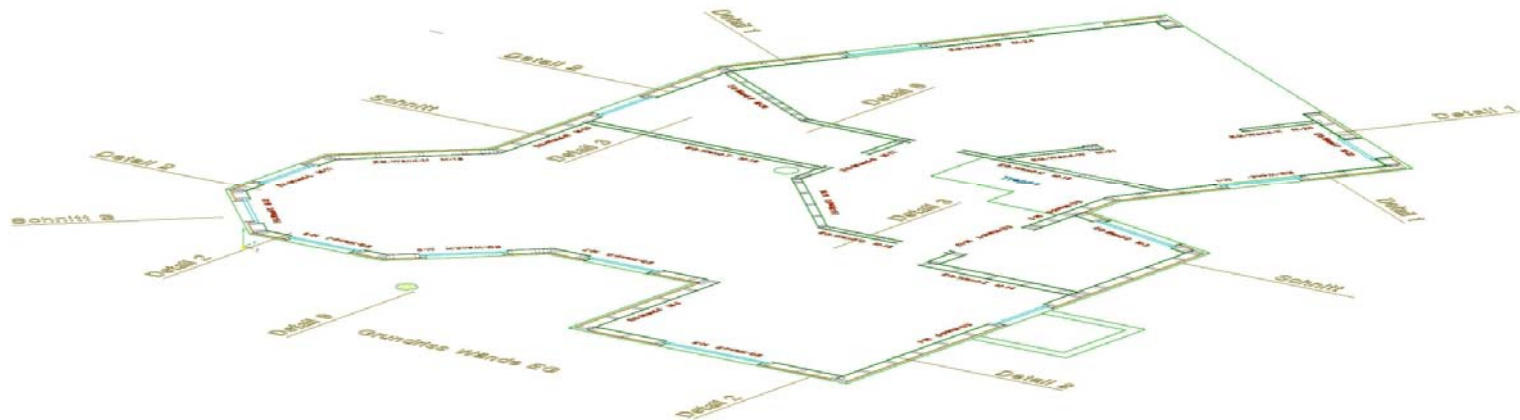
The line

From human drawn line to digital line

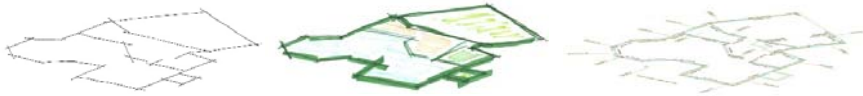


line – digital lines

digital lines  
*human interpretation*

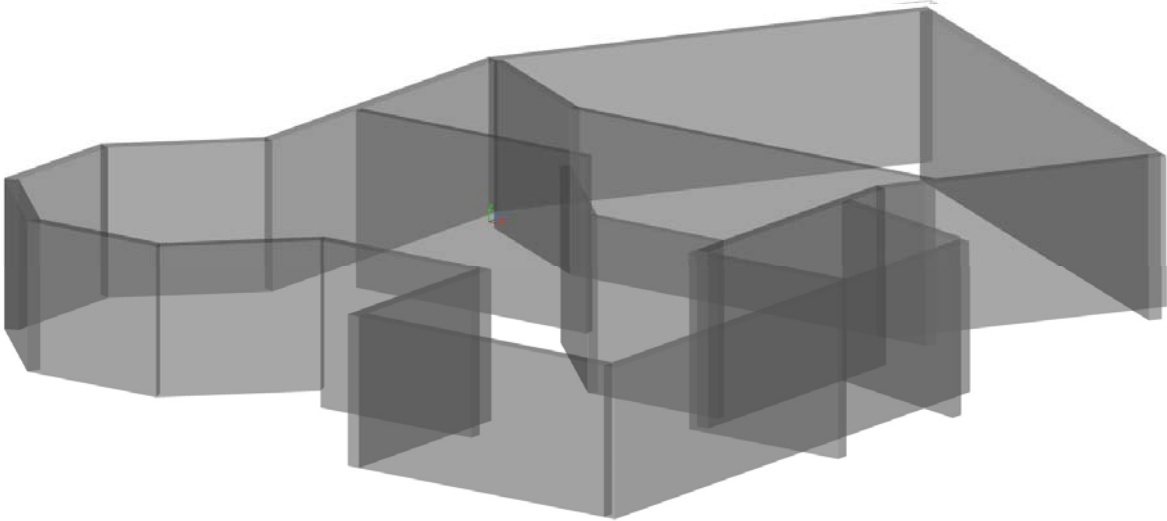


From lines to surfaces to volumes



Volumes & surfaces

volumes & surfaces  
*building*  
*shape & form*

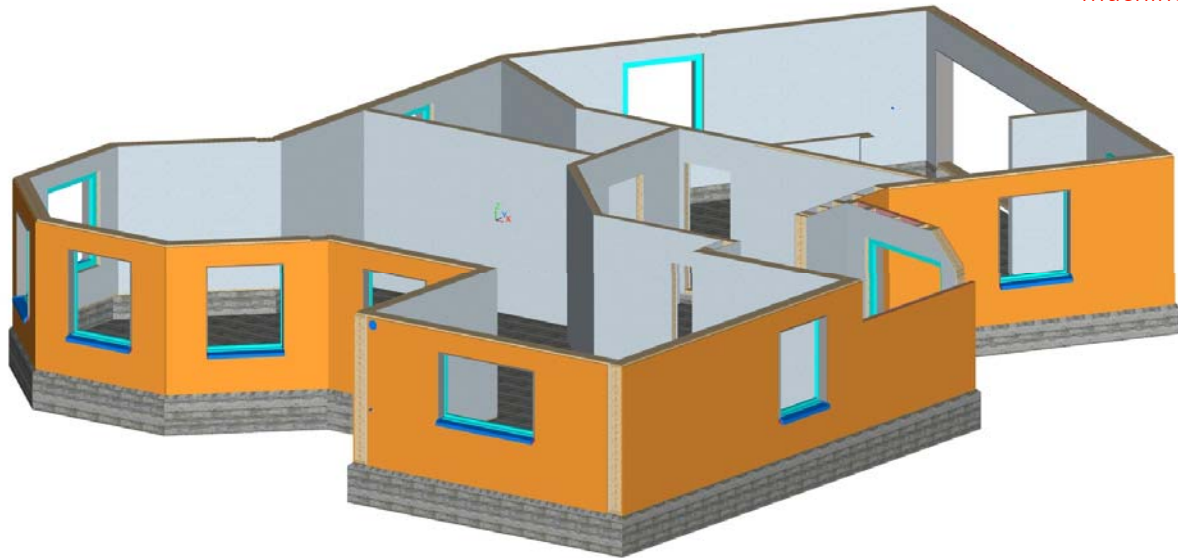


Digitai Information model



Digital objects & components

digital objects & components  
*properties, relations*  
*machine interpretations*





**FM**  
Facility management  
LC-BIM-Strategy  
QM Manuals  
BIM as build  
Maintenance  
Plans & Technicals  
Support

**7D**

**SUSTAINABILITY**  
Energy  
LEED  
Materials

**6D**

**ESTIMATION**  
Costs  
Processes  
Monitoring  
Commodities  
Pre-fabrication

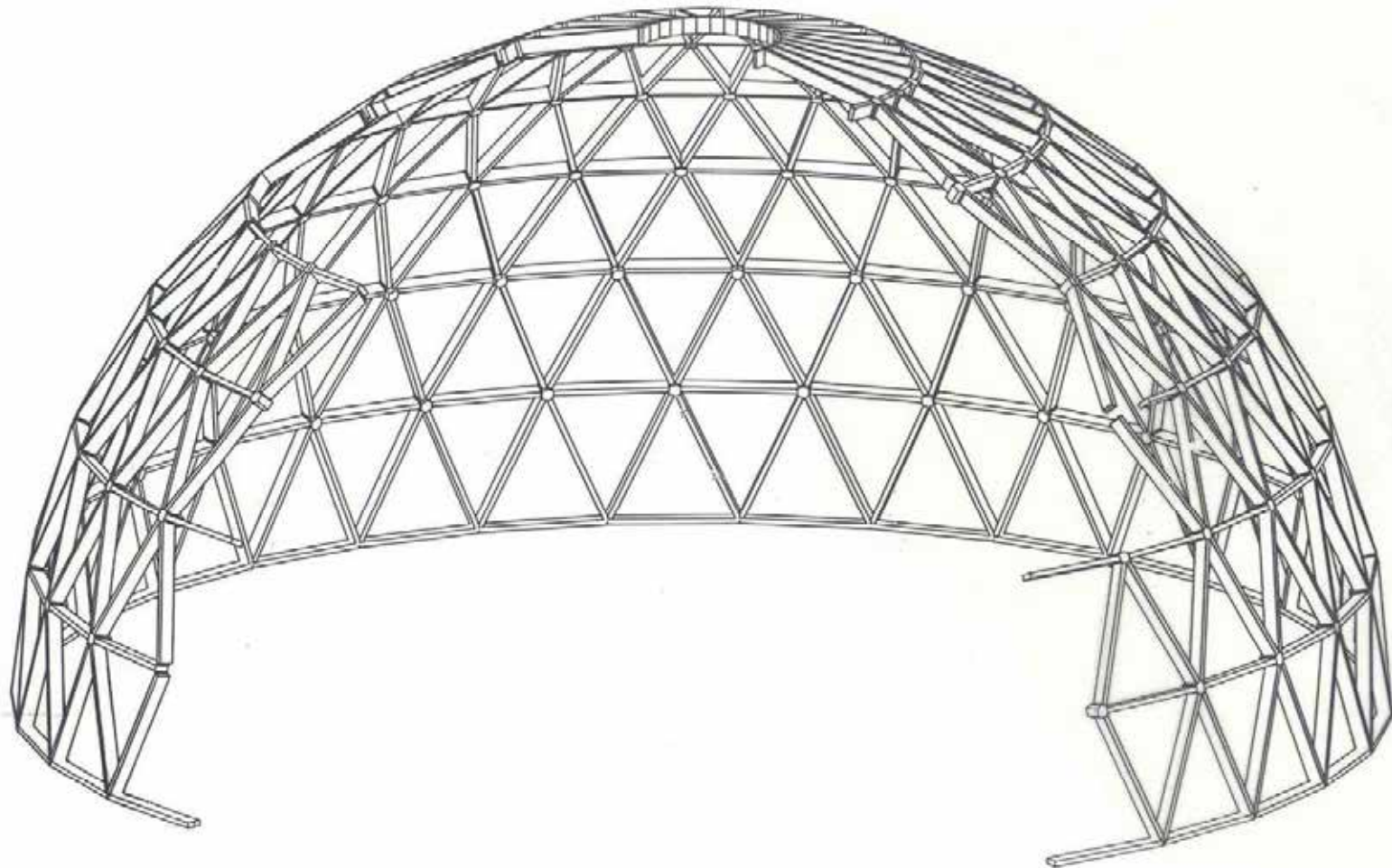
**5D**

**SCHEDULING**  
Time axis  
Project phase  
Simulation  
Visualisation  
Cashflow  
Monitoring

**4D**

**MODEL**  
Specialised  
information mode  
Geometry  
Production  
BIM-driven  
prefabrication

**3D**



units : ( M )  
AXO 005 PT.VIS  
x 576.66 0.00  
y -771.95 0.00  
z 267.50 0.00

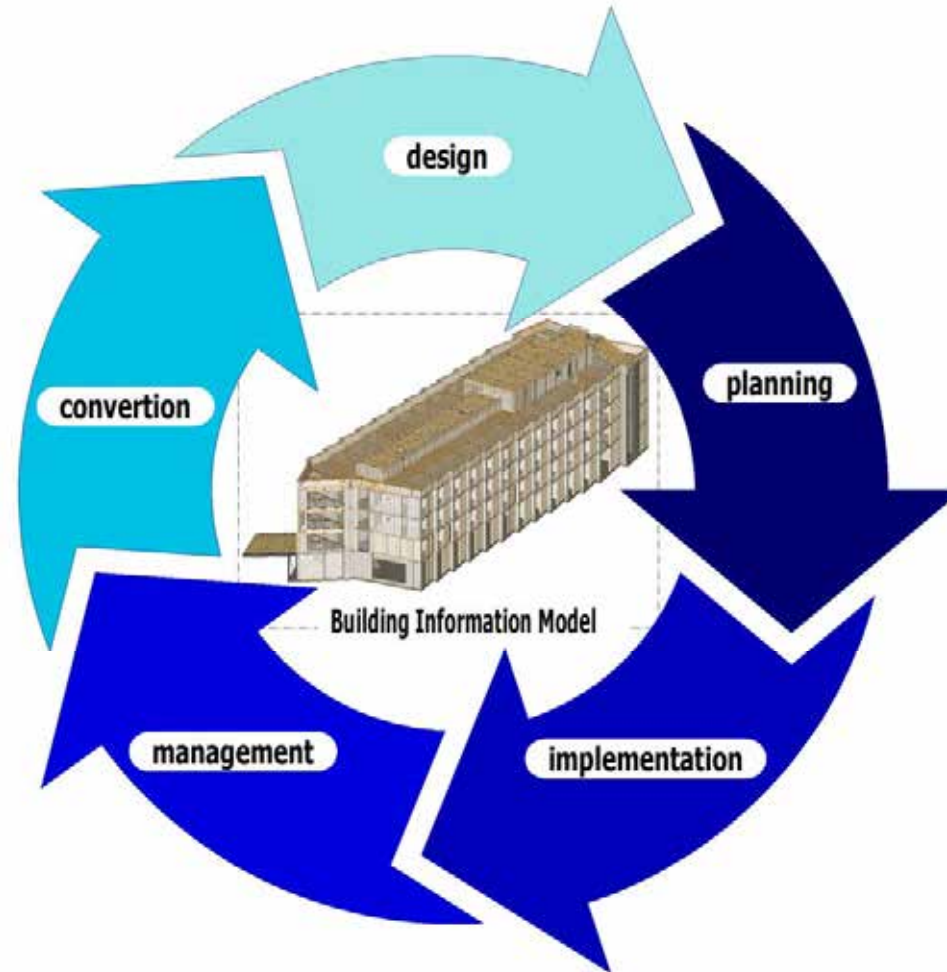
cadwork 3D  
VER

date : 9-FEB-90  
des. :  
mod. :  
Plan No:

What is BIM ?

# Building Information Modeling

Connecting all relevant meta data with a geometric element.

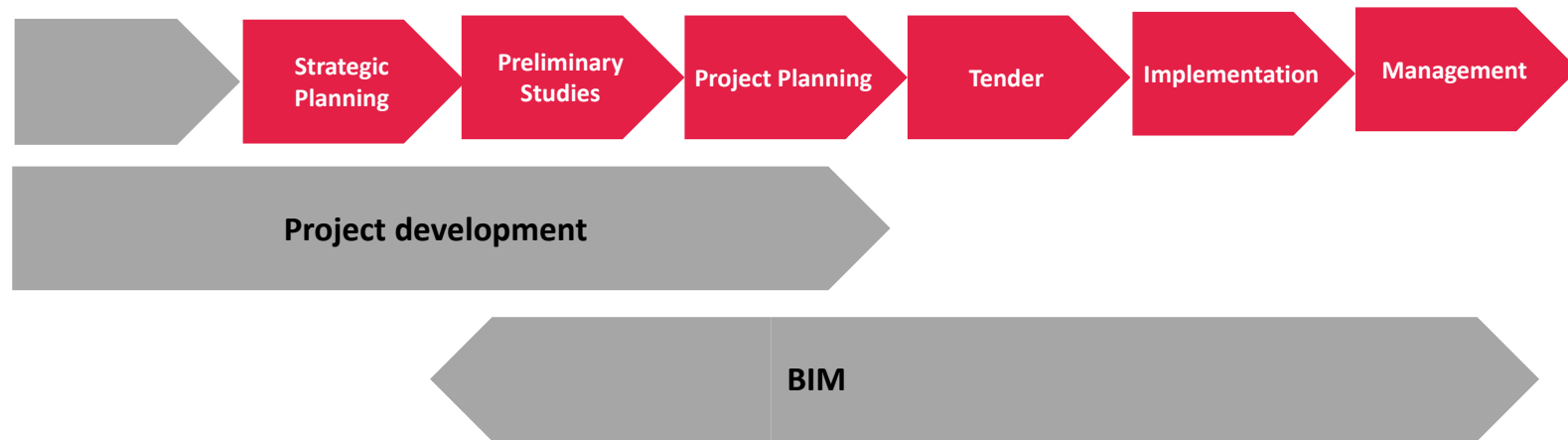


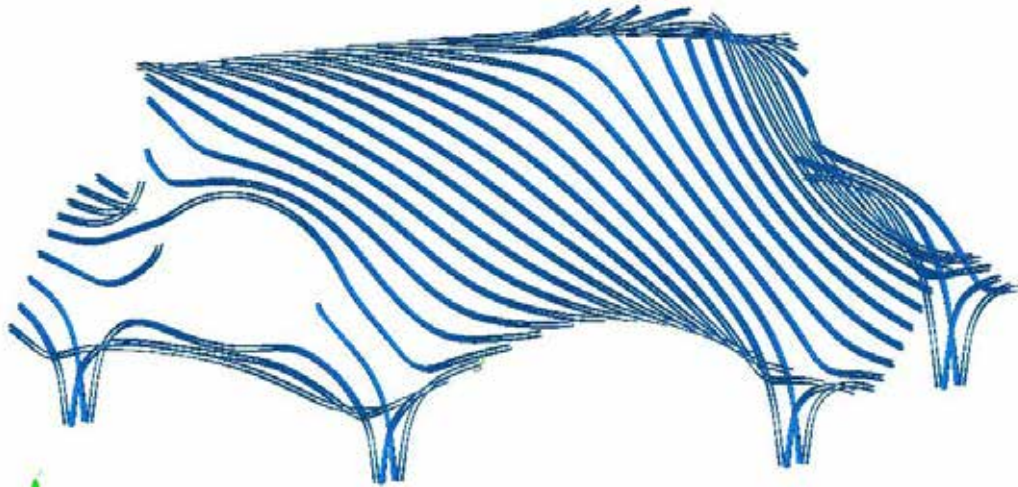
## SIA 112 - Modell Bauplanung



Leistungsmodell SIA 112		Schulung der CHB-Standards		
		BASIS	PRAXIS	EXTRAS
1	Strategische Planung			
2	Vorstudien			
3	Projektierung	vermittelt Grundwissen		
4	Ausschreibung			
41	Ausschreibung, Angebotsvergleich, Vergabeantrag • Grundlagen: Bauprojekt • Detailpläne • Ziel: Ausschreibung • Angebotsvergleich • Vergabeantrag	vermittelt grundsätzliches Vorgehen	vermittelt Sinn, Zweck, Vorgehen und Methodik für einfache Bauprojekte	vermittelt Sinn, Zweck, Vorgehen und Methodik für komplexe Bauprojekte
5	Realisierung			
51	Ausführungsprojekt • Grundlagen: Ausschreibungsunterlagen • Bereinigte Angebote • Ziel: Ausführungsreife erreicht		vermittelt koordinierende Denkweise	vermittelt Übung: Beispiele erarbeiten
52	Ausführung • Grundlagen: Definitive Ausführungs- und Detailpläne, Werk- und Kaufverträge • Ziel: Bauwerk gemäss Pflichtenheft und Vertrag erstellt	vermittelt grundsätzliches Vorgehen		vermittelt Umsetzung und Koordination
53	Inbetriebnahme, Abschluss • Grundlagen: Bauwerk gemäss Pflichtenheft und Vertrag erstellt • Ziel: Bauwerk übernommen und in Betrieb genommen • Schlussabrechnung abgenommen • Mängel behoben			vermittelt Vorgehen, Ablauf und Rechtsgrundlagen
6	Bewirtschaftung			
61	Betrieb • Grundlagen: Bauwerksakten mit vollständiger Dokumentation für die Bauwerksbewirtschaftung • Ziel: Betrieb sichergestellt und optimiert			vermittelt Vorgehen, Übung, Umsetzung und Erarbeitung der Unterlagen
62	Erhaltung • Grundlagen: Bauwerksakten mit vollständiger Dokumentation für die Bauwerksbewirtschaftung • Ziel: Gebrauchstauglichkeit und Wert des Bauwerks für definierten Zeitraum aufrechterhalten			

# When BIM ?





## **Virtualization** of the building industry

We will simulate the whole of the building process virtually (cradle to cradle)

Target

**Error rate in the building industry: 20%**

If we did not make any mistakes, our buildings would cost 20% less.

**Repeat effect in the building industry: 20%**

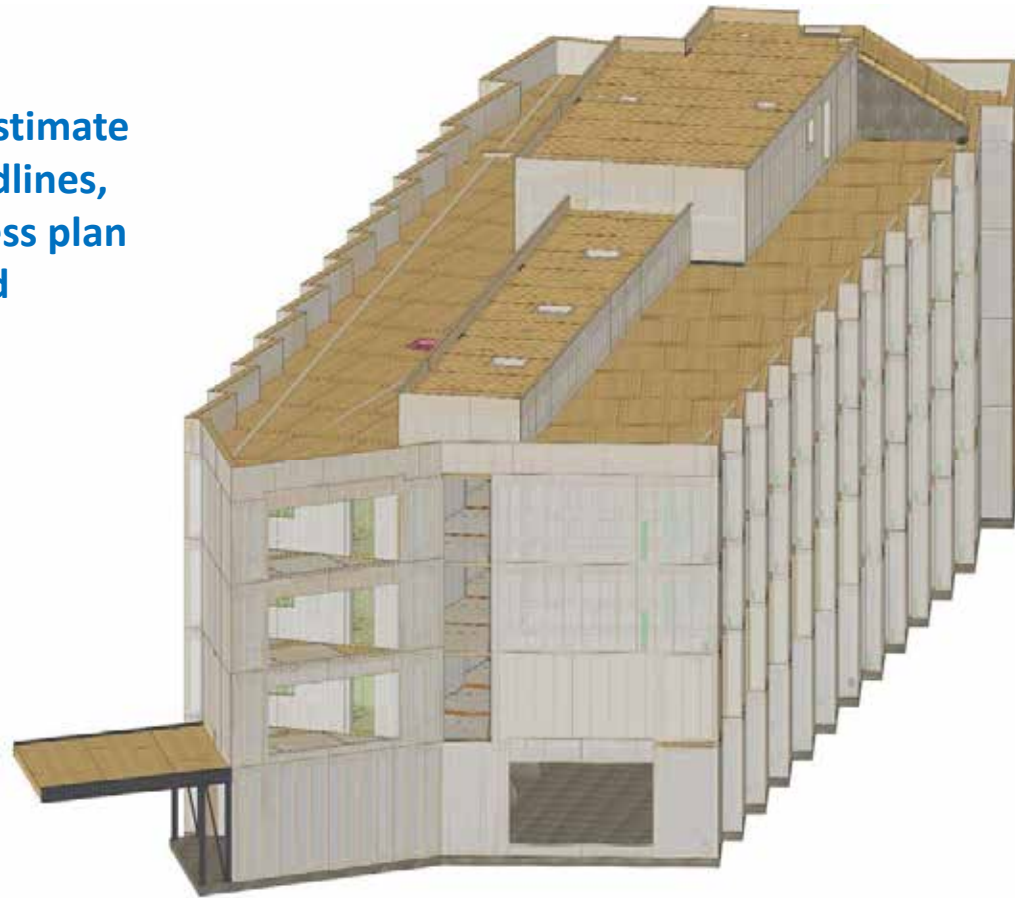
Surveys of practice reveal much more potential.

Presently, when providing construction services, we estimate construction work and deadlines, instead of creating a business plan for the building's useful and service life.

Glass door

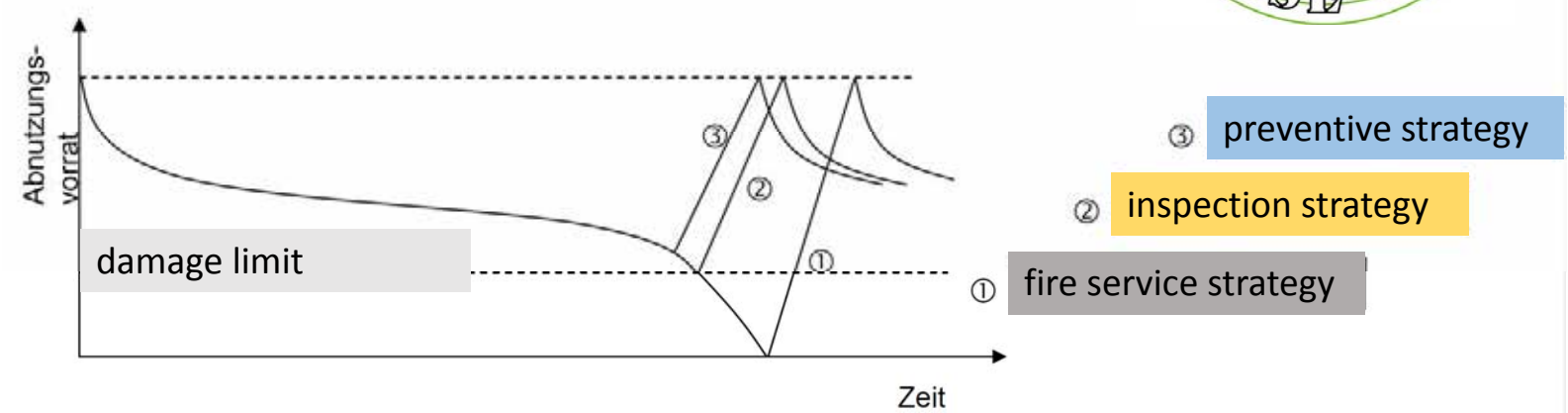
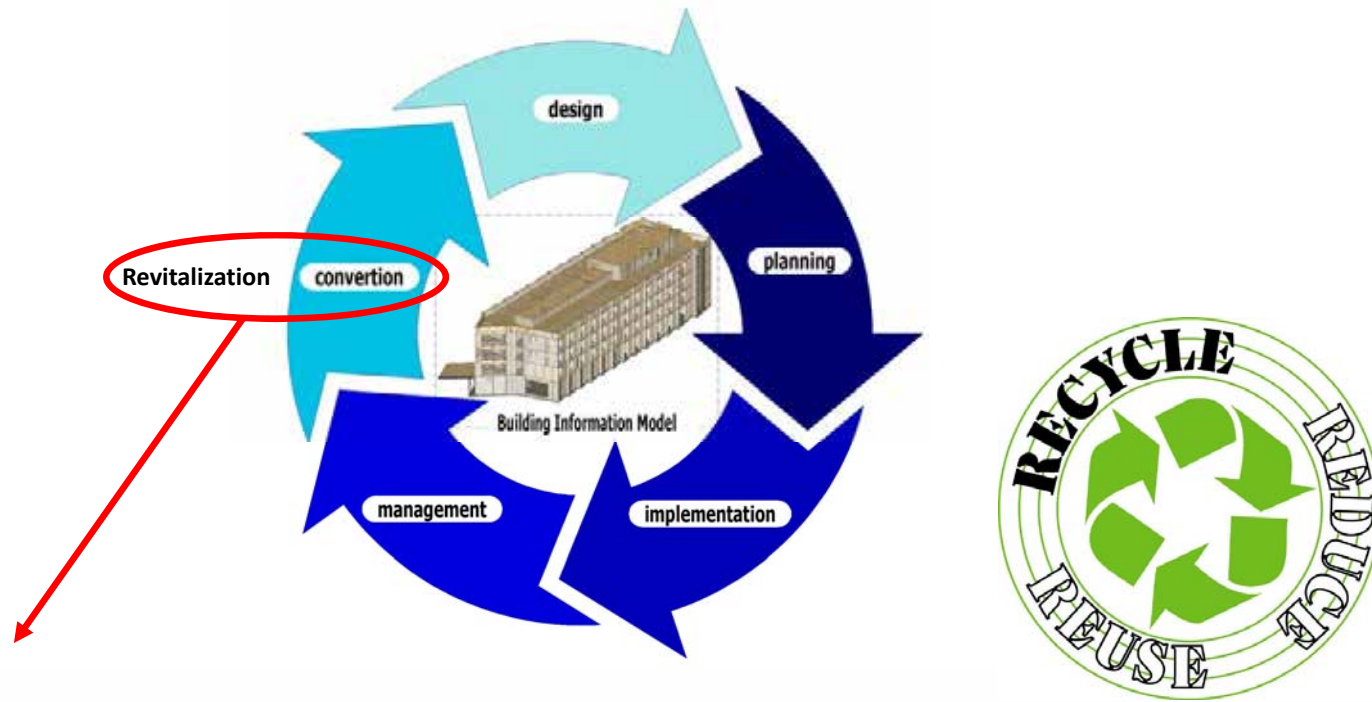


New windows



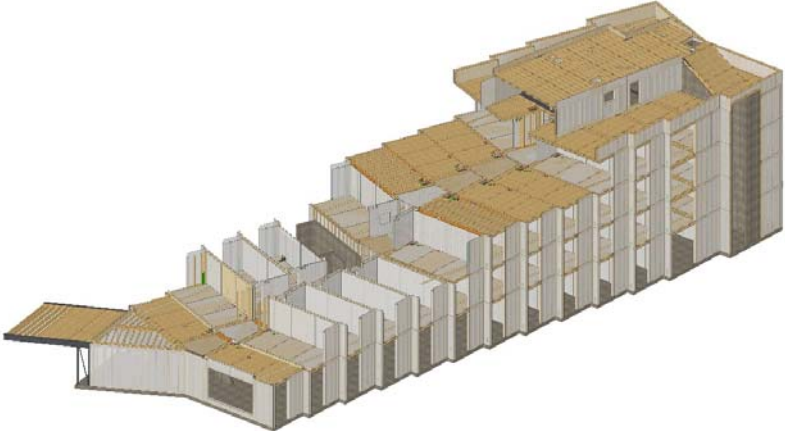
<b>1</b> Ausgangslage / Begriffe	<b>2</b> Vorgehen Planung bis Betrieb	<b>3</b> Investitionszyklen	<b>4</b> LCC Berechnung / Empfehlungen
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# Building Information Modeling

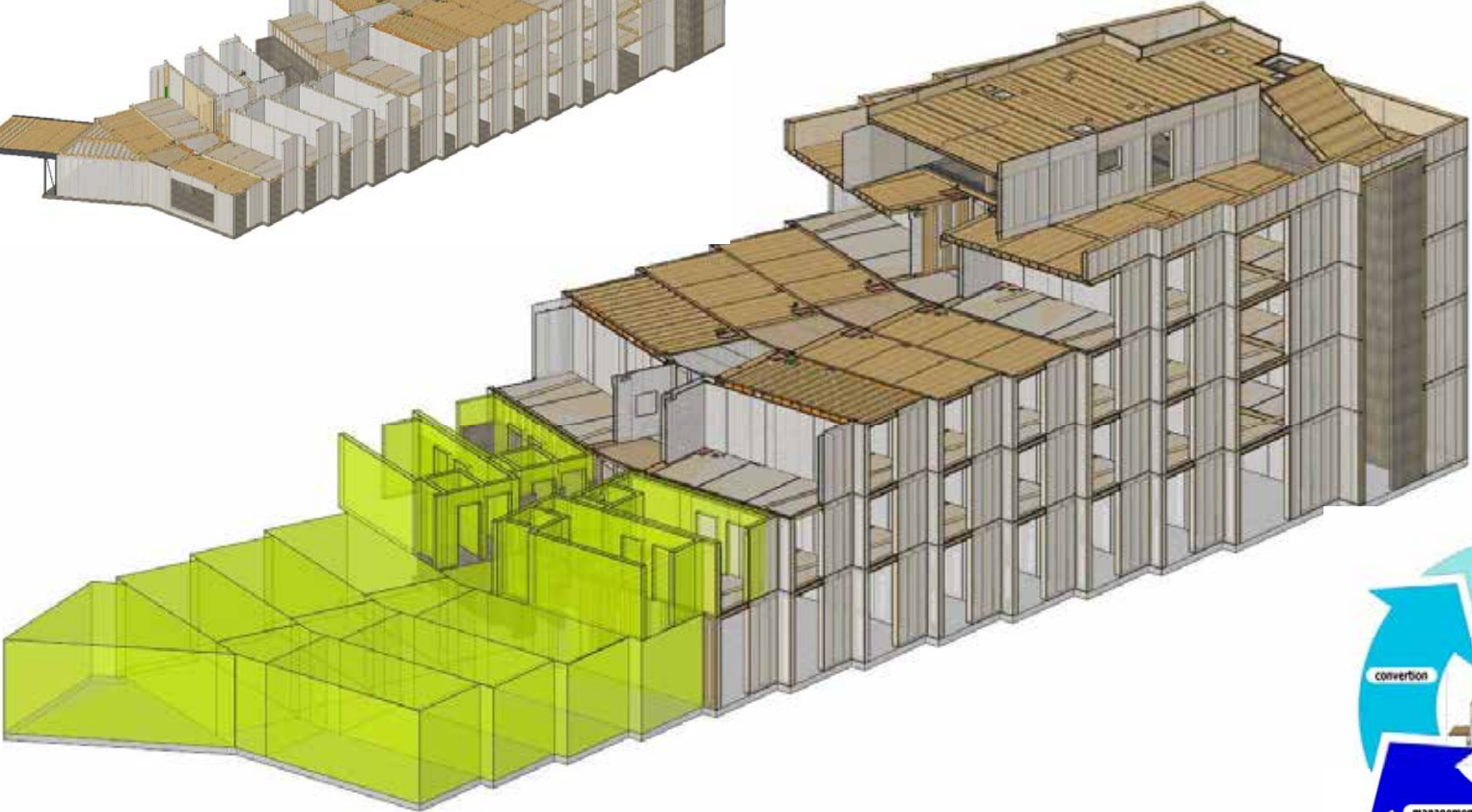




LOD – level of detail

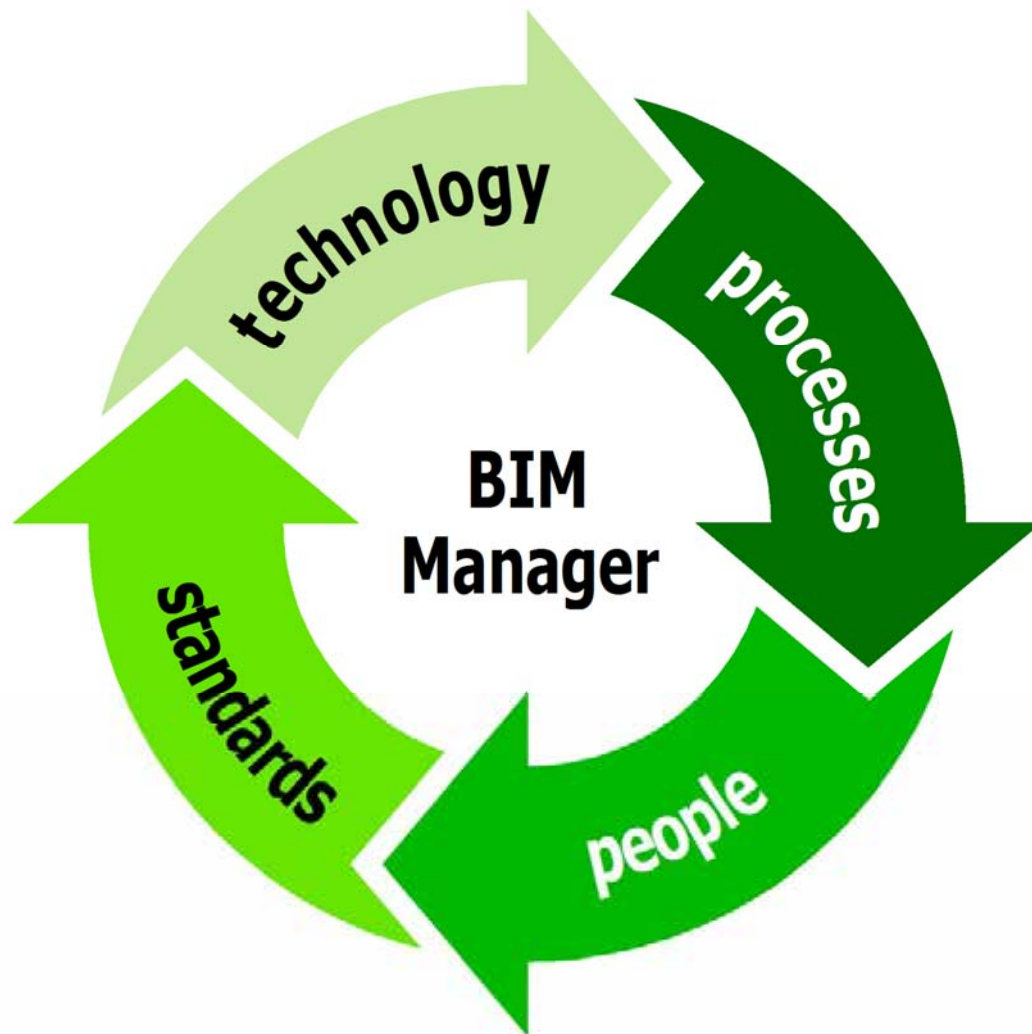


**LOD**  
Level of Detail  
Level of Development

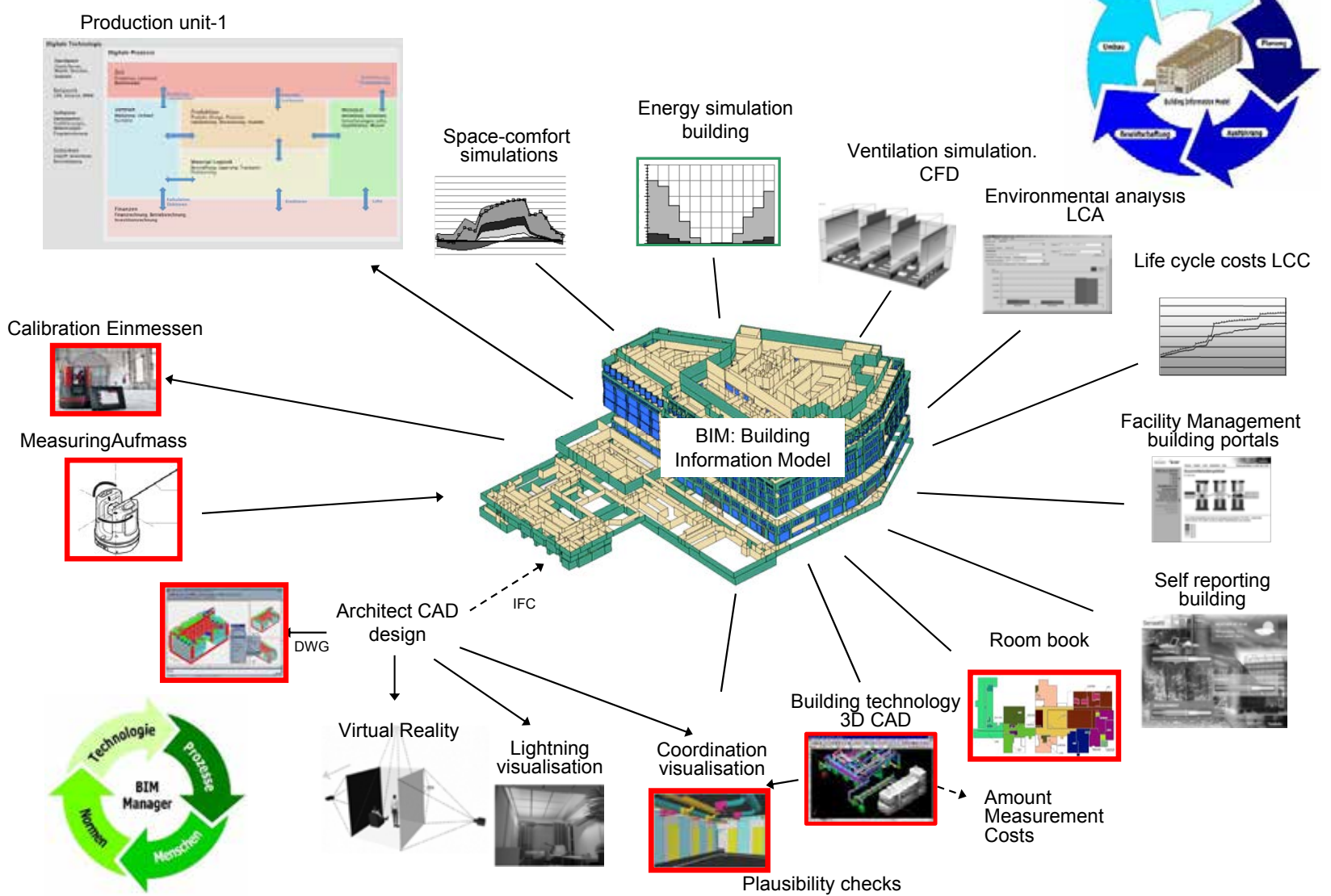


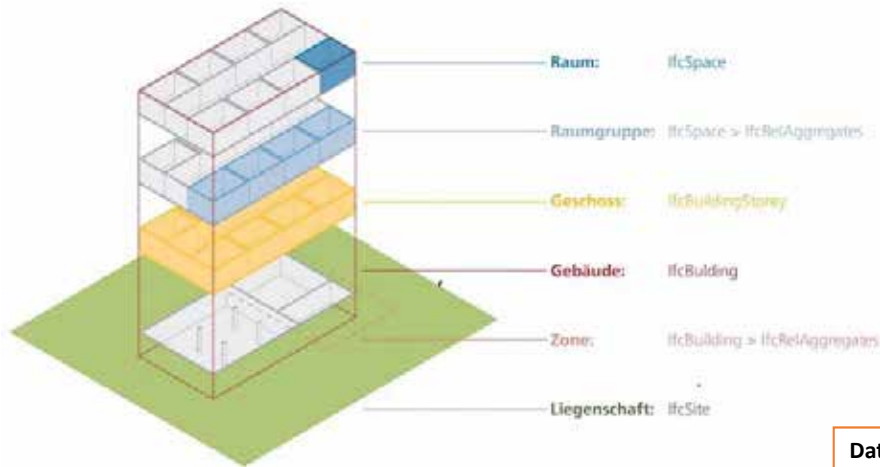
# Building Information Modeling (or Management)

Connects all relevant meta data with a geometric element.



# Extended idea of a model: BIM in timber construction





## Data structure IFC

### Quality assurance & coordination

The coordination of architectural, structural and building technological models will be carried out together with you in coordination workshops.

The check for data consistency is performed based on the defined types. In case of deviations between the model and the type data, the type data take precedence. Thus, particular attention should be paid to the tracking of type.

### General information & use of the models

From the initial phases of the building project up to tender, graphic details and data will successively be added to enrich the informed 3D model as well as its associated database. We will use the provided models mostly to assess the requirements (target- actual comparison of the order), perform quantity surveying, coordinate the project between architecture, structural engineering and HVACS, and the economical optimisation of building and maintenance.

### Data enrichment

Additional information of the components such as U value, acoustic rating, fire rating etc. are entered by specialist in the form of excel lists or directly into the database, based on type. Only after the data has been defined by the specialist should they be taken over in the type components of the architecture model.

For this purpose, it is recommended that libraries with the appropriate types be created, so that the correct values for fire protection, soundproofing and thermal transmission are recorded per type; this reduces the pressure on the draftsmen.

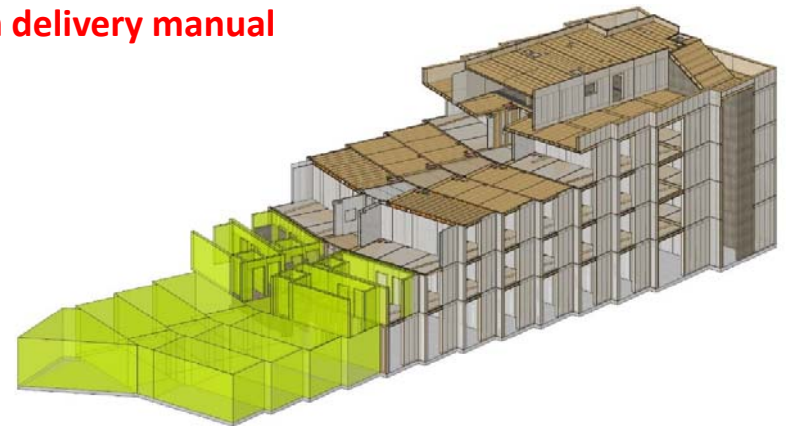
## IDM = information delivery manual

### Types

Based on the specification from the "IDM initiated/generated by models", the concept of type is used as much as possible. This means that as little information as possible and only as much as necessary is to be stored in the model.

Determining types will be undertaken with you, according to the specific standards of project and practice. It includes:

- Rooms e.g. use/rental area/standard of development
- Type of structure for floor, ceiling, wall, depending on type of construction, e.g. raised floor
- Type of components for windows, doors, prefabricated elements



**In general, supplement components with :**

Fire Rating according to information from fire protection planners  
Thermal transmission value according to information from building physicists  
Acoustic Rating according to information from building physicists

**Existing building <IFC Space>**

Name of building <name> according to *room program/space allocation*  
eBKP-H <defined according to project>

**Space (outside and inside) <IFC Space>**

Room name <name> according to space allocation  
Room number <number> according to space allocation  
Room use <defined according to project > abbr.  
SIA416  
Requirements according to indications BH/TU  
G2.2 type of floor structure <defined according to project>  
underlay  
underfloor heating  
raised floor  
cavity floor  
dry screed  
G4.2 type of ceiling structure <defined according to project>  
no false ceiling  
cast false ceiling  
grid ceiling  
metal grid ceiling  
acoustic ceiling  
F1 type of roof structure <defined according to project>  
flat roof with gravel  
flat roof greened  
flat roof extensively greened  
flat roof intensively greened  
G2.3 floor coverings <defined according to project>  
according to list of materials  
G3 wall coverings <defined according to project >  
according to list of materials  
G4 ceiling coverings <defined according to project >  
according to list of materials  
requirements according to indications BH/TU

**stairs/ramps <IFCStairs>**

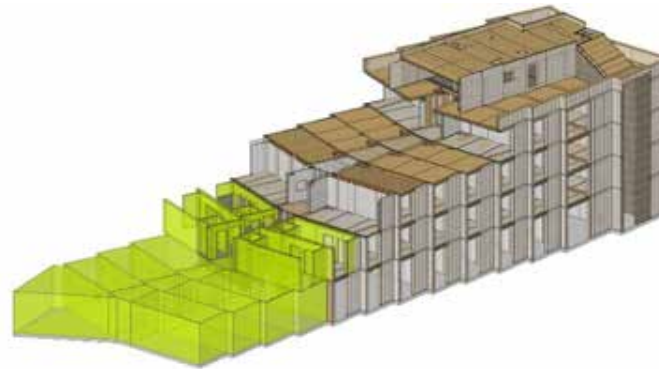
eBKP-H <defined according to project>  
C4.2 /stairs and ramps)  
Materials/type <defined according to project >  
reinforced concrete  
timber  
steel  
prefabricated reinforced concrete components

**Property line<IFC Space>**

Name of building <name> according to *room program/space allocation*  
eBKP-H <defined according to project> Q1

**Windows/doors IFCWindows / IFCDoor>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>  
E3.1 (external window)  
E3.2 (external door)  
D4.6 (RWA) G1.4  
(interior door)  
G1.3 (interior window)  
Material/type <defined according to project>  
timber  
wood/metal mixture  
metal  
plastic  
glass  
steel  
aluminium  
sectional door  
inspection cover wall  
inspection cover ceiling  
inspection cover floor



**Auxiliary volumes/others <IFC Space>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>  
B6.2 (excavation)  
B6.3 (excav. contaminated)  
B6.5 (excavation end)  
B6.6 (materials installation)  
Types of auxiliary volumes <Name>  
service spaces  
equipment location  
access space  
usable exterior space (e.g.  
terraces, balconies, loggias)

**Sanitary objects<IFCSanitaryTerminal>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project> Q1  
D8.1 (fittings, appliances)  
Material/type <defined according to project>  
wash stand  
wash basin  
toilette  
urinal  
shower  
bath tub  
gutter  
floor drain

**railing<IFCRailing>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>

G5.4 (protections)

Material/type <defined according to project>

timber  
steel  
Glas

**Footing/Foundation <IFC Footing>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>

C1 (foundation)

C1.3 (individual, strip footing)

Material/type <defined according to project>

reinforced concrete  
screw foundation

**System façade <IFC Space>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>

E2.4 (façade system)

Material/type <defined according to project>

glass façade  
plaster façade  
rear ventilated façade

**Wall<IFC Space>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>

C2.1 (external window)

C2.2 (external door)

G1.1 (fixed partition)

G1.2 (movable partition)

Material/type <defined according to project>

reinforced concrete  
masonry  
steel  
timber  
dry construction  
glass partition wall  
installation wall  
modular wall

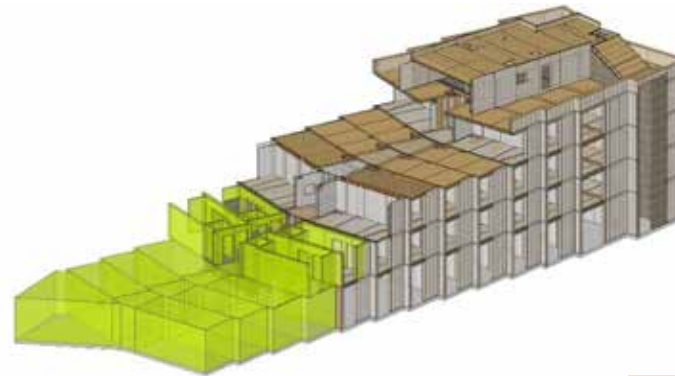
**stairs/ramp<IFCstairs>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>

C4.2 /stairs and ramps)

Material/type <defined according to project>

reinforced concrete  
timber  
steel  
prefabricated reinforced  
concrete components



**Property line <IFC Space>**

Building name <Name> according to **room**

**program/space allocation**

eBKP-H <defined according to pr> Q1

**Ceiling balcony/roof<IFCSlab>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project>

C4.1 (slabs and beams)

C4.3 (balcony)

C4.4 (roof)

Material/Typ <defined according to project>

reinforced concrete  
timber  
wood concrete composite  
module ceiling  
module floor  
module roof

**Sanitary objects<IFCSanitaryTerminal>**

eBKP-H <defined according to project> Q1

D8.1 (fittings, appliances)

Material/type <defined according to project>

wash stand  
wash basin  
toilette  
urinal  
shower  
bath tub  
gutter  
floor drain

# Industry 4.0



**Erster mechanischer Webstuhl 1784**

**1. Industrielle Revolution**  
durch Einführung  
mechanischer Produktions-  
anlagen mithilfe von  
Wasser- und Dampfkraft

Ende  
18. Jhdt



**Erstes Fließband, Schlachthöfe von Cincinnati 1870**

**2. Industrielle Revolution**  
durch Einführung  
arbeitsteiliger Massen-  
produktion mithilfe von  
elektrischer Energie

Beginn  
20. Jhdt



**Erste Speicherprogrammierbare Steuerung (SPS), Modicon 084 1969**

**3. Industrielle Revolution**  
durch Einsatz von  
Elektronik und IT zur  
weiteren Automatisierung  
der Produktion

Beginn 70er Jahre  
20. Jhdt



**4. Industrielle Revolution**  
auf Basis von Cyber-  
Physical Systems

heute

Zeit

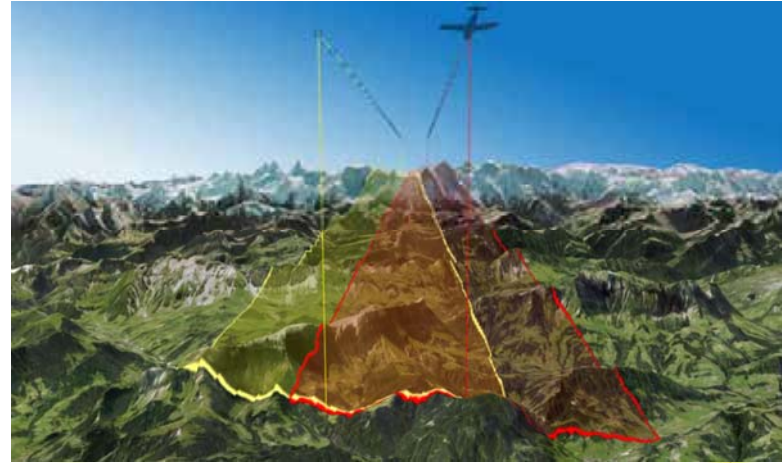
Grad der Komplexität



**BIM to field**  
**Field to BIM**



# Photogrammetry



Disto handheld distance meter



95	2.690,74	4.651,58	72,87	1,96
160	4.288,40	4.660,96	8,69	37
45	3.257,92	3.001,95	-7,86	-25
25	1.182,00	970,28	-17,91	-21
4	1.075,75	1.042,20	-3,11	-3
20	830,66	976,00	17,50	14
7	1.013,84	910,20	-10,22	-10
70	2.214,35	2.522,66	13,92	30
45	2.197,76	1.775,25	-19,22	-42
25	991,95	1.263,58	27,38	21
40	1.153,68	1.340,20	16,17	16
25	3.277,66	3.156,25	-3,70	-12
13	1.006,85	1.089,98	8,26	8
40	2.921,50	3.497,60	19,72	57
16	2.378,53	2.623,20	10,29	24
100	888,10	1.279,50	44,07	35
20	1.095,42	1.341,80	22,49	26
15	1.355,36	1.272,62	-6,10	-8
30	999,90	854,55	-14,54	-14
34	2.181,61	2.425,46	11,18	24
10	1.095,93	920,65	-15,99	-17
45	2.680,29	2.863,35	6,83	18
5	1.163,97	1.181,75	1,53	3
90	2.427,40	1.968,75	-18,89	-45
50	861,45	1.050,45	21,94	18
30	904,71	1.196,70	32,27	25
35	1.112,90	1.266,13	13,77	12
15	1.001,64	869,93	-13,17	-13

## Scanning



## Scanning



## Scanning



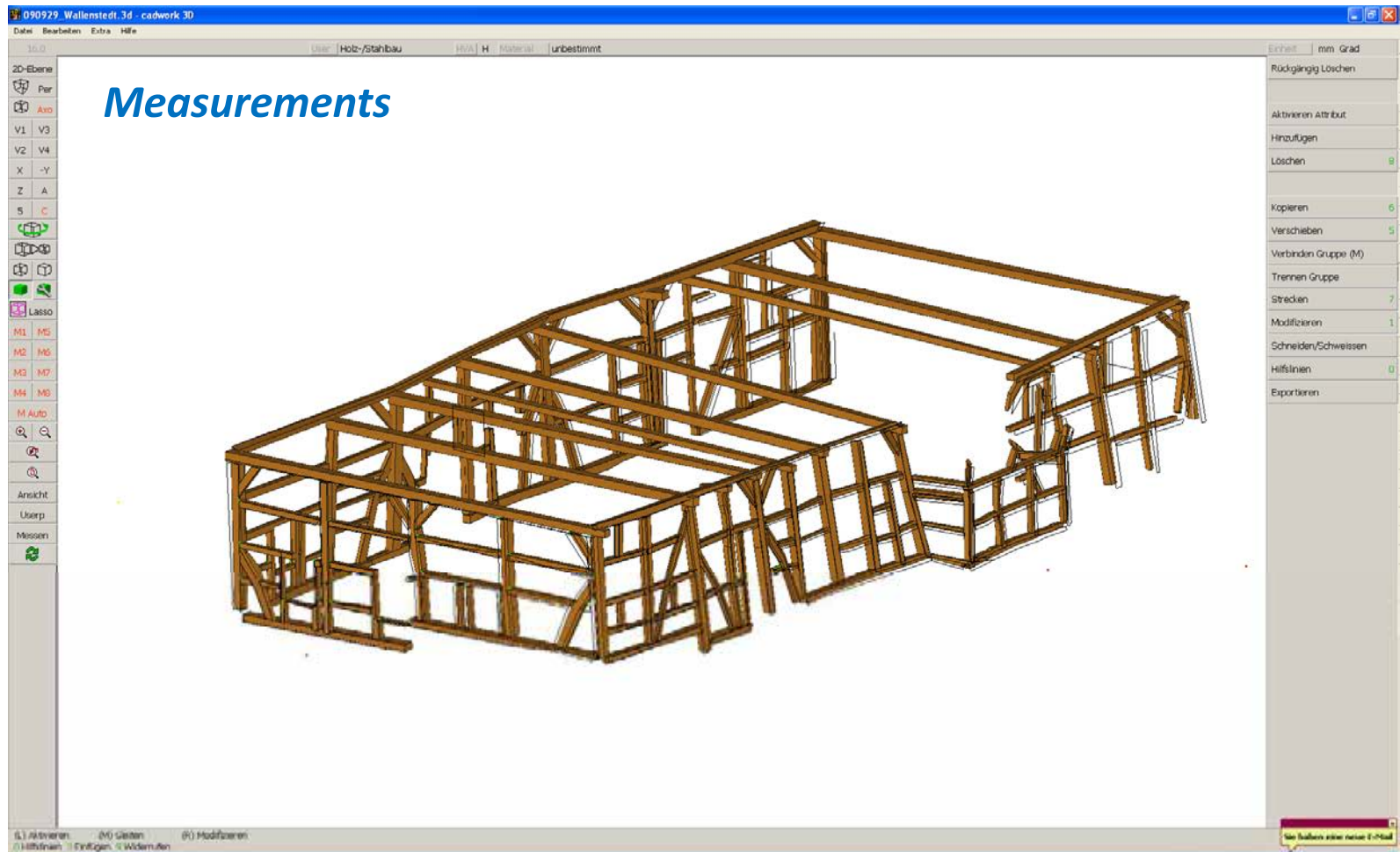
Surveying by vectors



## Surveying by vectors



## Surveying by vectors



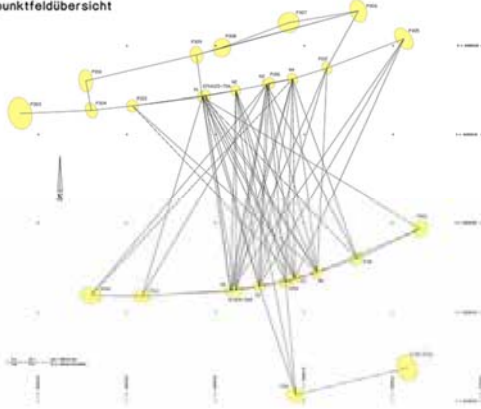


Surveying 3D model projected



# Control network

Festpunktfeldübersicht



**Layers**

- SDE.DEFAULT (sgis00002)
  - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH
    - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_FXPUNKTE\_P**
      - <all other values>
      - KATEGORIE
        - HFP1; HFP2; HFP3
        - LFP1; LFP2
        - LFP3
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_GEBAEUDEEINGANG\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_HAUSNUMMER\_POS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_LOKALISATIONSNAME\_POS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_NOMENKLATUR\_POS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_NOMENKLATUR\_F
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_HOHEITSGRENZPUNKTE\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_GEMEINDEN\_F**
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_UEBRIGEHOHEITSGRENZEN\_L
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_GRENZPUNKTE\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_LIEGENSCHAFTEN\_POS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_LIEGENSCHAFTEN\_PROJ\_POS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_LIEGENSCHAFTEN\_PROJ\_F
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_LIEGENSCHAFTEN\_F
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_EINZELOBJEKTE\_FPOS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_EINZELOBJEKTE\_LPOS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_EINZELOBJEKTE\_PPOS\_P
      - ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_FINZFI\_ORIJKTF\_P

**Identify**

Identify from: ARV\_BASIS\_AVZH\_FXPUNKTE\_P

Location: 690738.051 254097.336 Meter

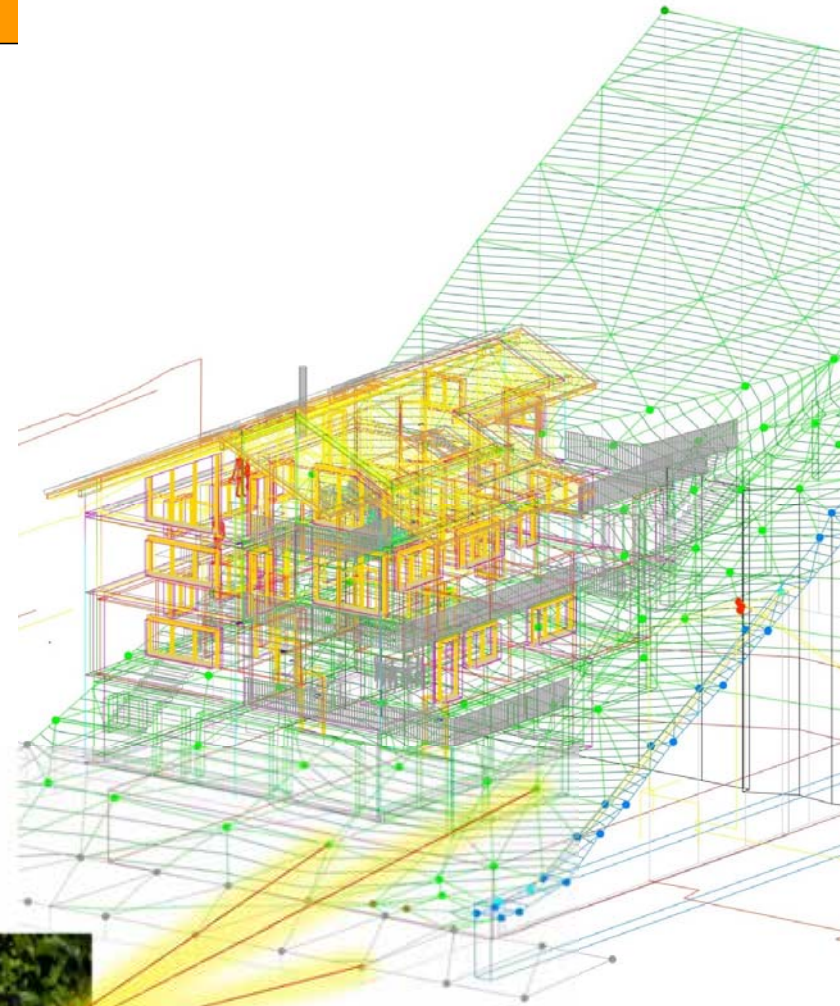
Field	Value
OBJECTID	30400
Shape	Point
SBIDNT	ZH0200000052
KATEGORIE	LFP3
NUMMER	905
GEOMY	254097.336
GEOMX	690738.051
LAGEGEN	4
HOEHE	456.74
HOEHEGEN	3
PUNKTZEICHEN	Bolzen
BFSNR	52
BEARBEITUNGSDATUM	12.03.1998

Identified 1 feature

95	2.690,74	4.651,58	72,87	1.96
160	4.288,40	4.660,96	8,69	37
45	3.257,92	3.001,95	-7,86	-25
25	1.182,00	970,28	-17,91	-21
4	1.075,75	1.042,26	-3,11	-3
20	830,66	976,00	17,50	14
40	1.013,84	910,20	-10,22	-10
70	2.214,35	2.522,66	13,92	30
45	2.197,76	1.775,25	-19,22	-42
25	991,95	1.263,58	27,38	27
40	1.153,68	1.340,20	16,17	18
25	3.277,66	3.156,25	-3,70	-12
13	1.006,85	1.089,98	8,26	8
40	2.921,50	3.497,60	19,72	57
16	2.378,53	2.623,20	10,29	24
100	888,10	1.279,50	44,07	39
20	1.095,42	1.341,80	22,49	24
15	1.355,36	1.272,62	-6,10	-8
30	999,90	854,55	-14,54	-14
34	2.181,61	2.425,46	11,18	24
10	1.095,93	920,65	-15,99	-17
45	2.680,29	2.863,35	6,83	18
5	1.163,97	1.181,75	1,53	1
90	2.427,40	1.968,75	-18,89	-45
50	861,45	1.050,45	21,94	18
30	904,71	1.196,70	32,27	29
35	1.112,90	1.266,13	13,77	15
15	1.001,84	869,93	-13,17	-13

## Site measuring

Festpunktübersicht



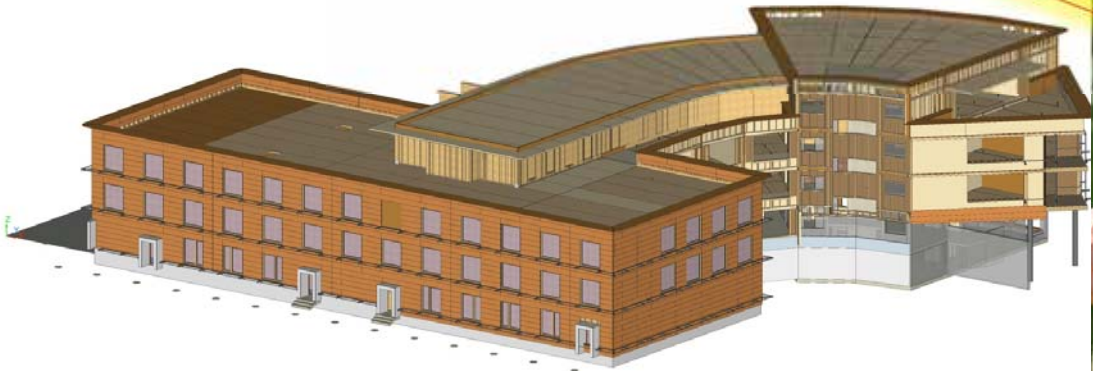
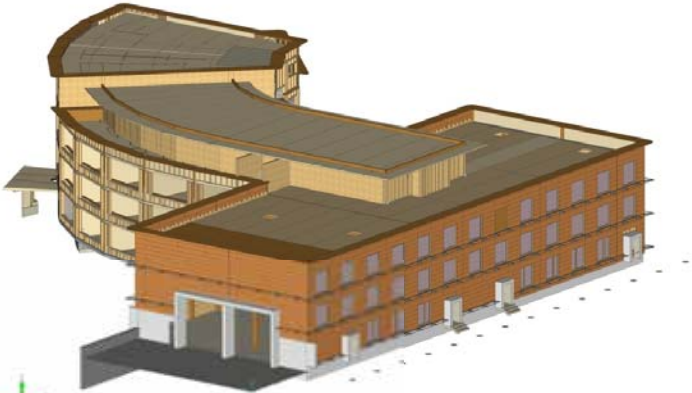
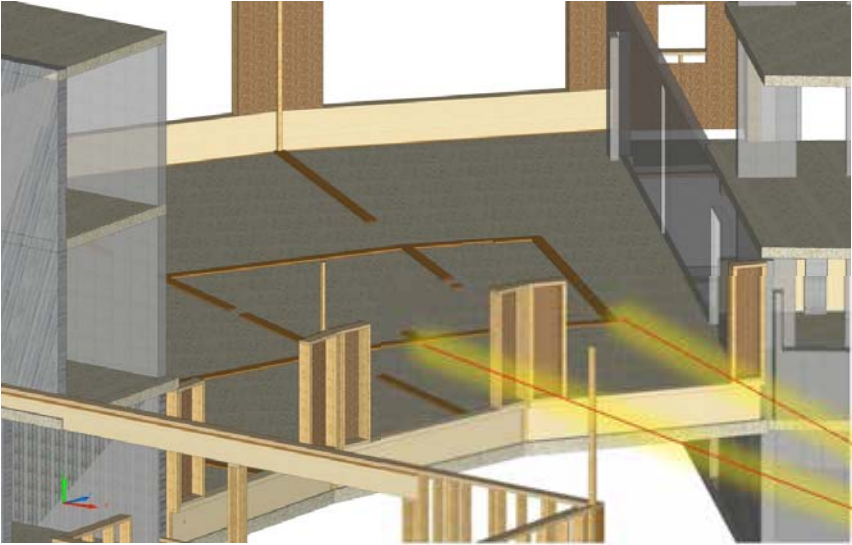
Stakeout 3D model on site



Stakeout 3D model on site



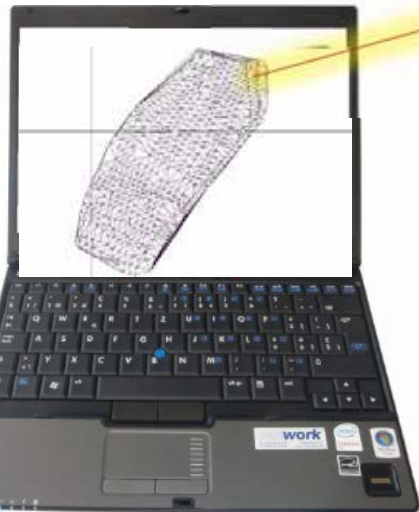
Stakeout 3D model on site



# Power Digger 3D



cadwork®



[www.leica-geosystems.com/ICONusl](http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ICONusl)

- when it has to be right

**Leica**  
Geosystems





**BIM in architecture**

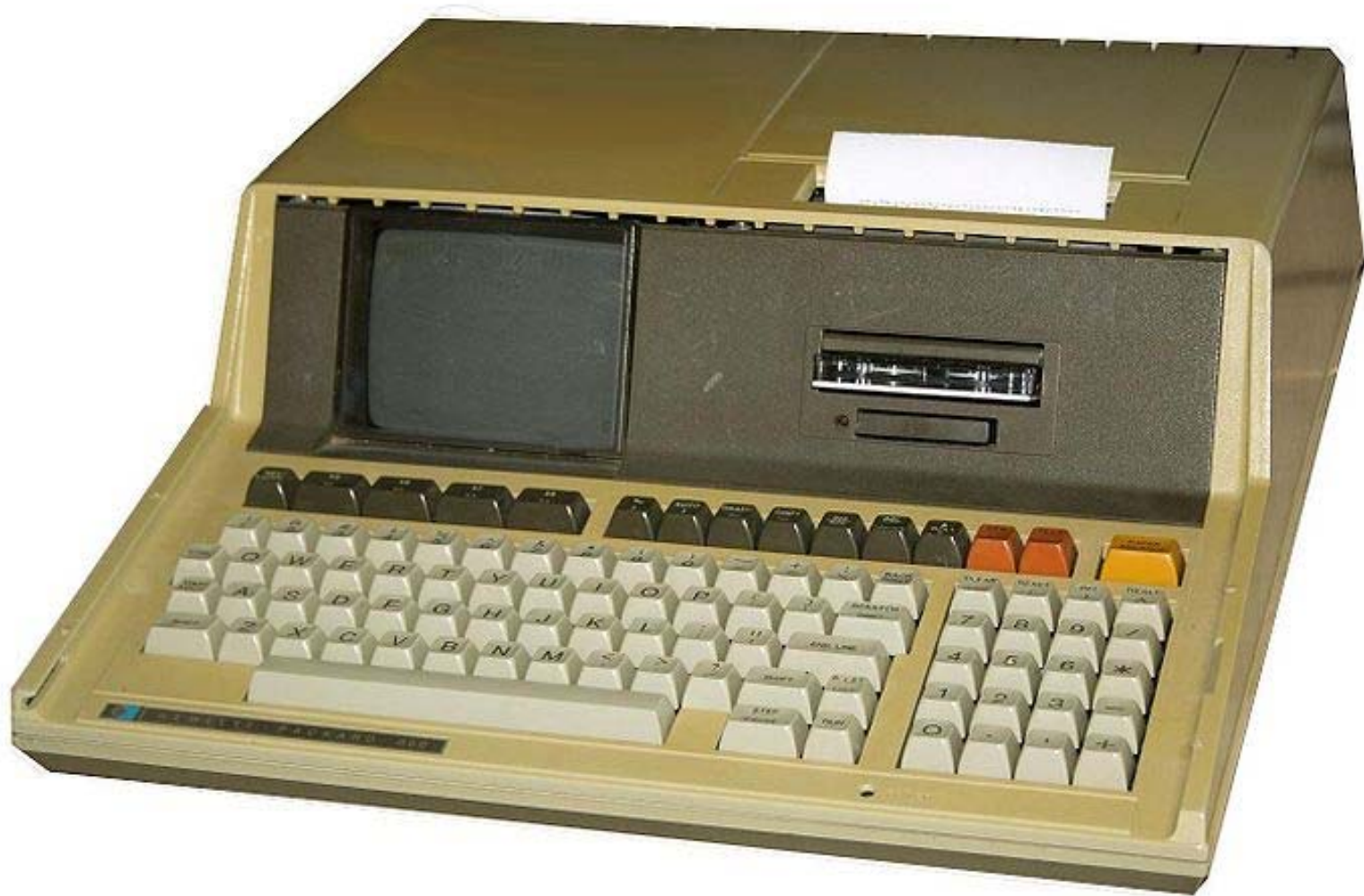


Säntispark 1986 – by RLC Architekten AG

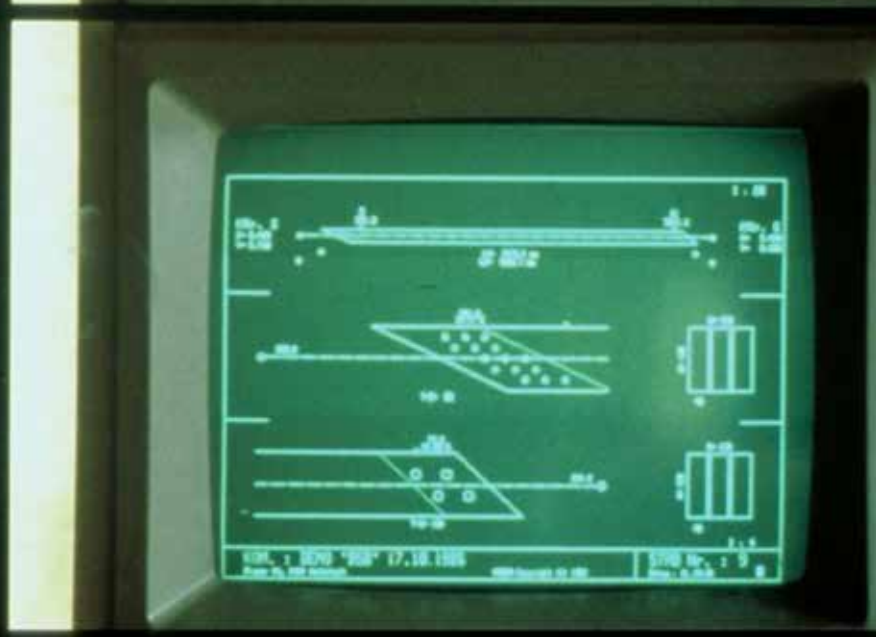
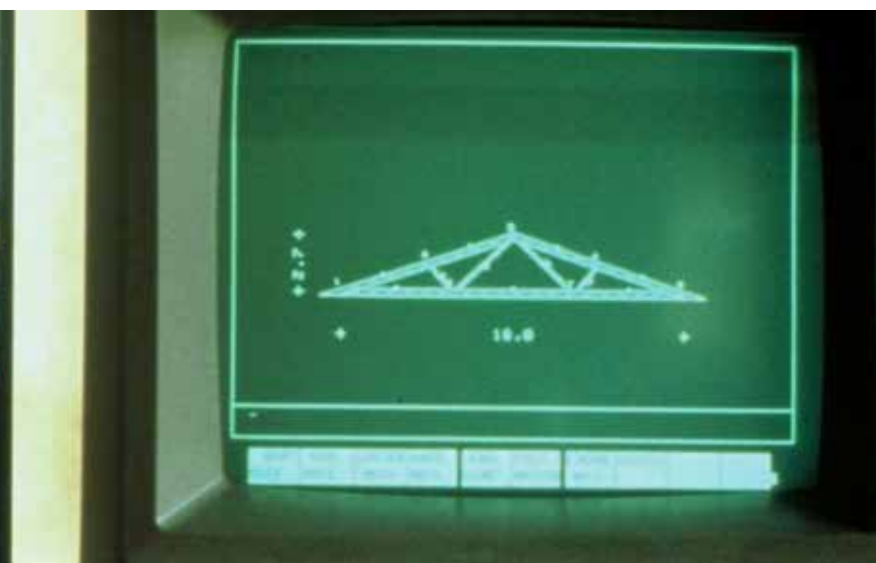


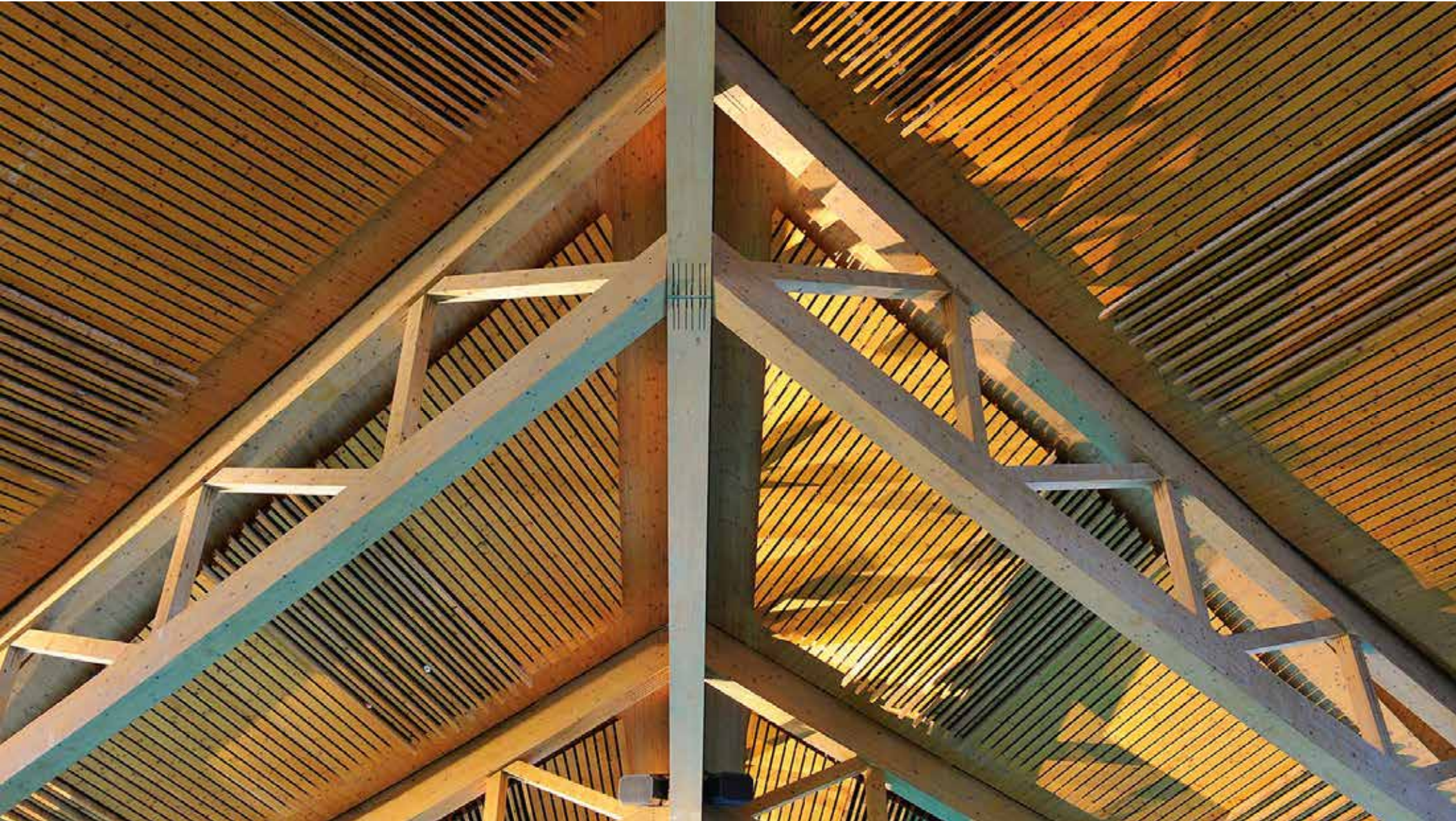


This is the HP computer used to compute the Sántispark

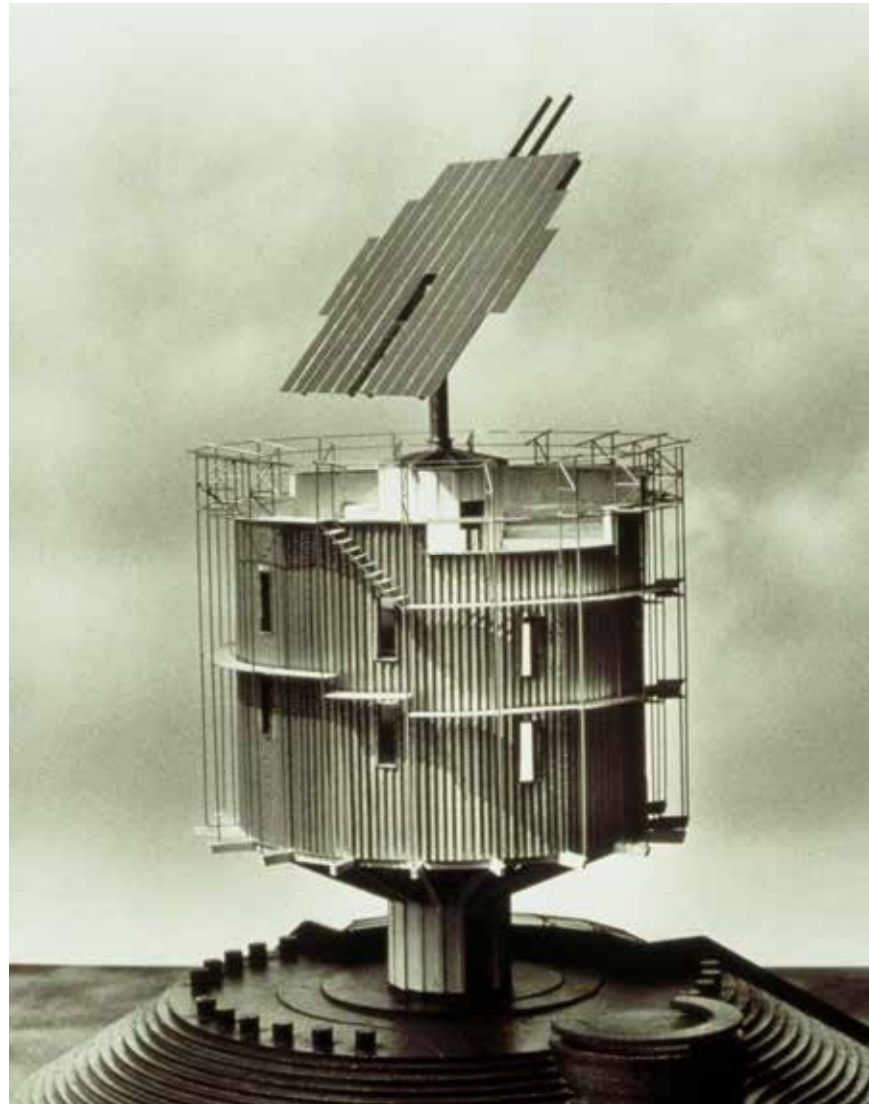


# Lösung der 455-Verbindung

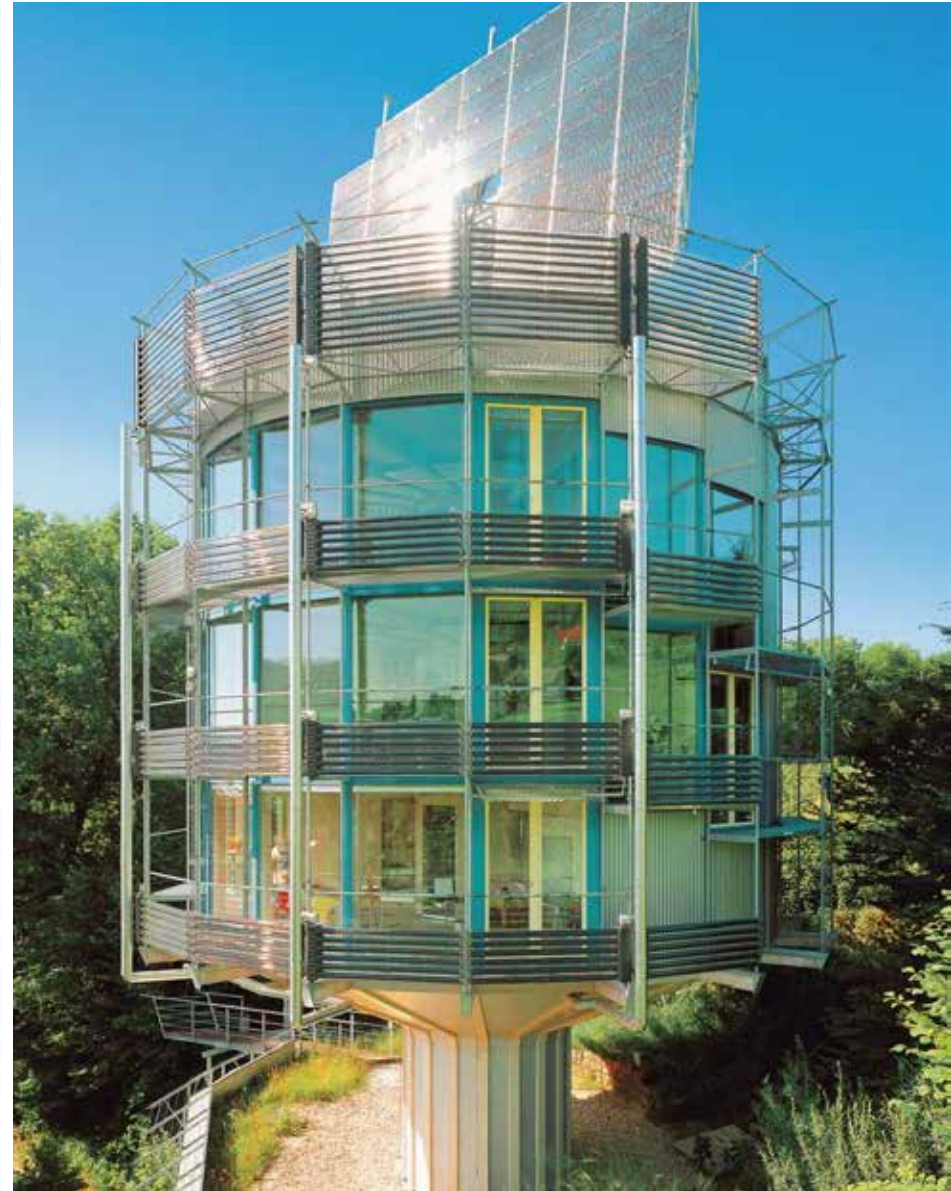




Heliotrop by Rolf Disch 1994









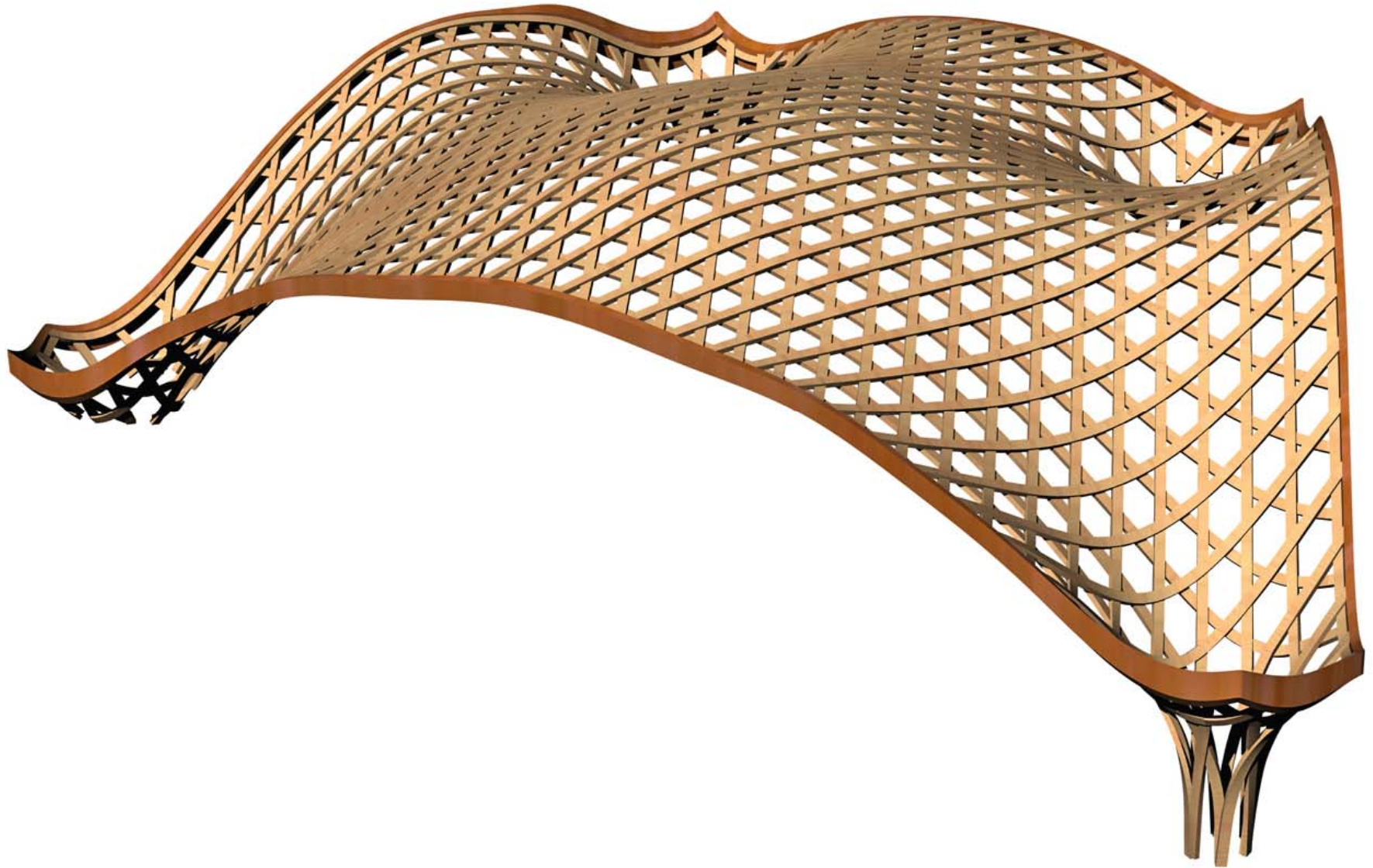
Centre Pompidou 2010

Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して



Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して









Shigeru Ban  
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I-Park by Helen&Hard 2012



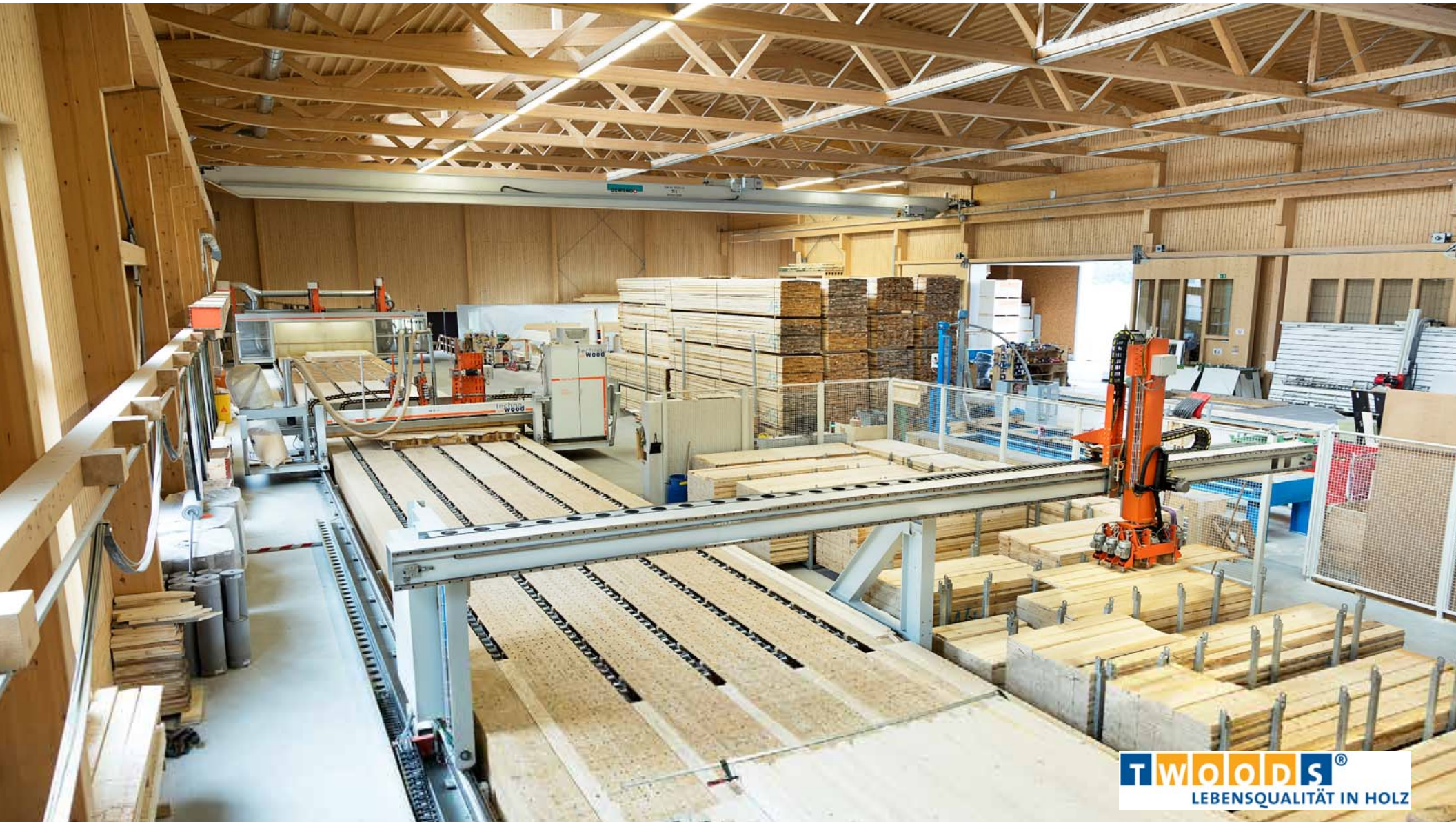












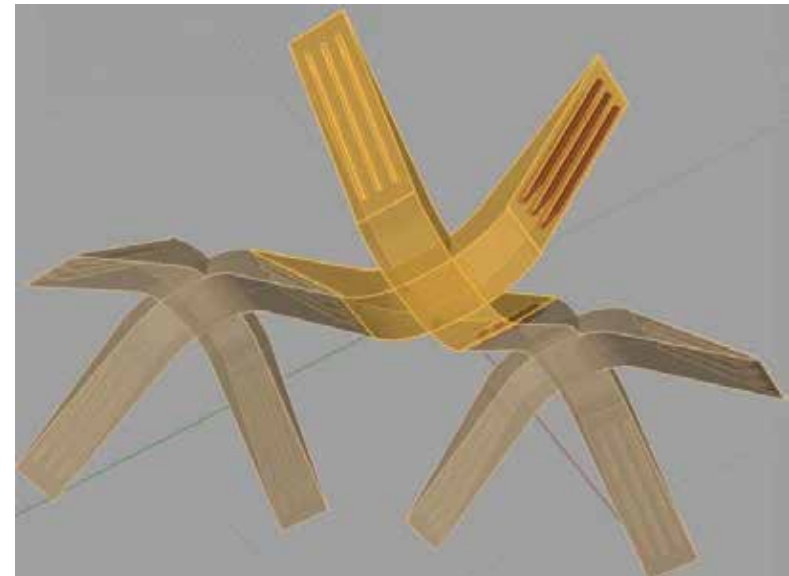
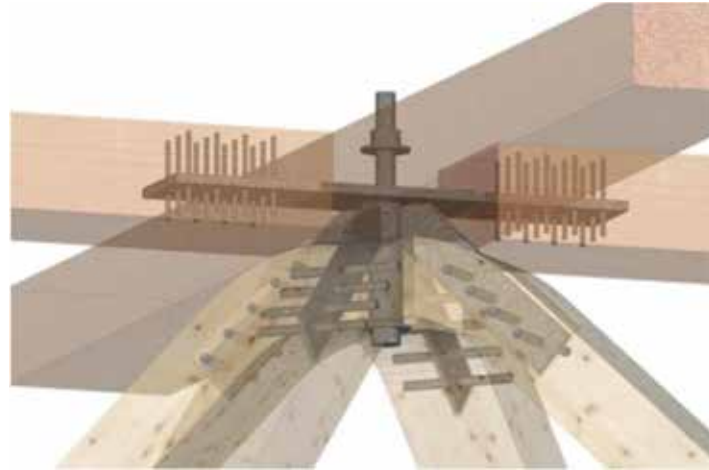
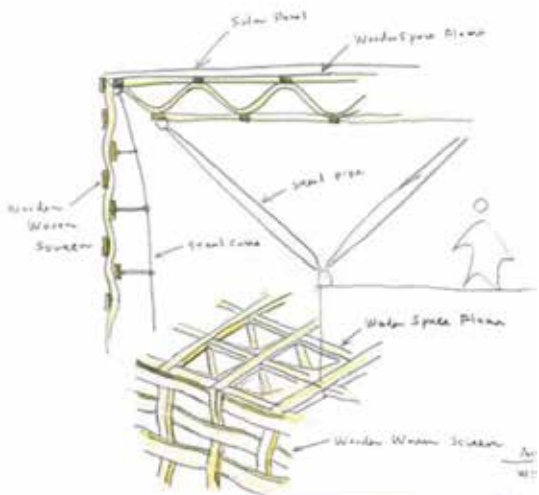
Aspen Art Museum 2014

Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して

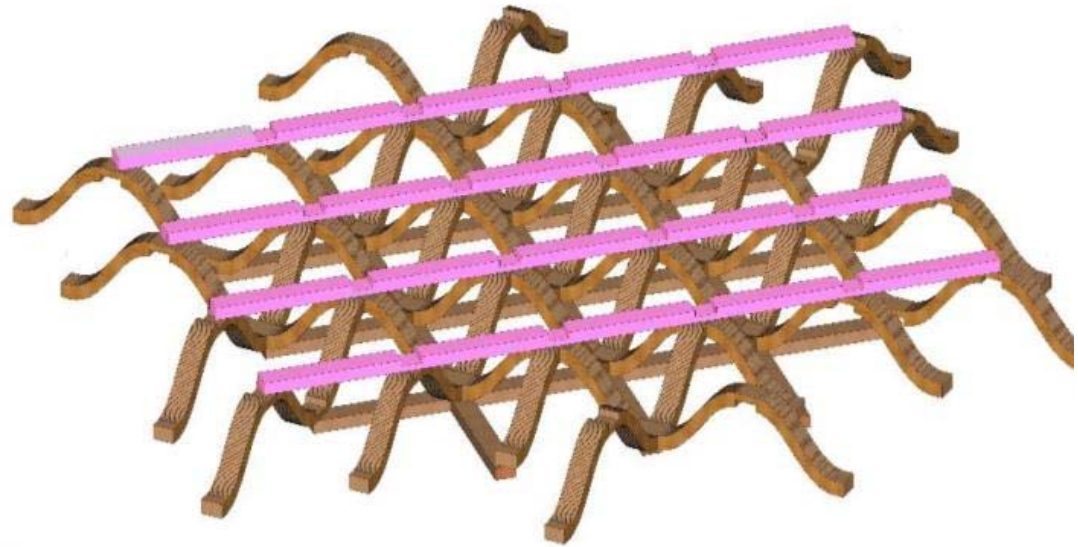
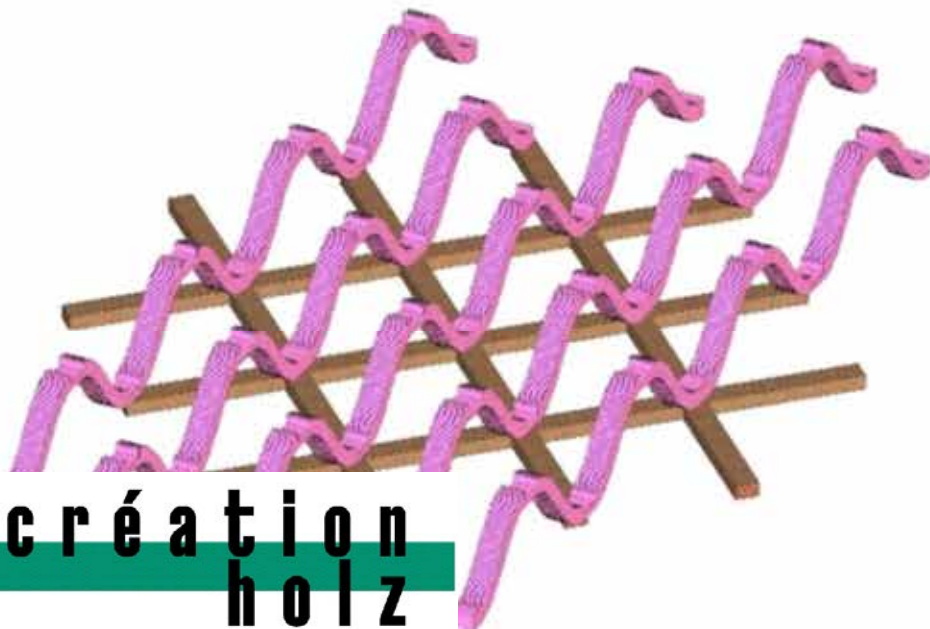
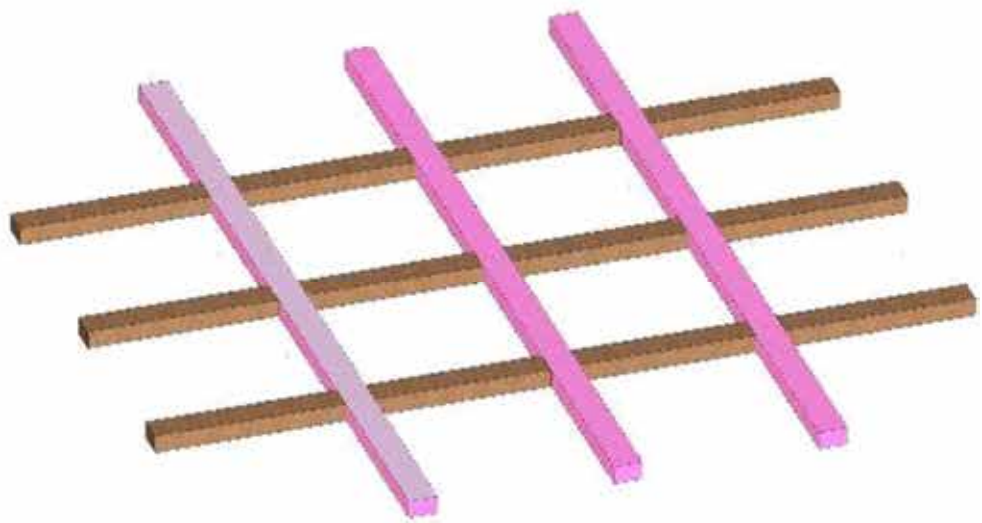
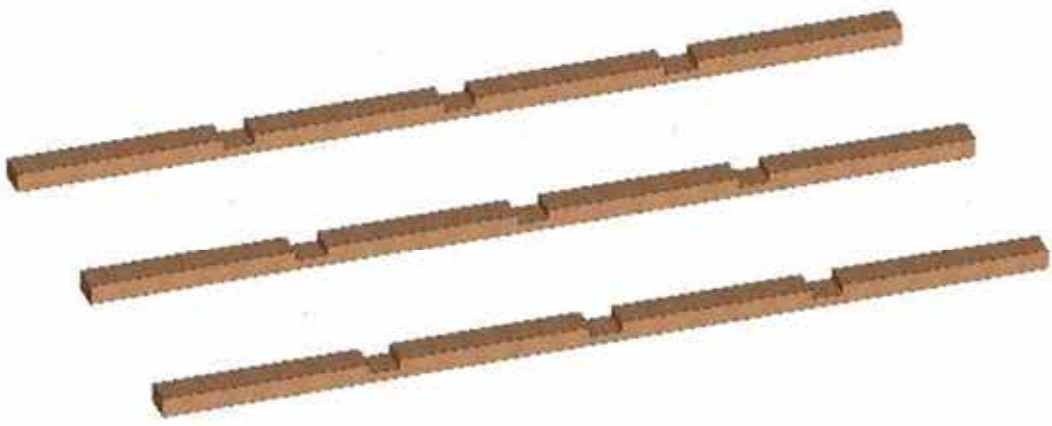




Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して

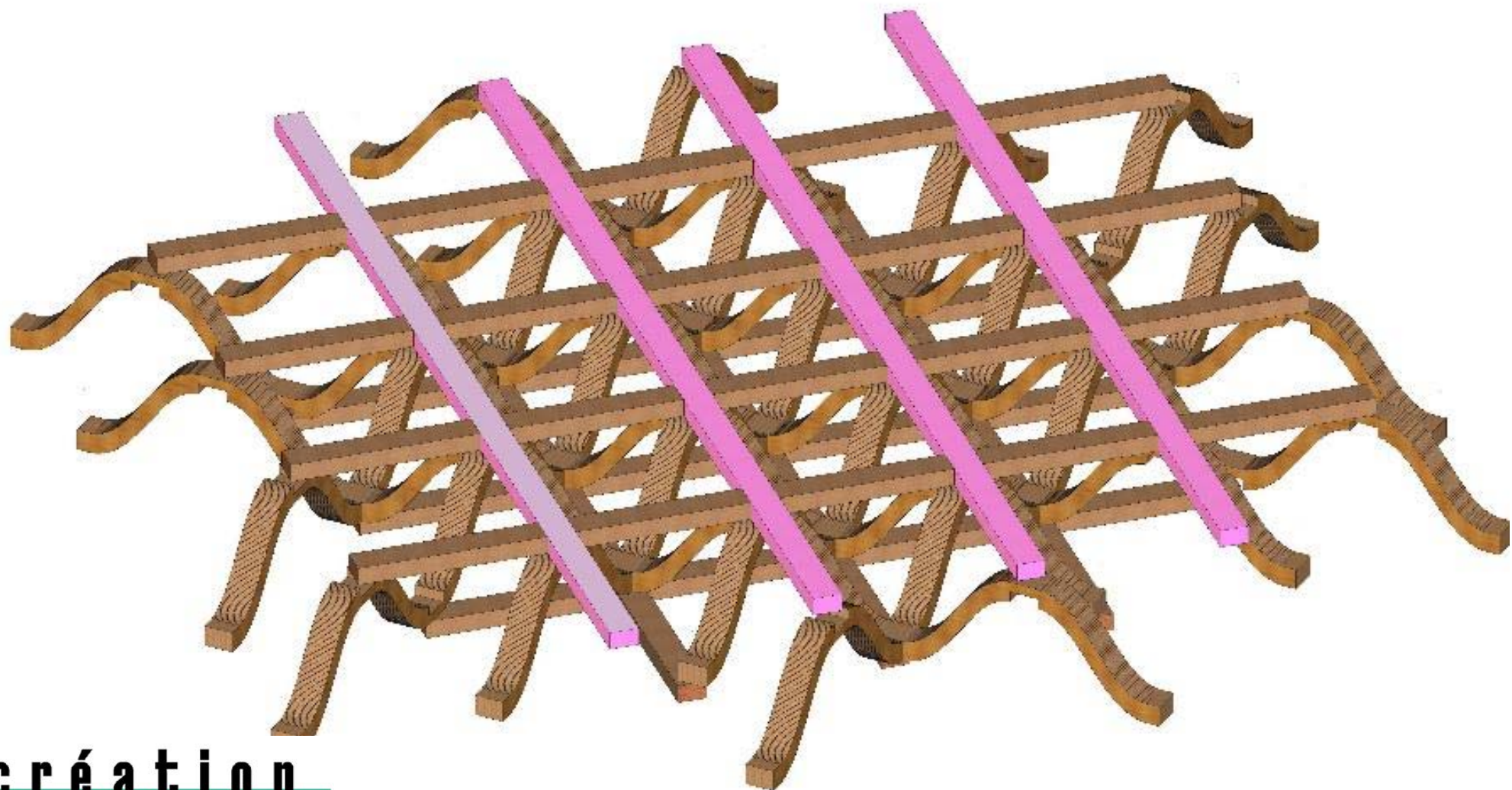


**cr**éation  
**holz**



**cr**éation  
**holz**





**cr é a t i o n**  
**h o l z**





Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して

Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して



TAMEDIA by Shigeru Ban 2013

Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して



BLUMER-LEHMANN AG



Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して

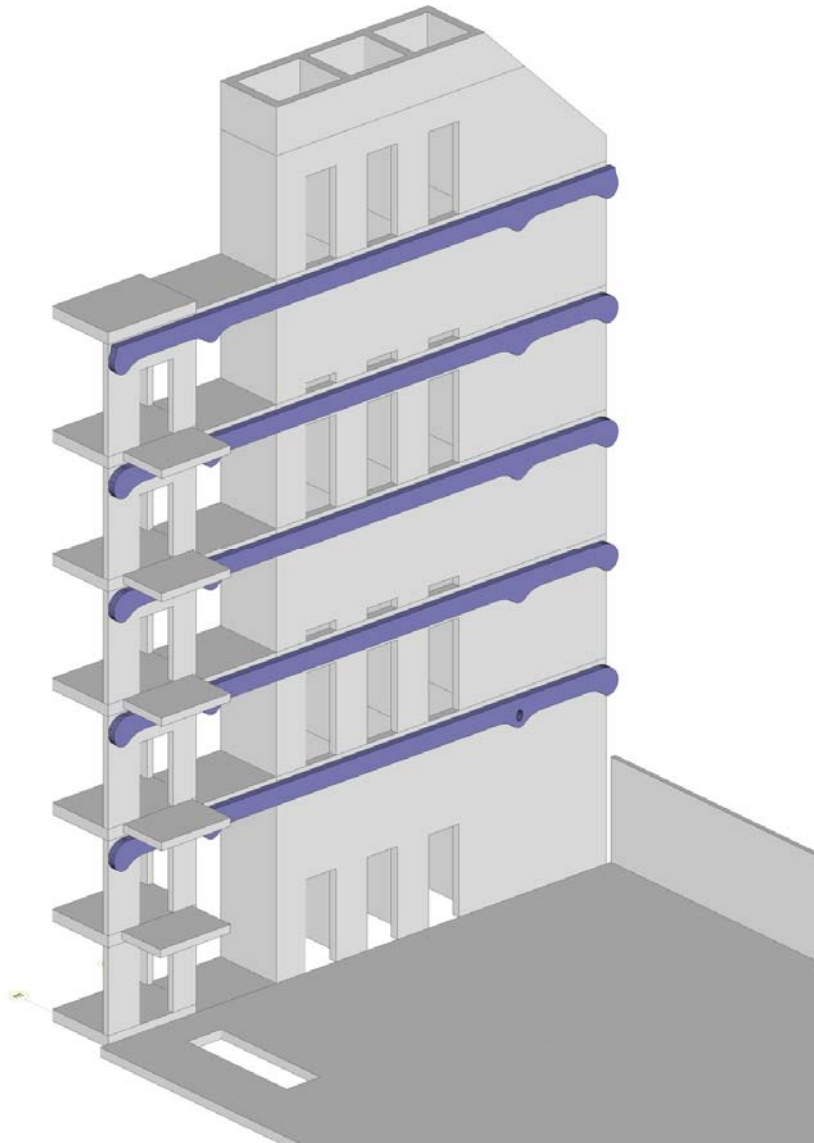


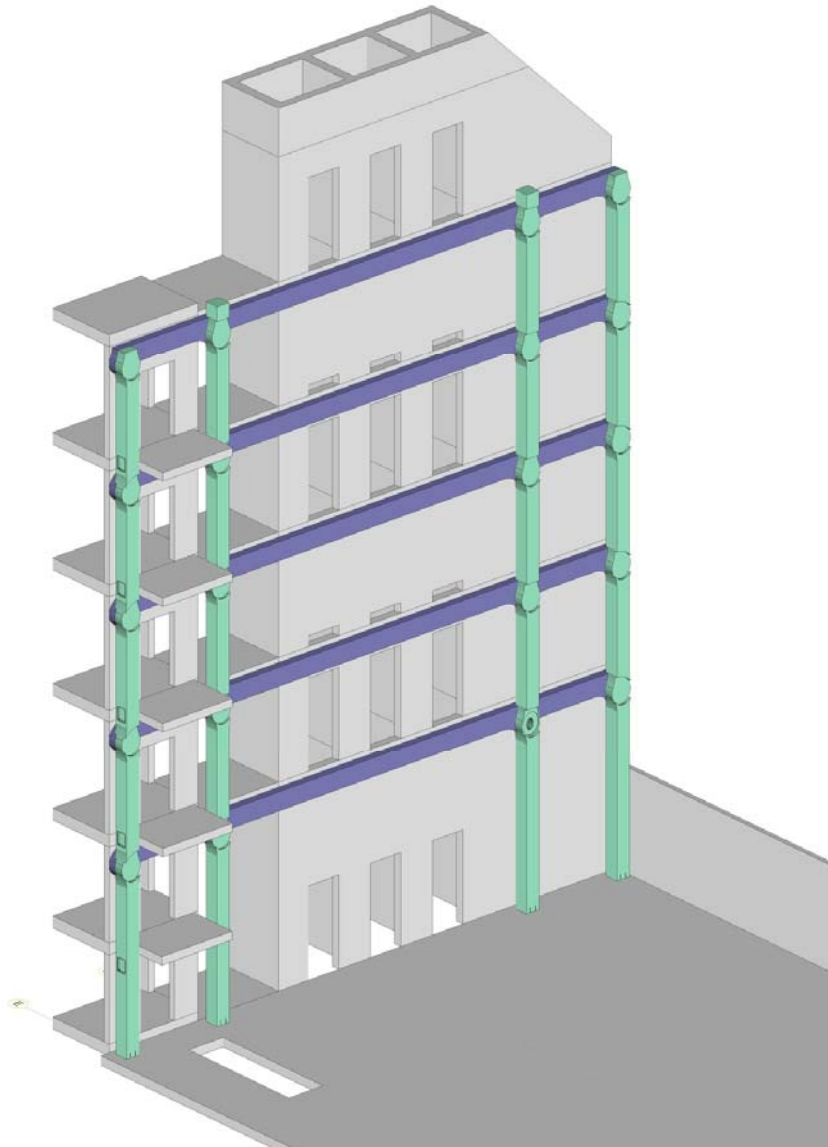


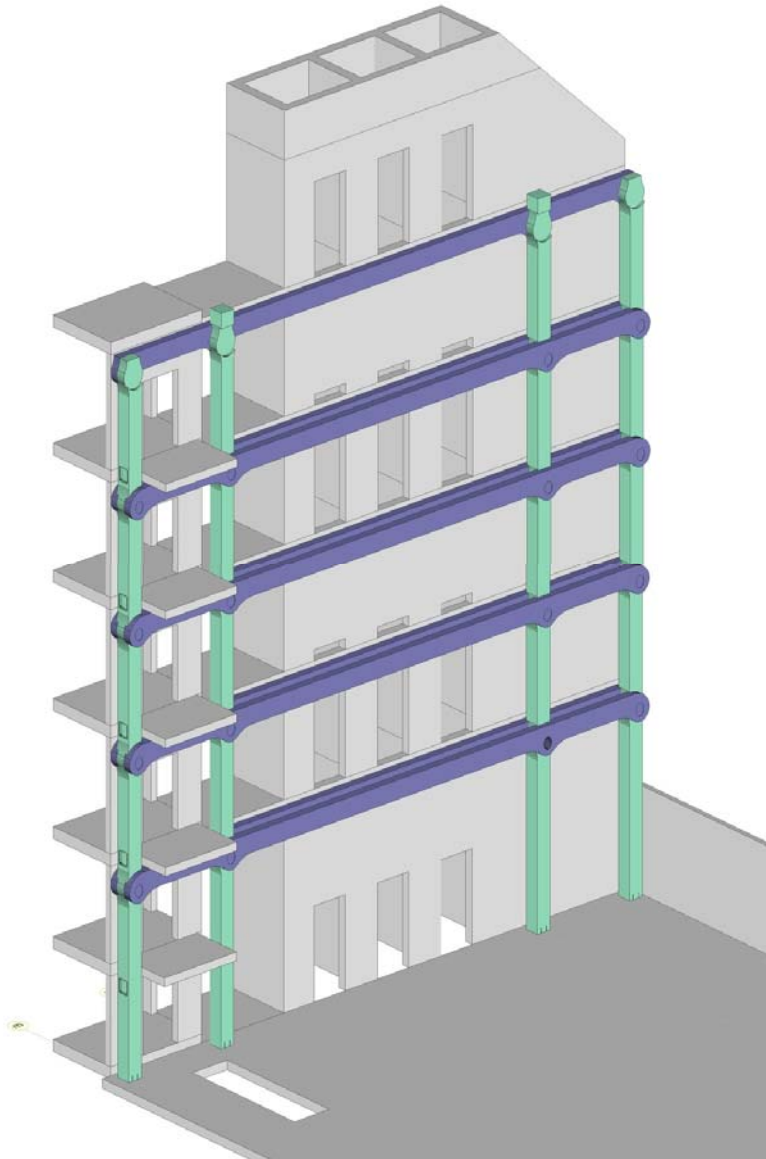
Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して

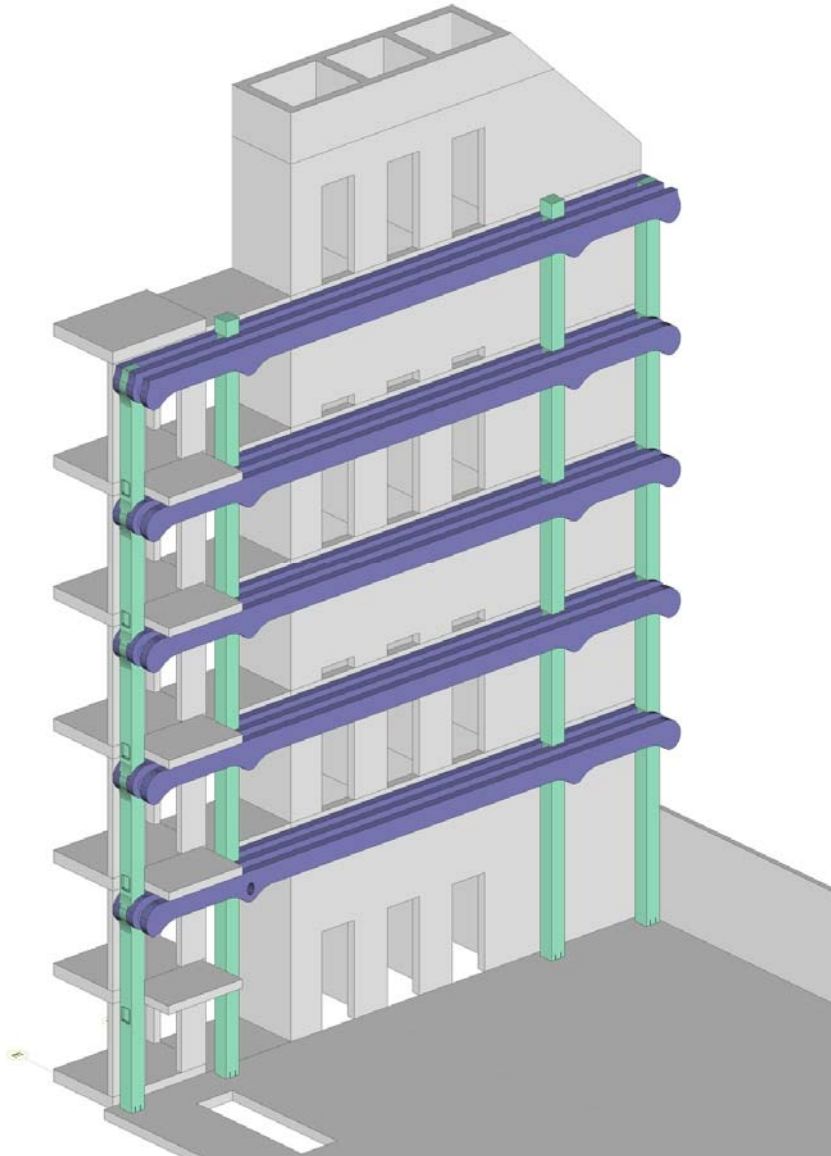


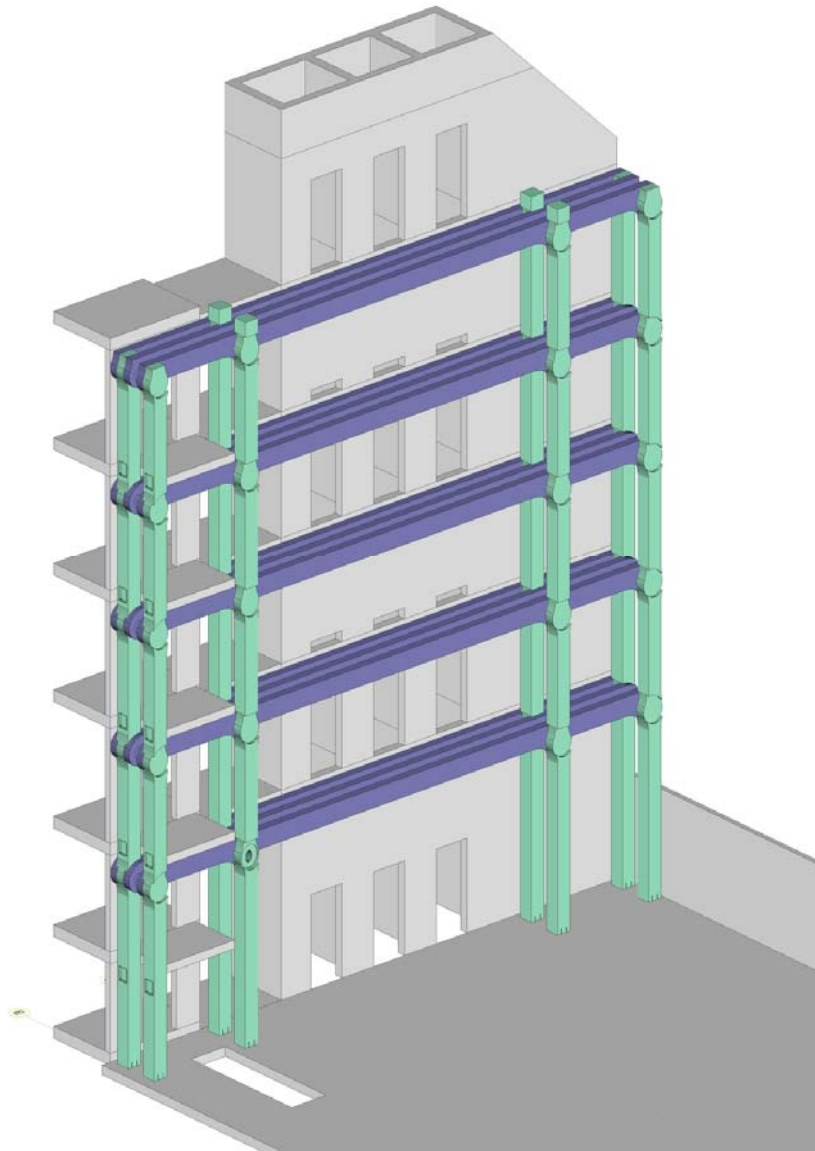


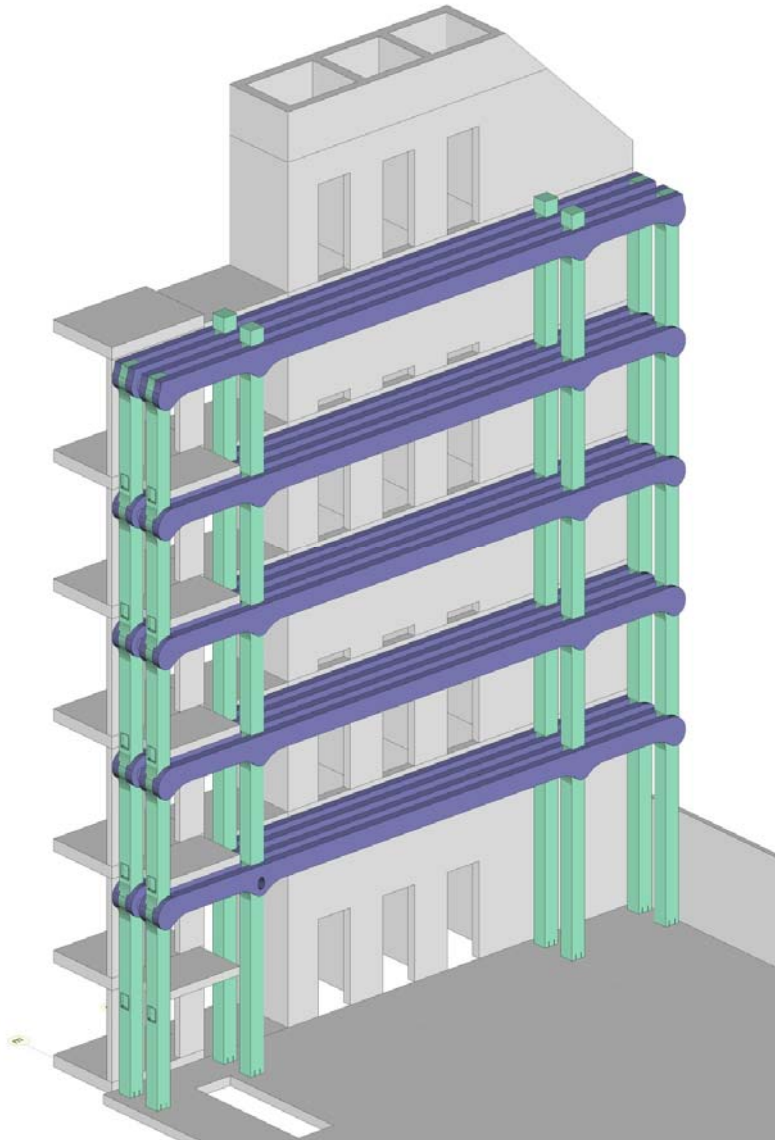


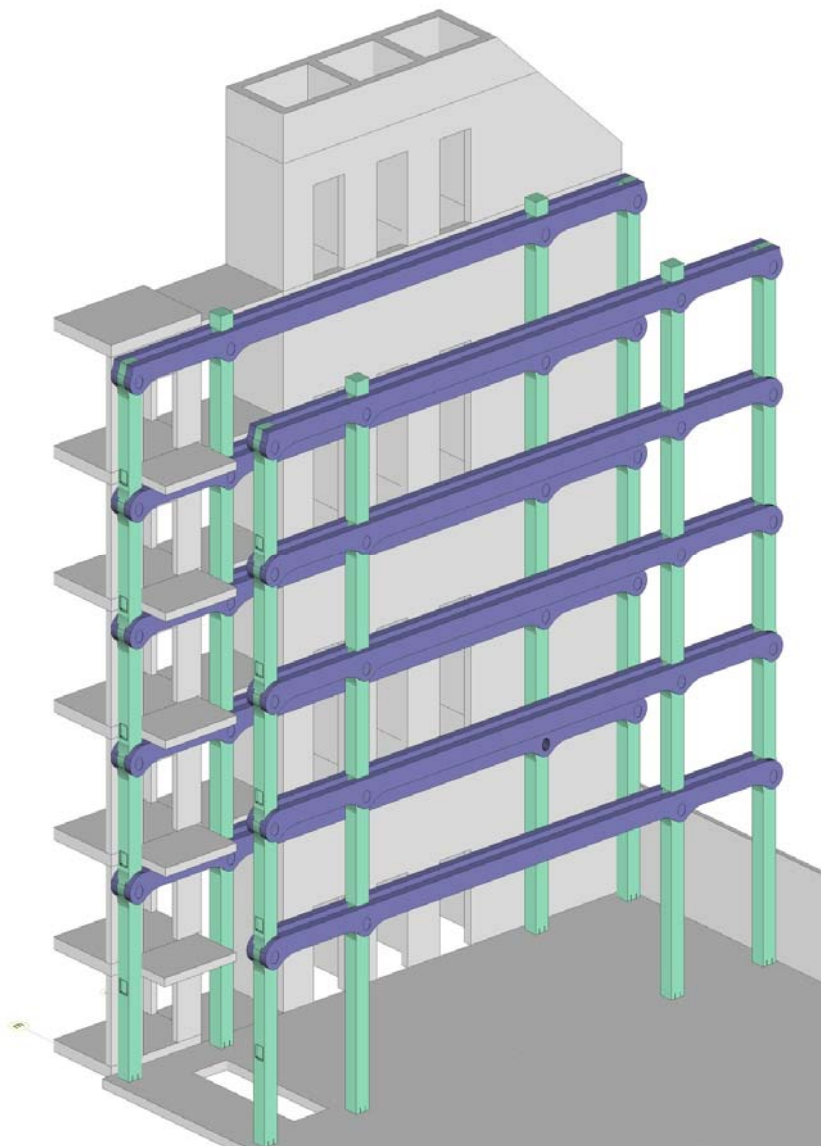


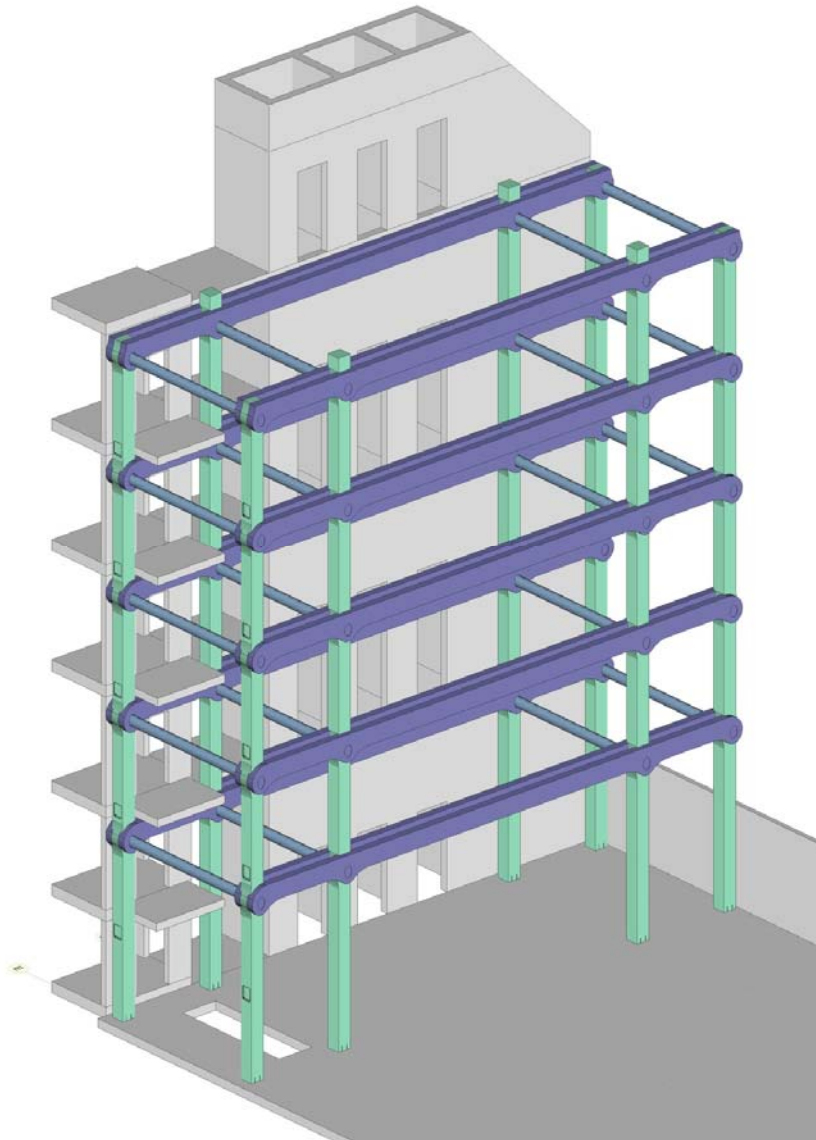




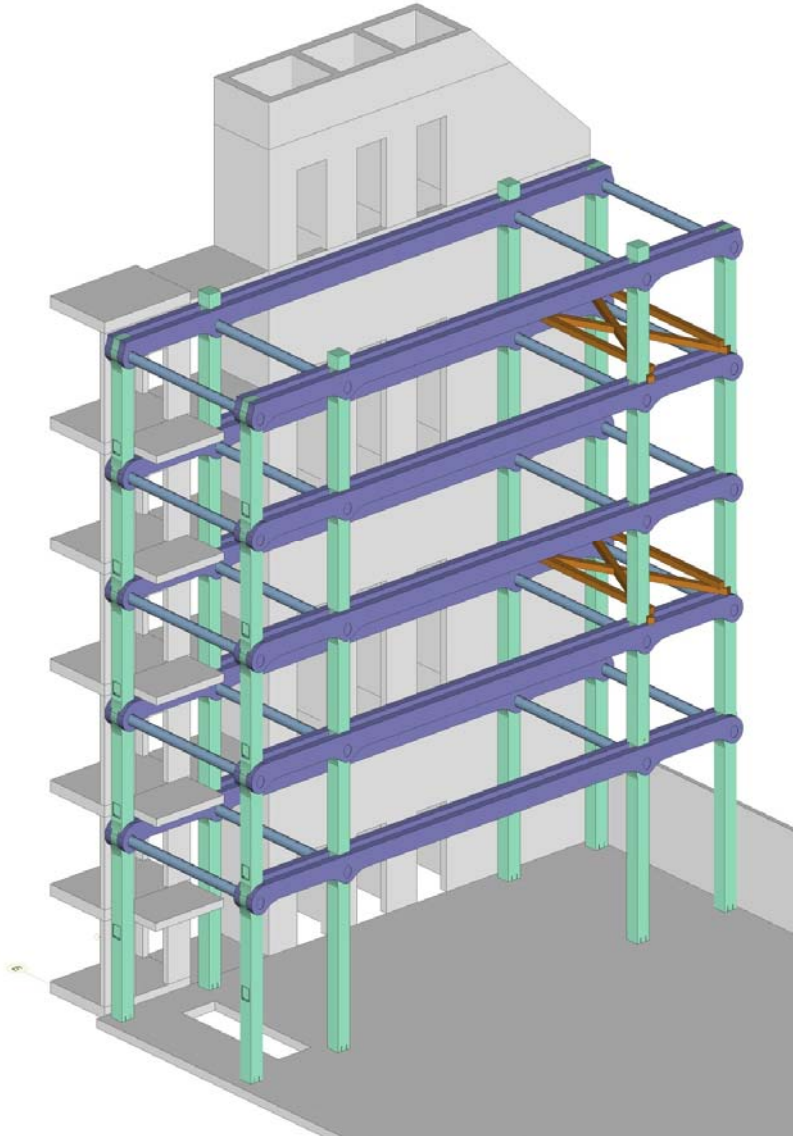


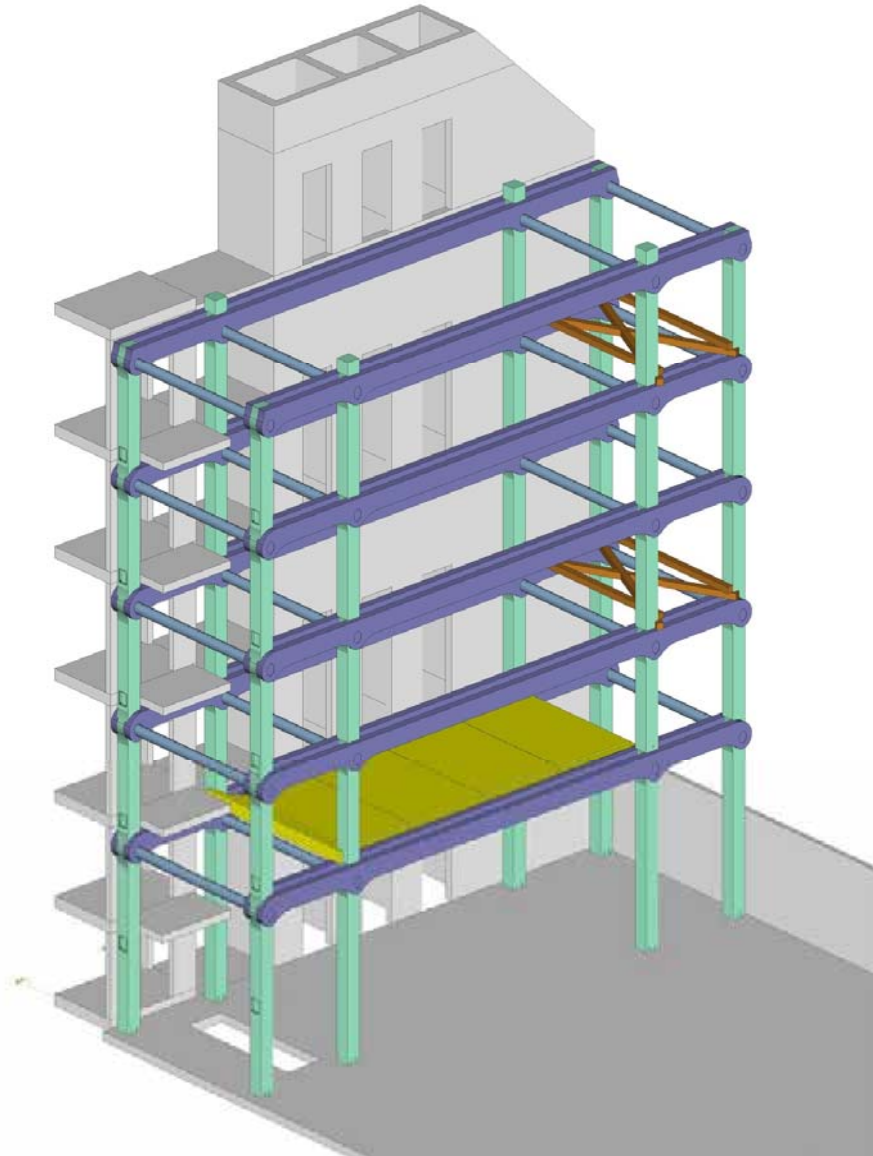


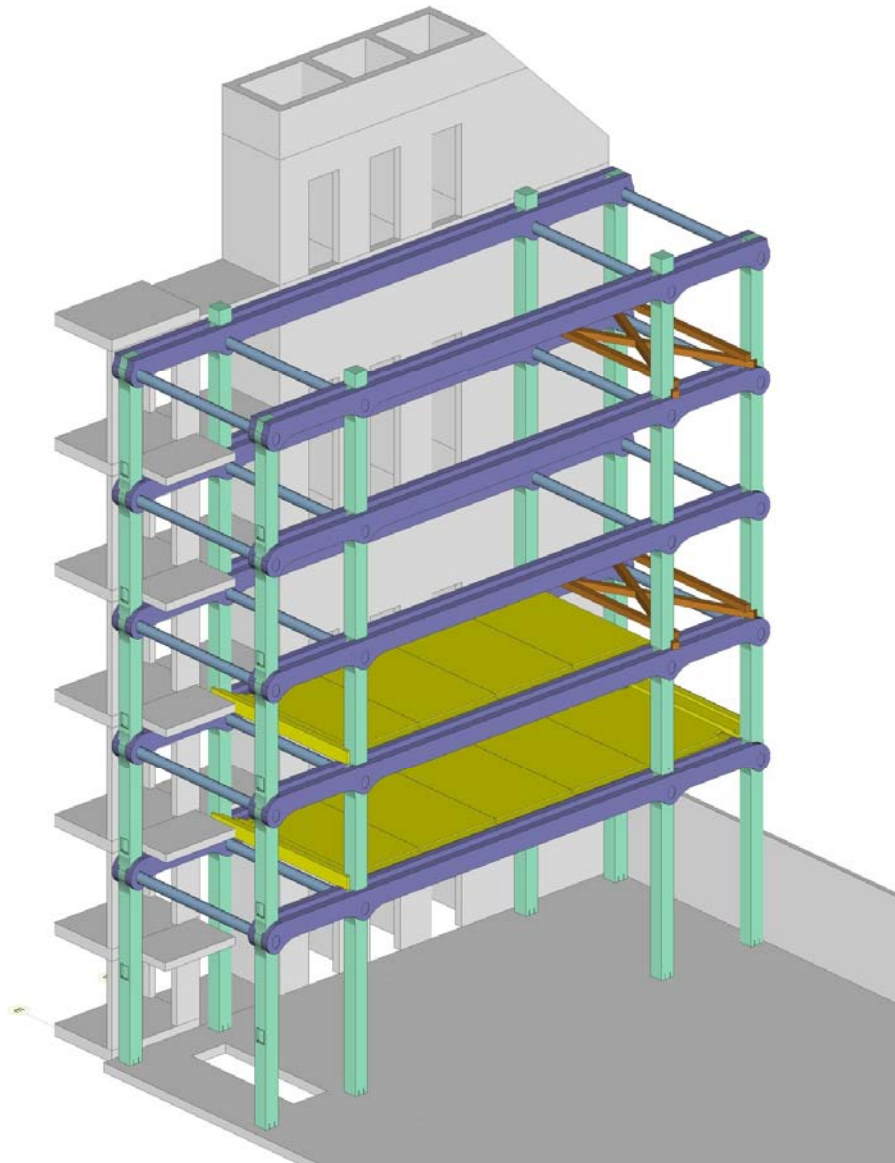








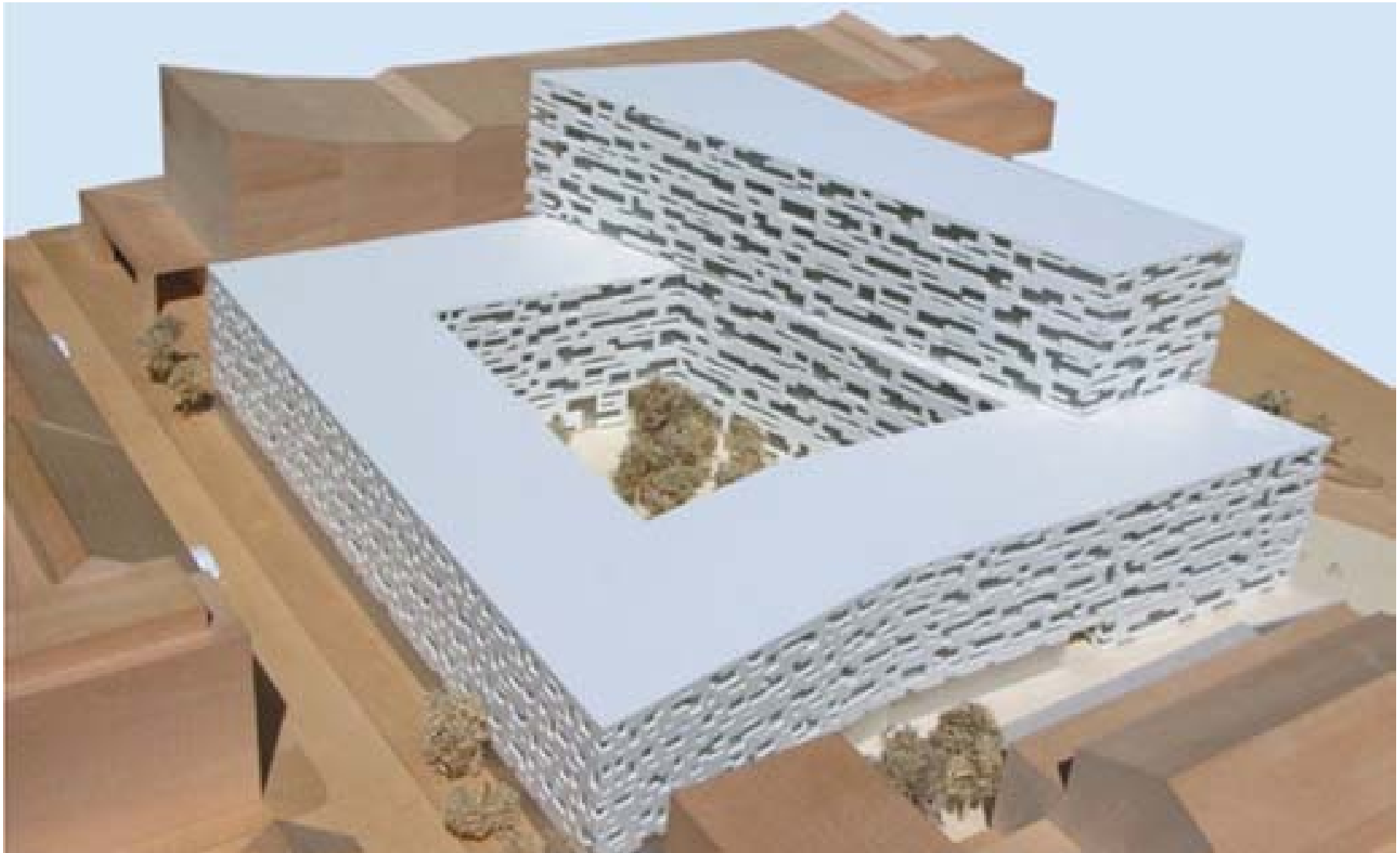






Shigeru Ban  
作品づくりと社会貢献の両立を目指して

South Park by Herzog & De Meuron 2003



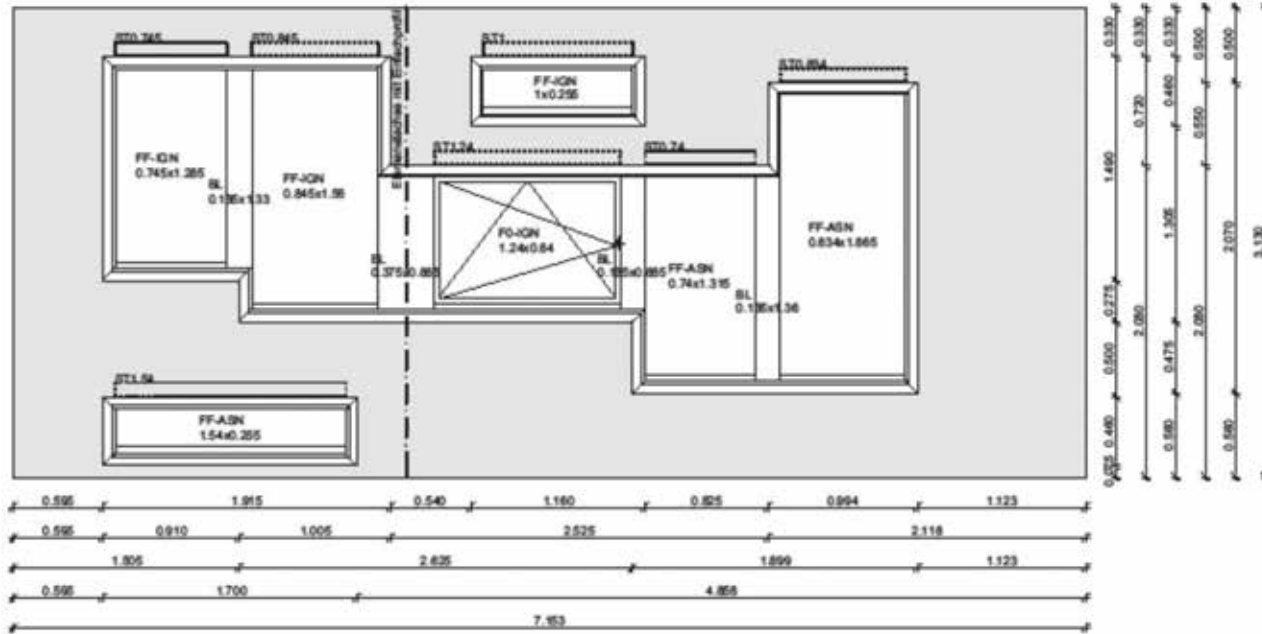
HERZOG & DEMEURON

28.11.2009 M 1:20 T.matar

Pos: N-1-02



O-1-13



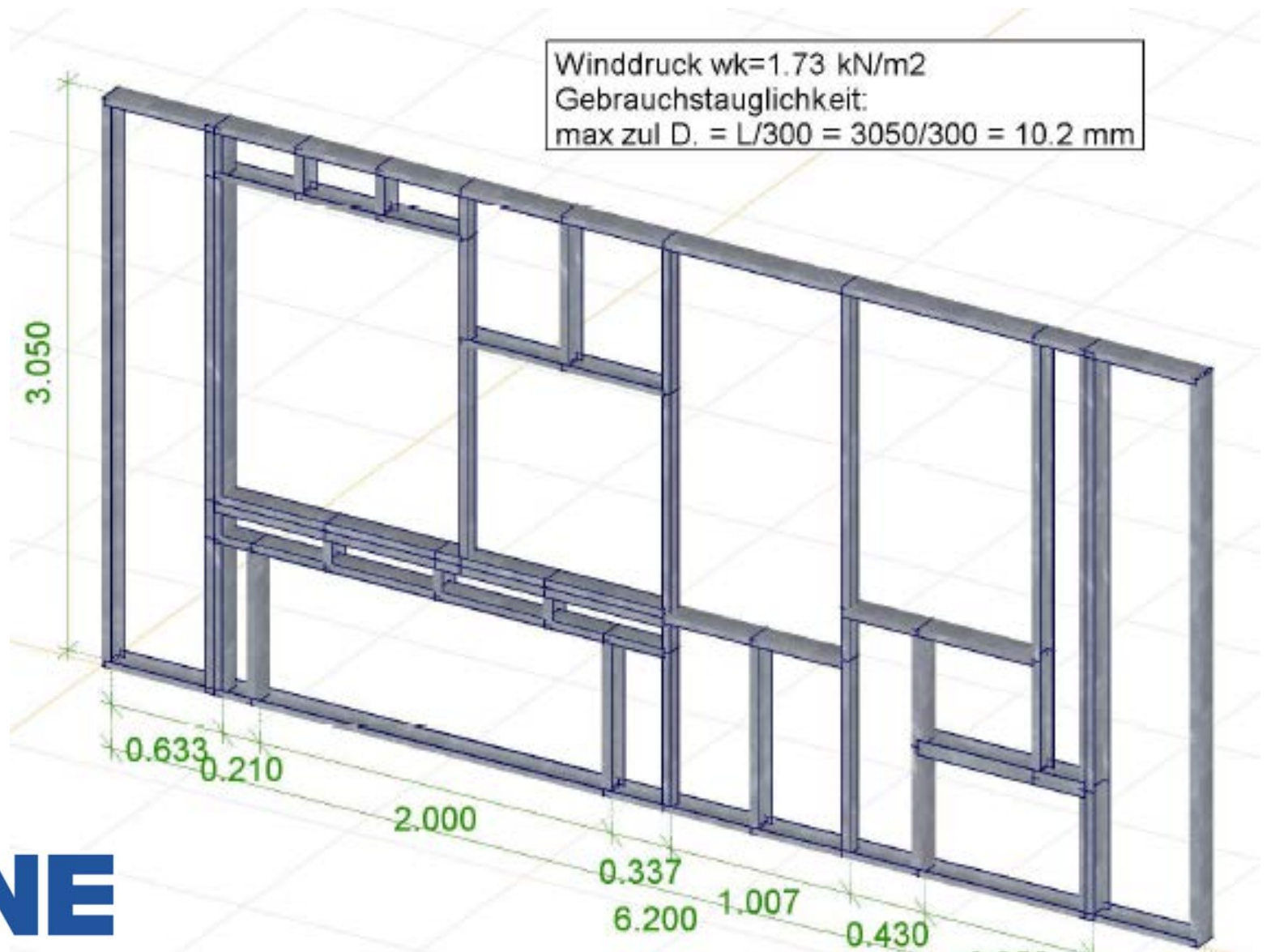
Typ: N-1-02\_MD03\_RR0\_F01\_L00\_S1\_LLXX\_WL2618\_WR4535\_HB-160\_HT2970\_Z1

Offenbare Fenster	1 x FO-IGN = 1.04 m <sup>2</sup>
Fensterleiste	3 x FF-ASN = 2.92 m <sup>2</sup> , 3 x FF-IGN = 2.54 m <sup>2</sup>
Fensterleiste Erde	-
Fensterleiste Loggia Brüstung	-
Fensterleiste Loggia Brüstung Ecke	-
Stoß Loggia	-
Stoß	7 x ST = 6.944 m

Putzfläche	12.82 m <sup>2</sup>
Stoßleiste Zarge	7.42 m
Fensterbank	8.29 m
Sturz	8.29 m
Loggia Handlauf	-
Loggia Blech	-
Blech	4 x BL = 0.92 m <sup>2</sup>

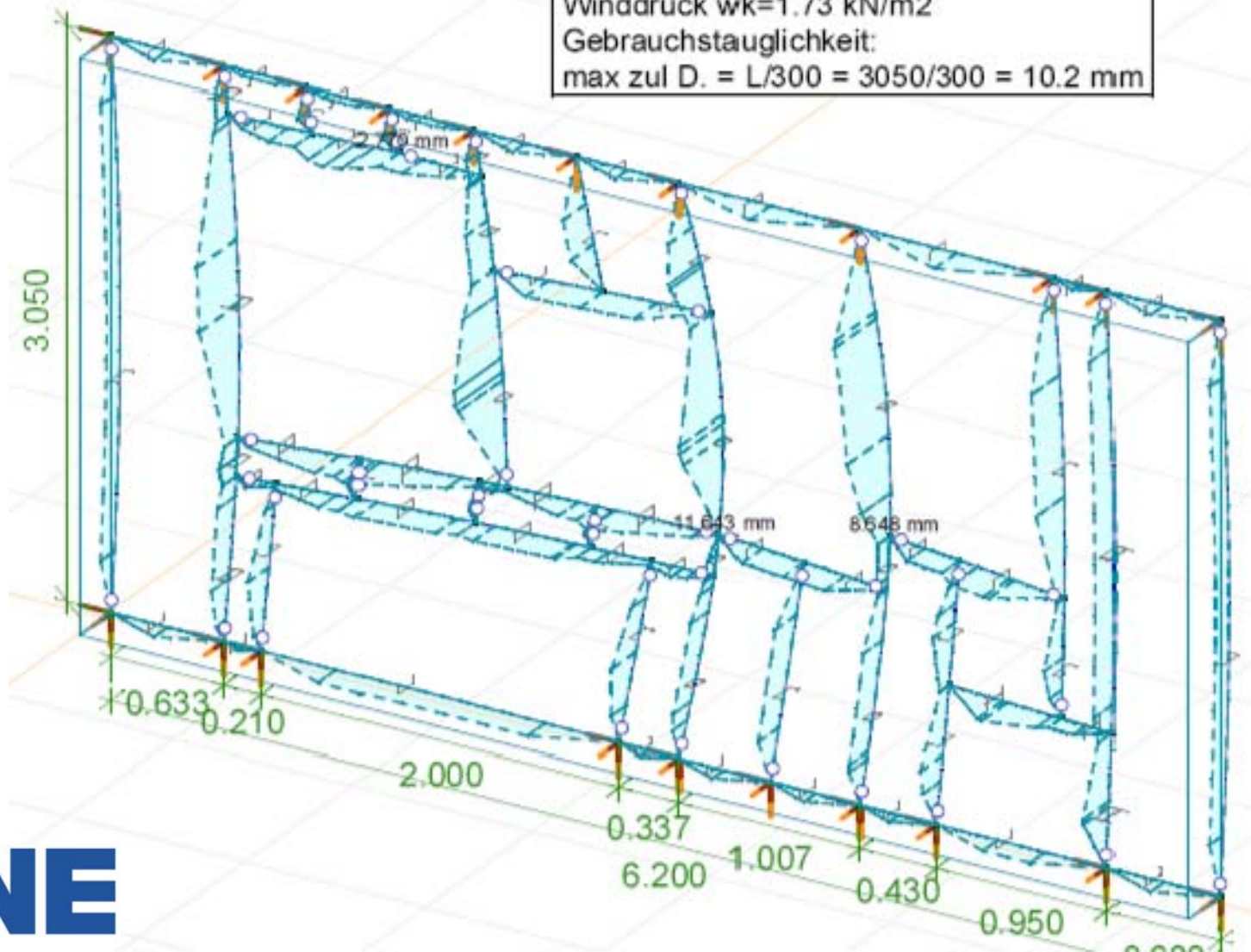
**ERNE**

Winddruck  $w_k = 1.73 \text{ kN/m}^2$   
Gebrauchstauglichkeit:  
 $\max \text{ zul } D. = L/300 = 3050/300 = 10.2 \text{ mm}$



**ERNE**

Winddruck  $w_k = 1.73 \text{ kN/m}^2$   
Gebrauchstauglichkeit:  
 $\max \text{zul } D. = L/300 = 3050/300 = 10.2 \text{ mm}$





Hauptpos	Profilart	Pos.	Länge	Anzahl
N-1-04	C147	Z/1061	3812	1
N-1-04	C147	P/1107	2902	4
N-1-04	C147	Z/1001	2902	4
N-1-04	C147	P/1022	967	2
N-1-04	C147	P/1199	960	1
N-1-04	C147	P/1281	563	5
N-1-04	C147	P/1653	492	2
N-1-04	C147	P/1119	485	1
N-1-04	U150	P/1688	5512	3
N-1-04	U150	Z/55	3812	1
N-1-04	U150	Z/1070	3812	1
N-1-04	U150	Z/3	2826	2
N-1-04	U150	P/1218	2012	1
N-1-04	U150	P/1226	1858	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1003	3024	3
N-1-05	C147	Z/1007	3024	2
N-1-05	C147	Z/1080	2458	1
N-1-05	C147	Z/1077	1921	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1829	1228	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1013	1089	2
N-1-05	C147	P/1275	1082	2
N-1-05	C147	P/1167	699	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1381	624	3
N-1-05	C147	P/1700	616	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1759	616	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1099	614	2
N-1-05	C147	P/1171	607	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1093	606	3
N-1-05	C147	P/1299	600	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1301	333	2
N-1-05	C147	P/1295	325	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1261	224	2
N-1-05	C147	P/1250	216	1
N-1-05	C147	P/1007	129	4



**ERNE**



**ERNE**



**ERNE**





**ERNE**

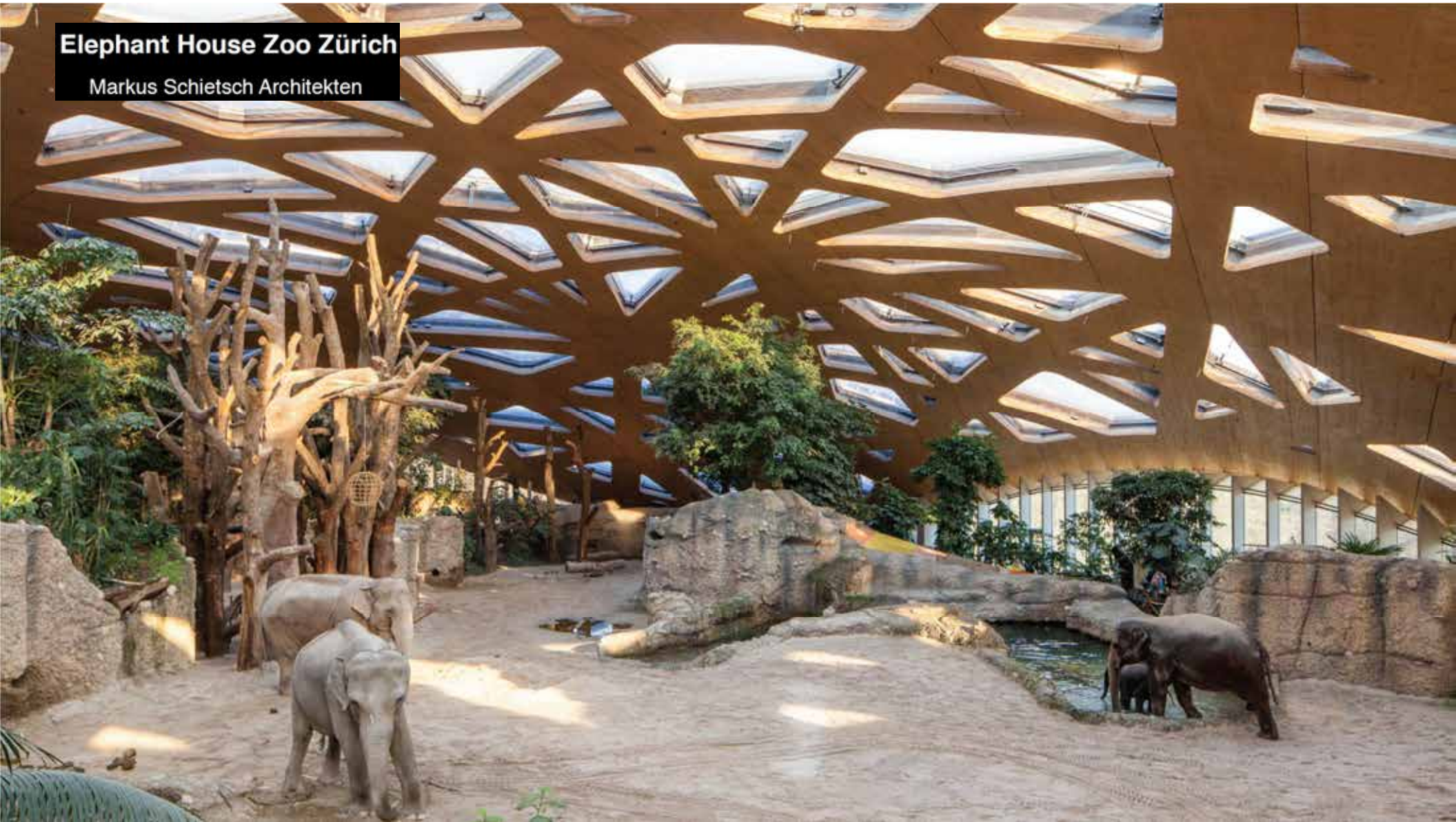
# Elephant House Zoo Zürich

Markus Schietsch Architekten



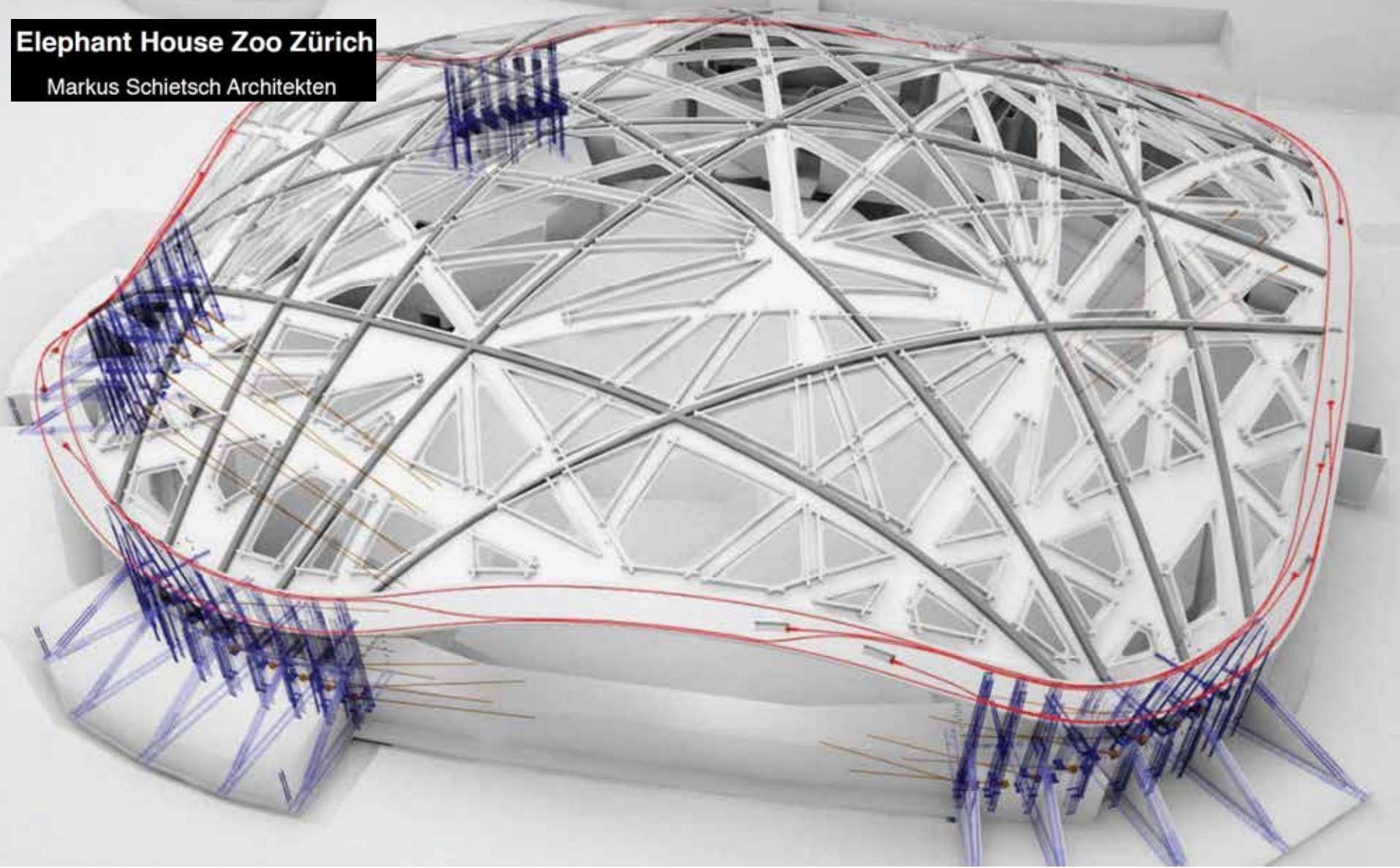
# Elephant House Zoo Zürich

Markus Schietsch Architekten



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Markus Schietsch Architekten





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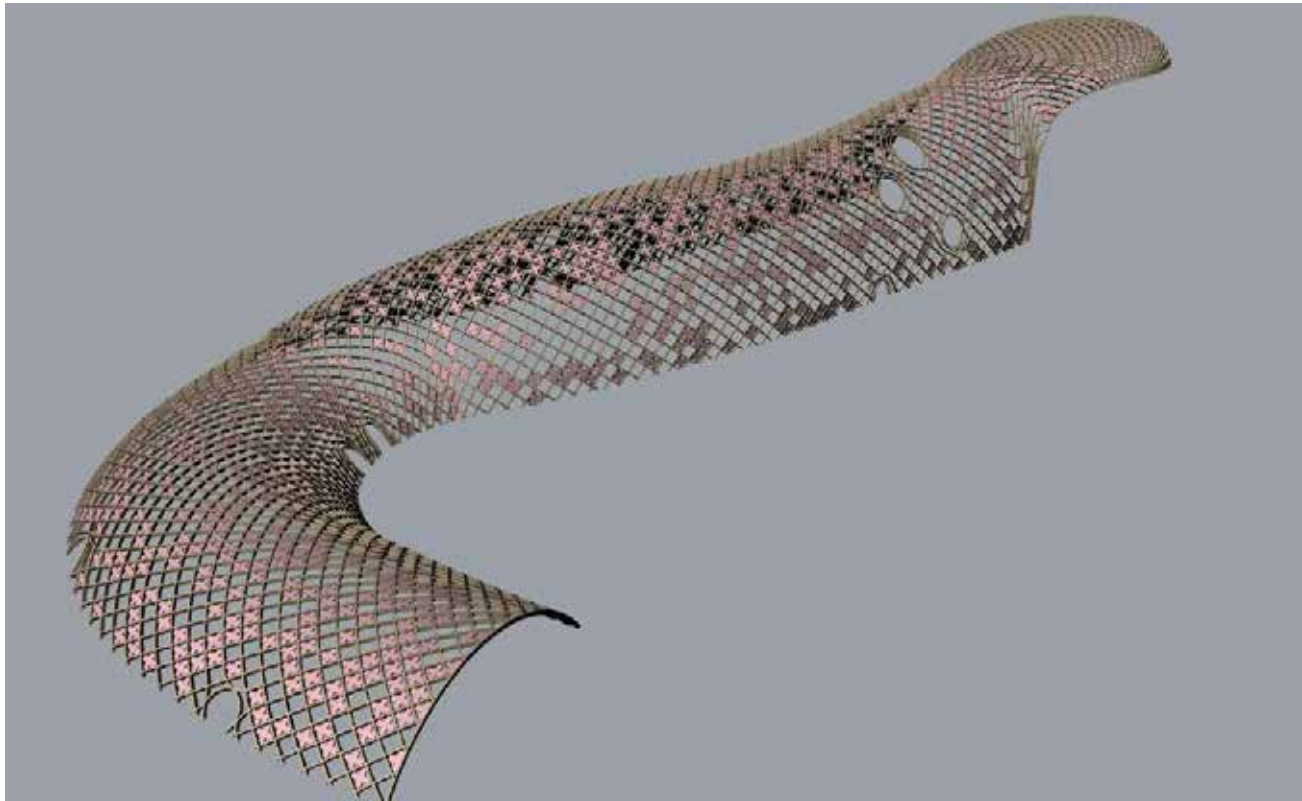
# Elephant House Zoo Zürich

Markus Schietsch Architekten



OMEGA and SWATCH by Shigeru Ban 2016













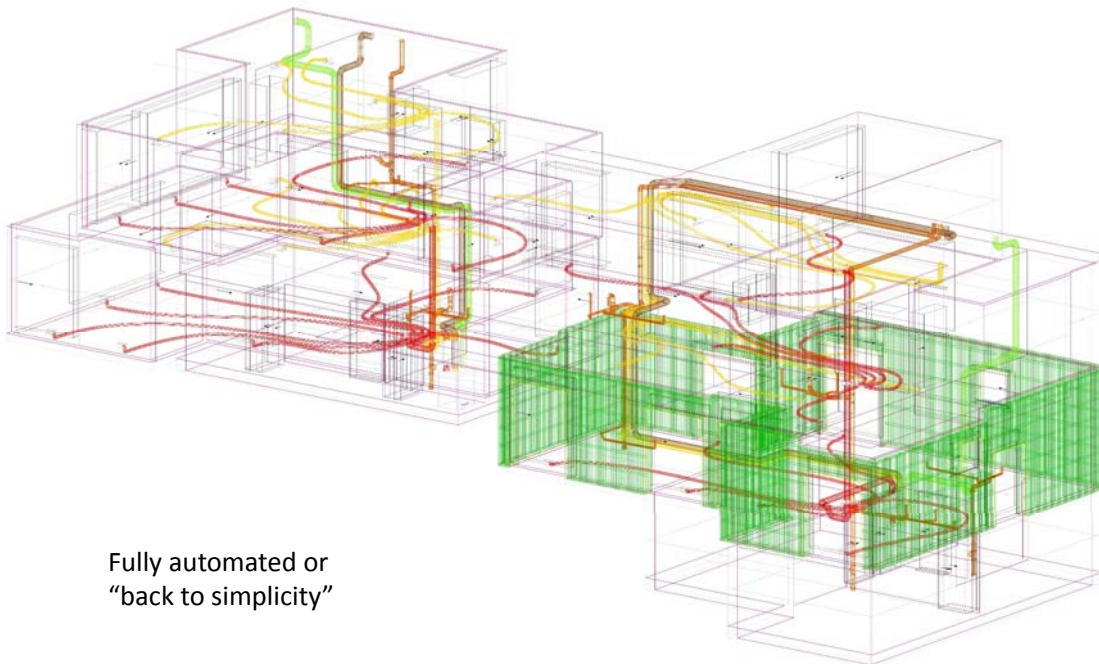




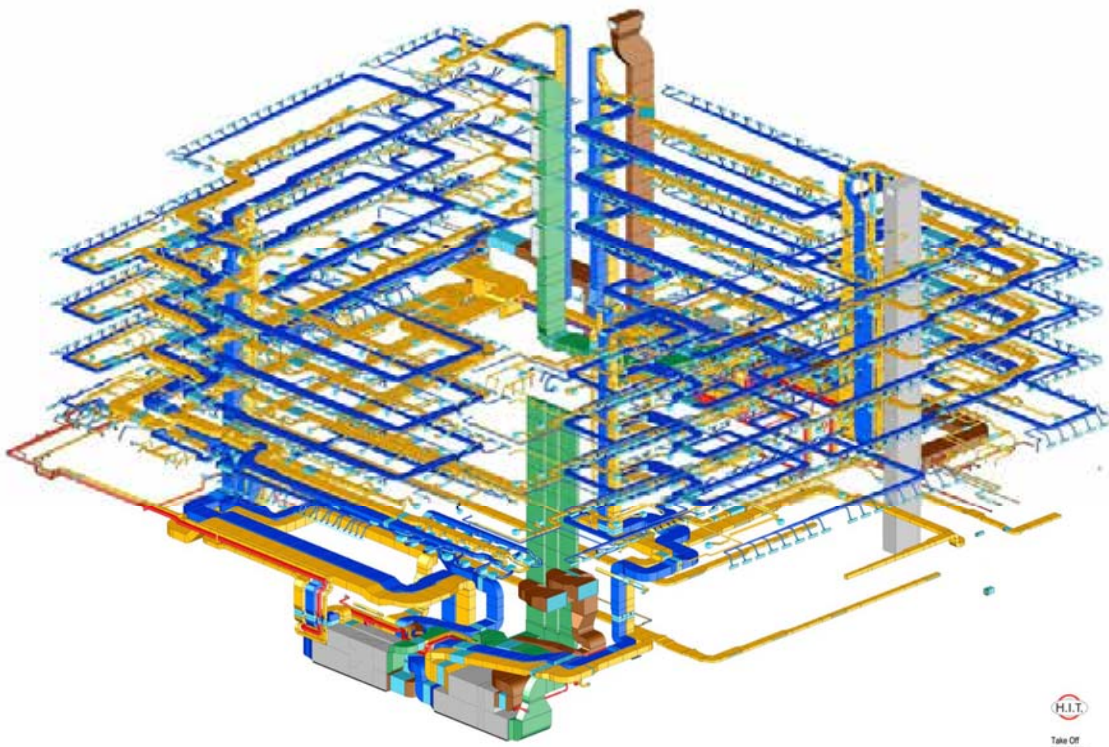


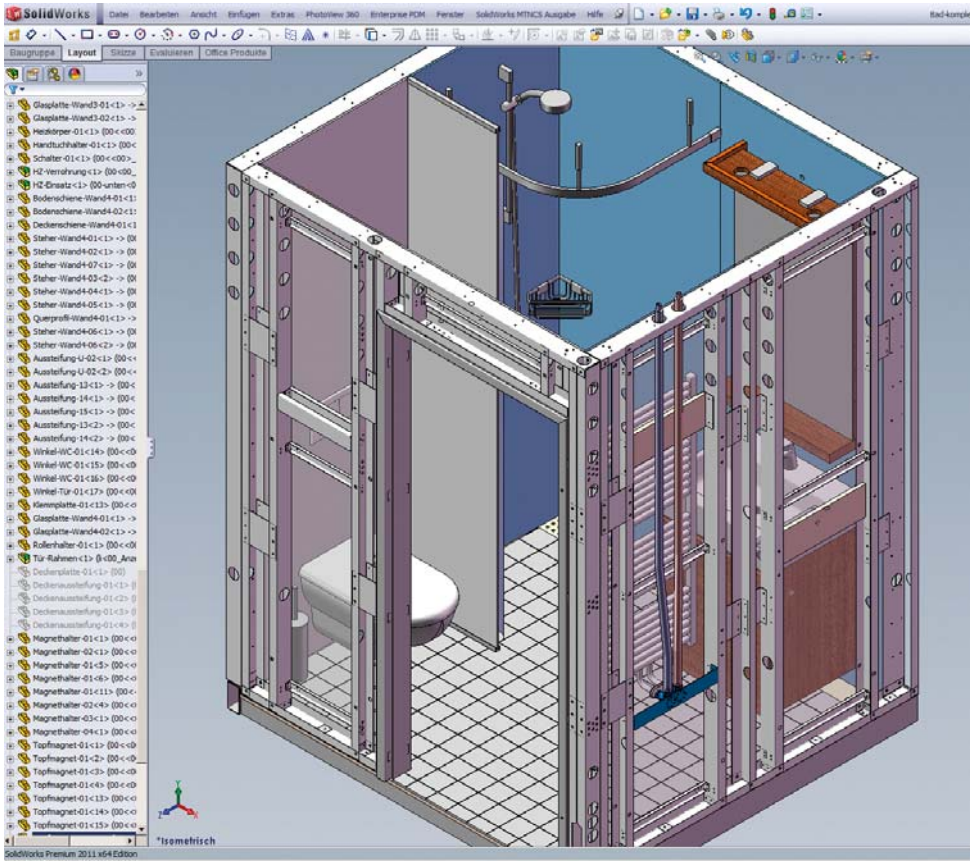
**BIM and HVACS**

BIM for HVACS (heating, ventilation, air conditioning, sanitary installations)



Fully automated or  
“back to simplicity”





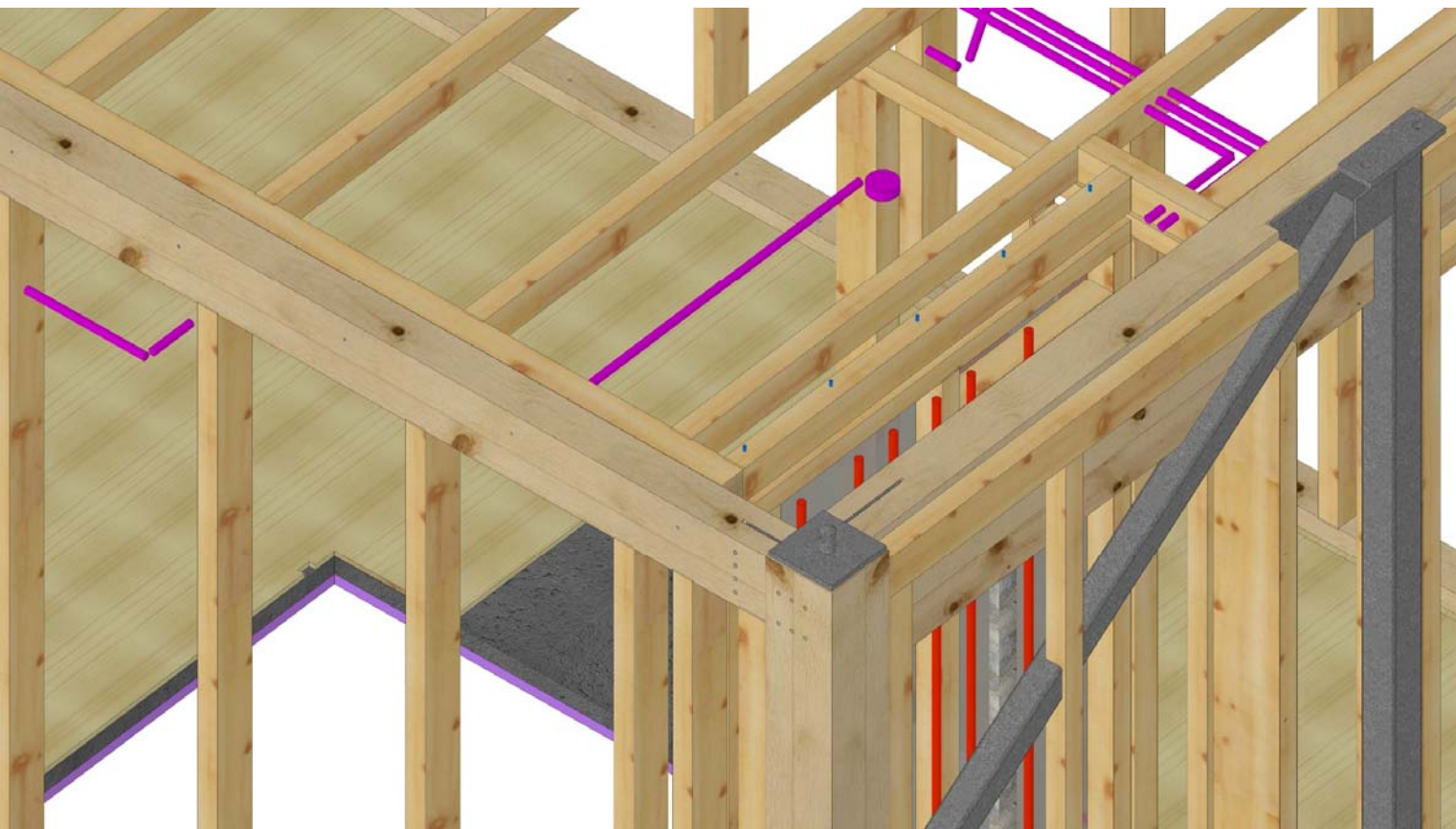
## Geberit BIM-Daten Für Autodesk Revit

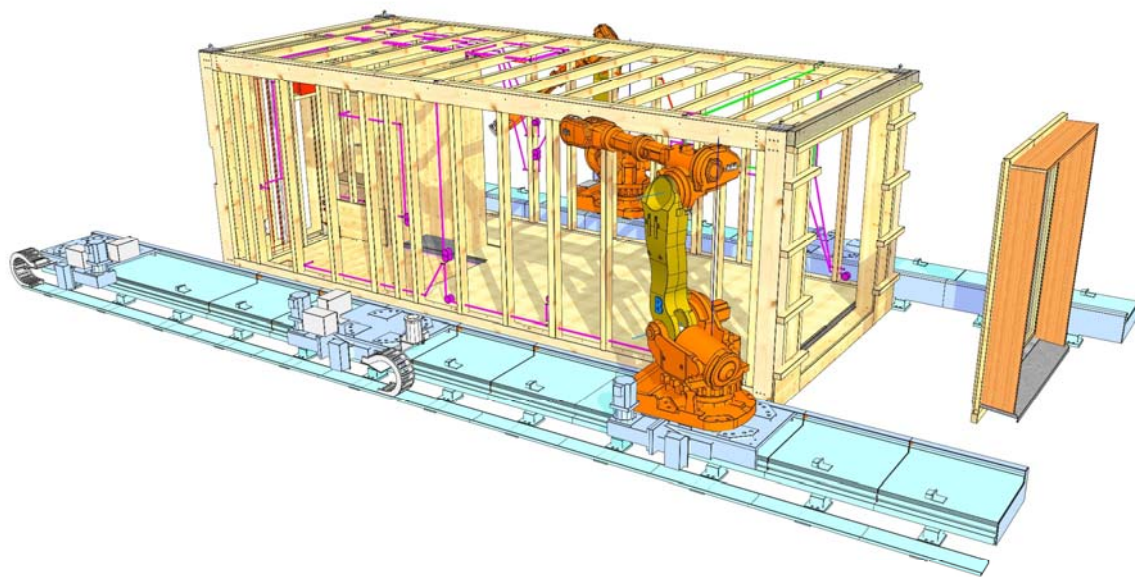


- Geberit Revit-Package**
- Revit-Daten für komplette Produktfamilien im Format RVT für AutoDesk Revit
  - Daten verfügbar für die AutoDesk Revit 2014, 2015 und 2016
  - Datenpakete enthalten länderspezifische Sortimente

Die Revit-Daten von Geberit werden regelmäßig aktualisiert und verbessert. Für die Information über Aktualisierungen benötigen wir Ihre Kontaktangaben.

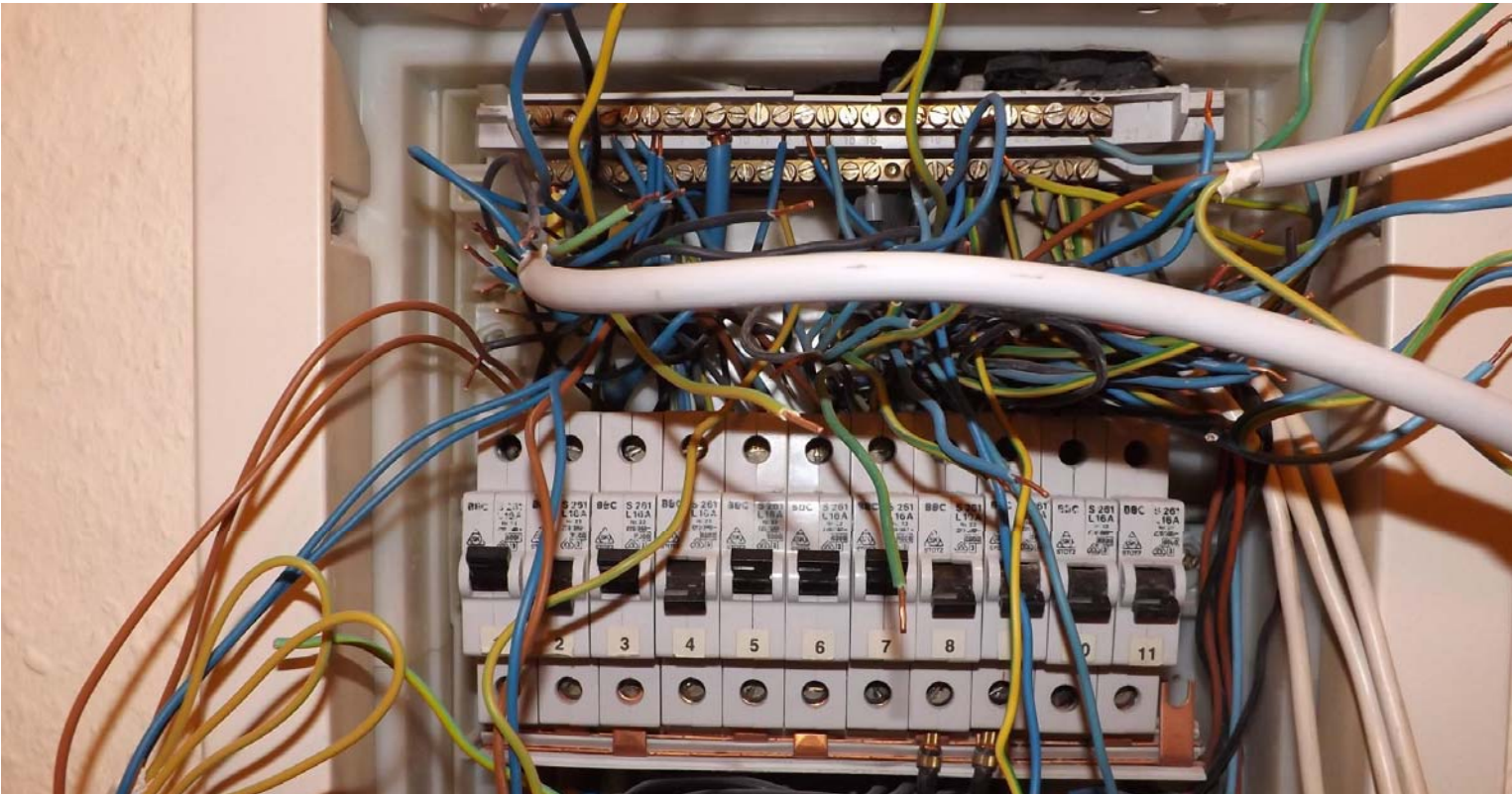


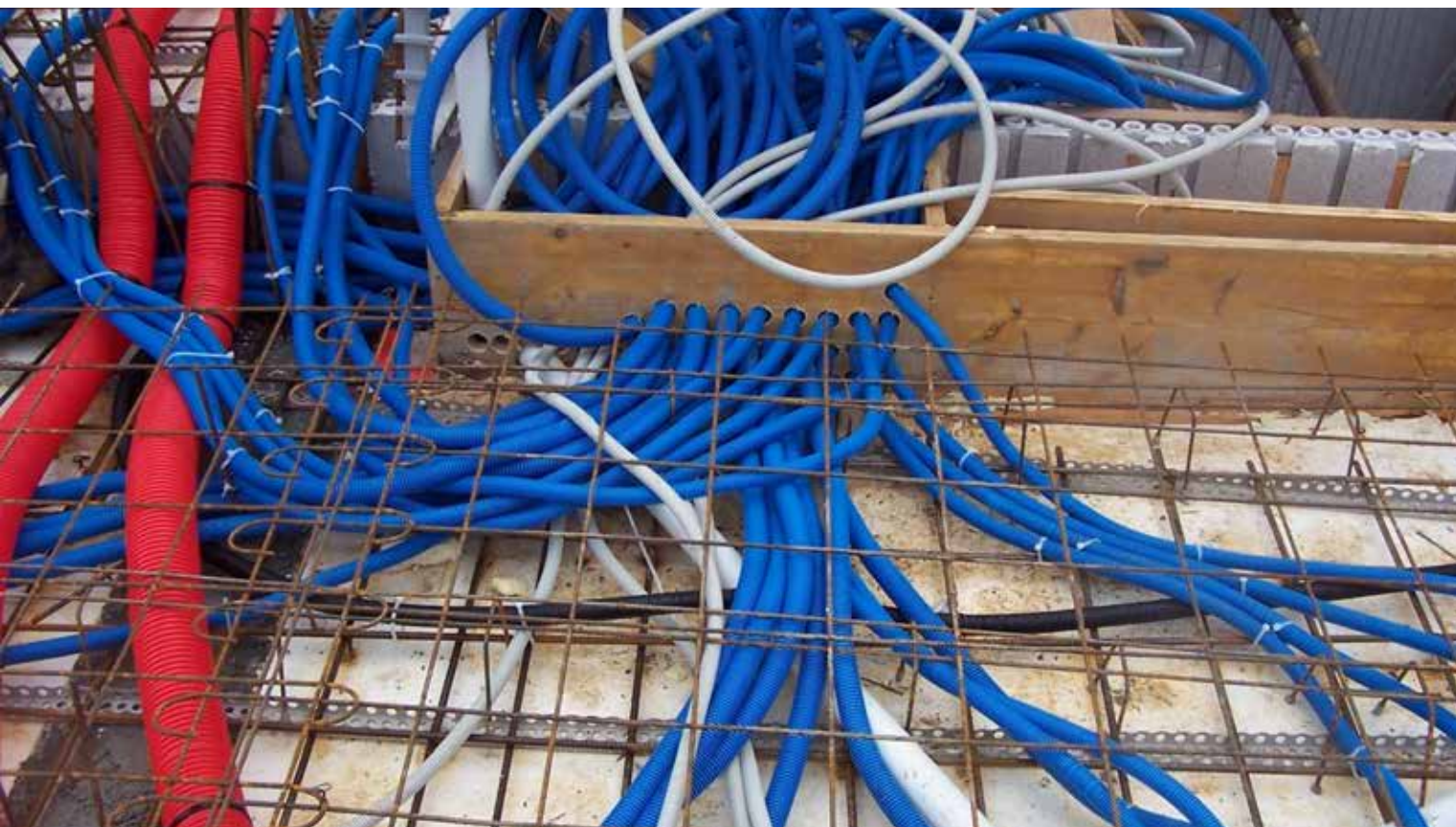


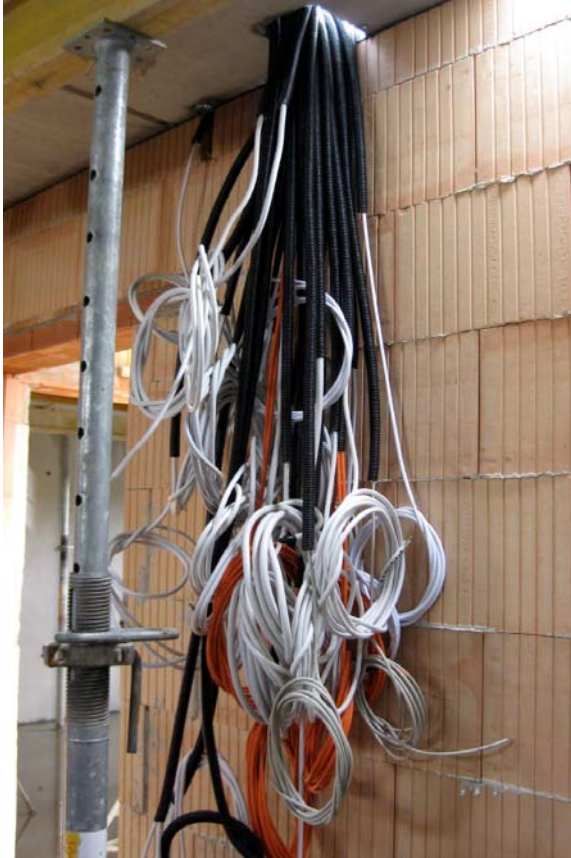




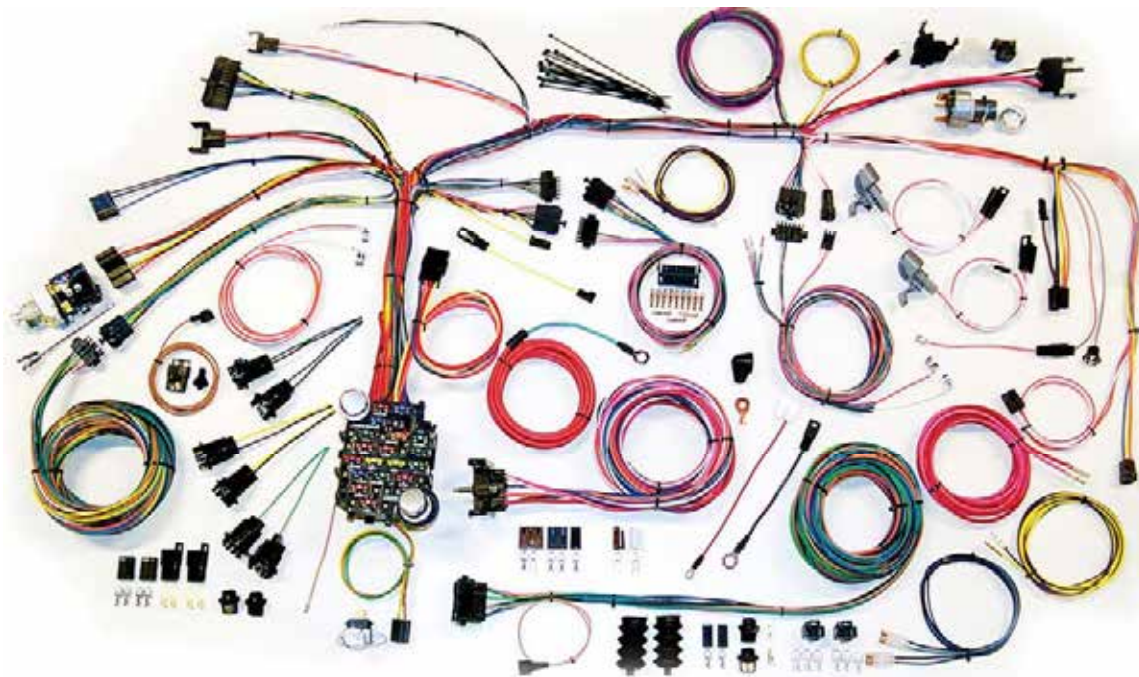
Electrical installation

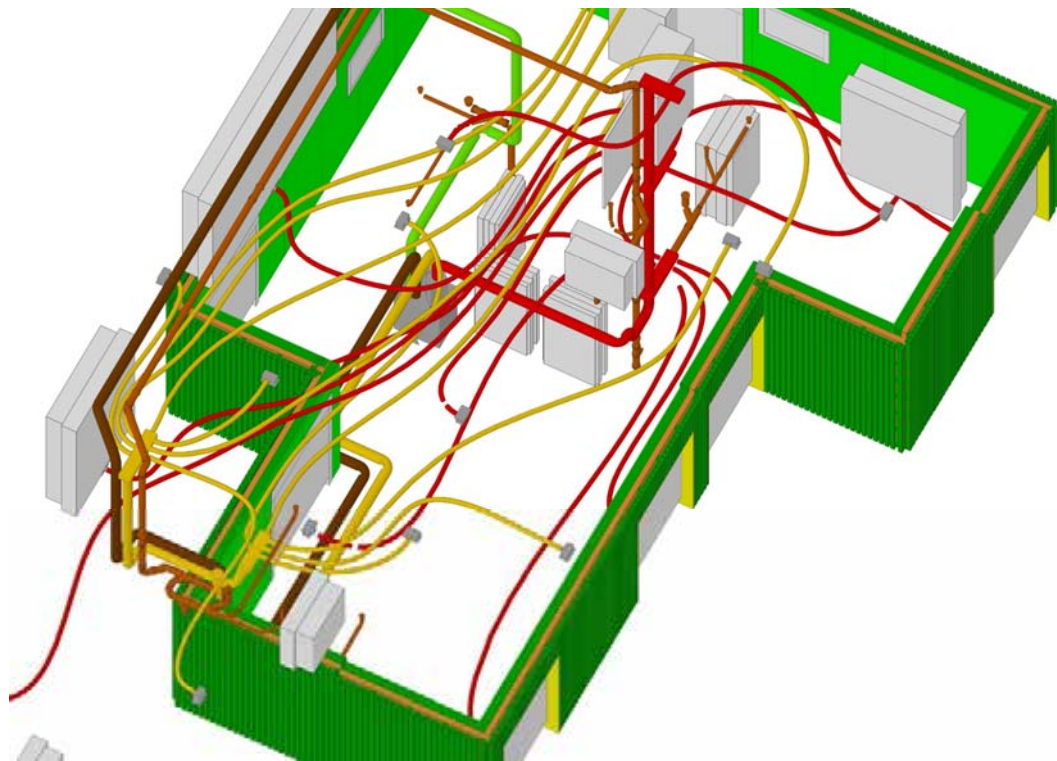




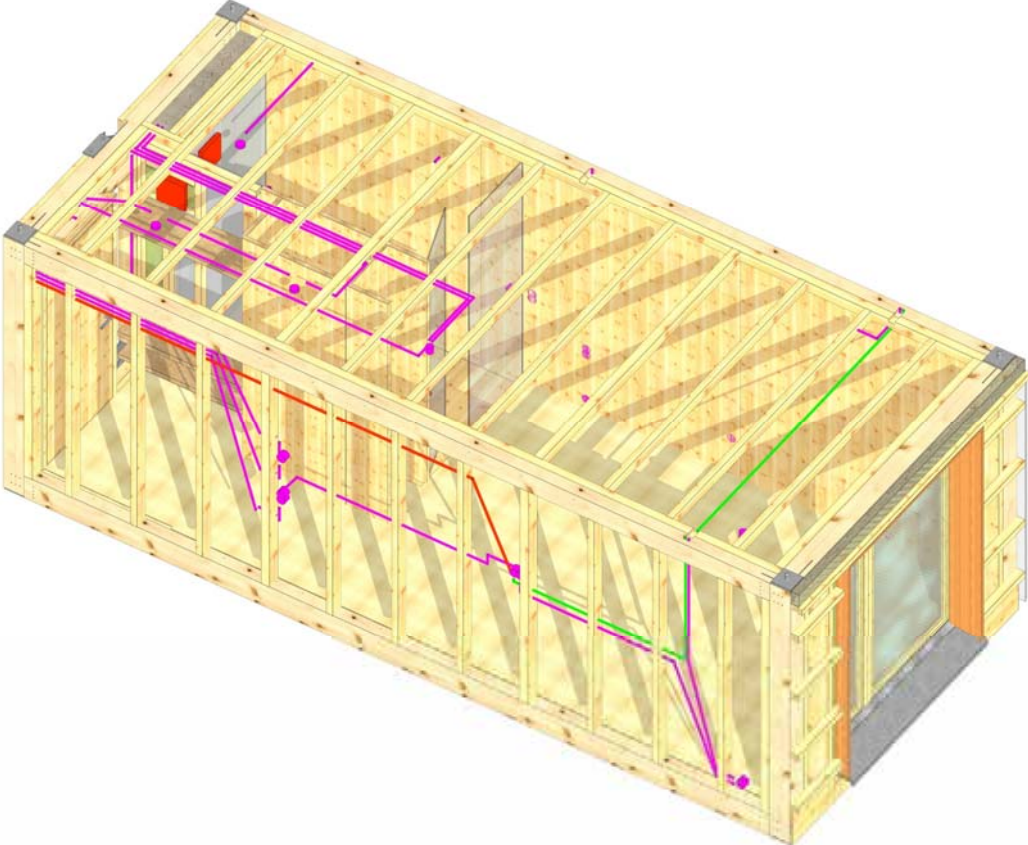


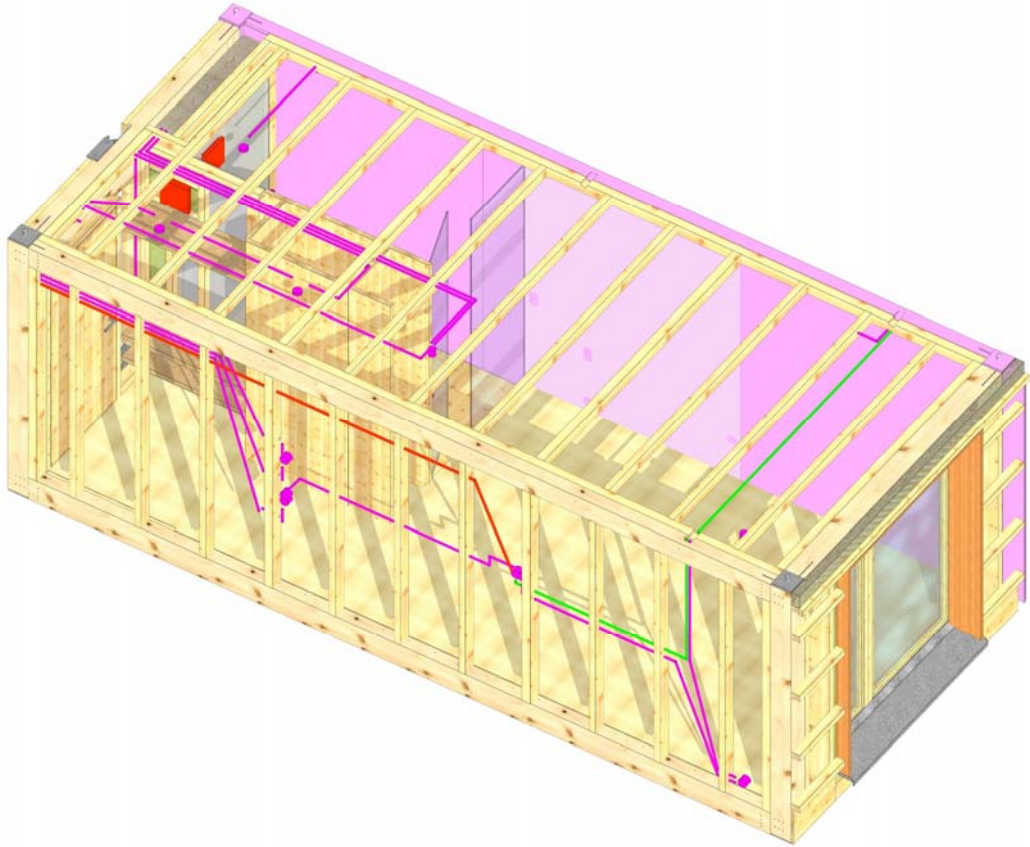
Outcome of the electrical planning in BIM = pre-assembled harness

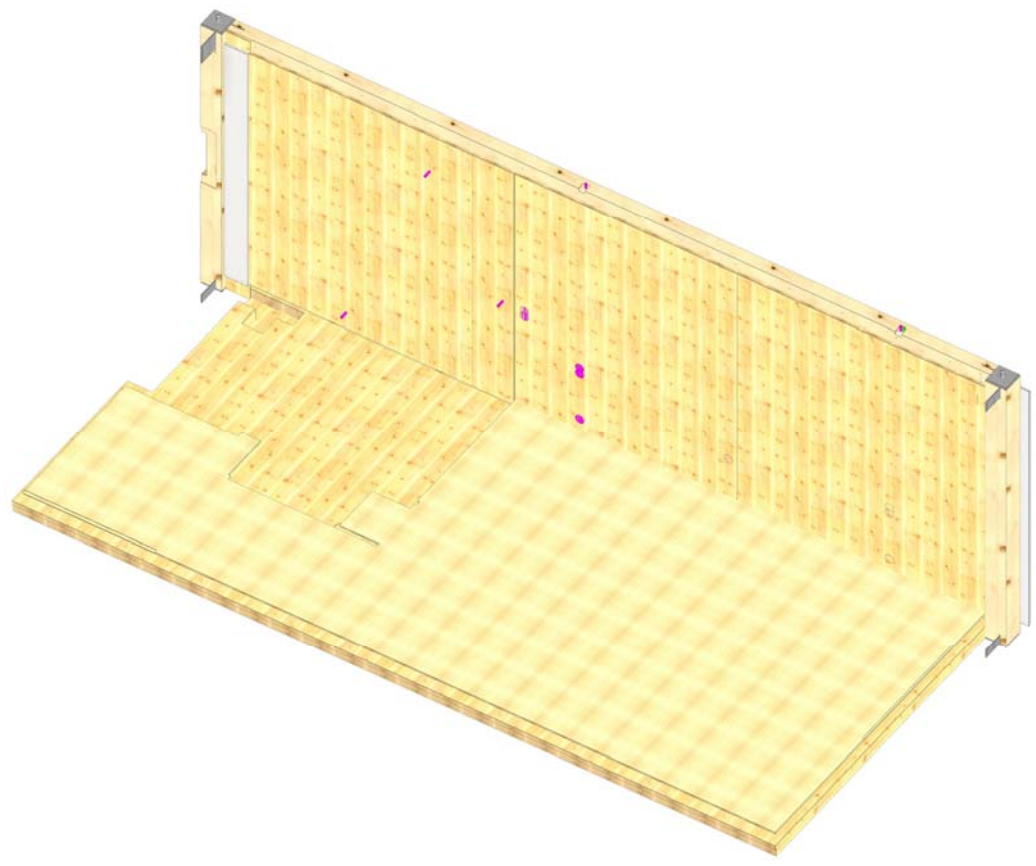




**BIM compatible -- but manageable?**

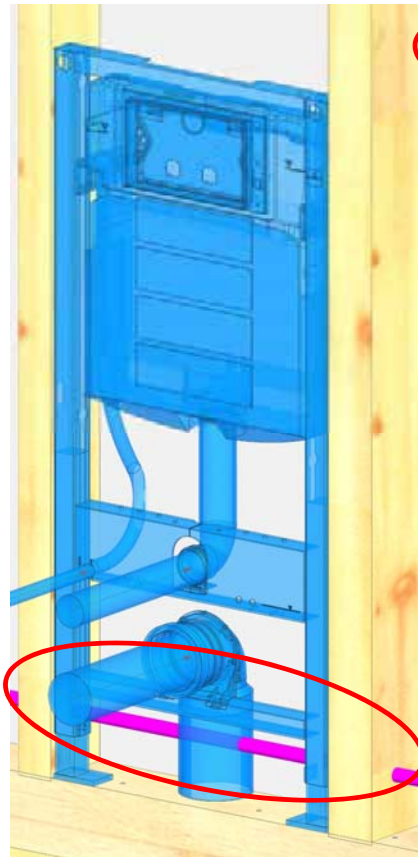
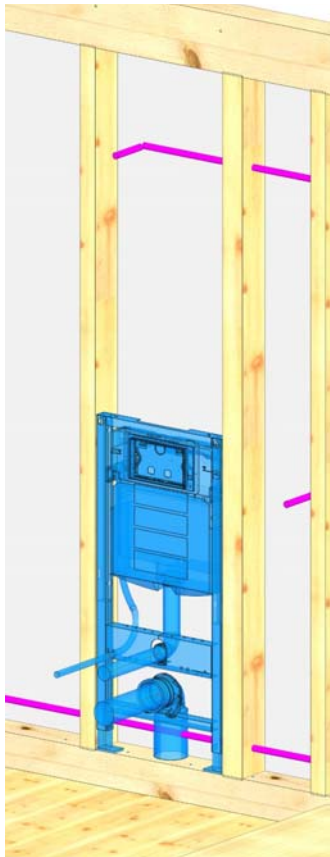




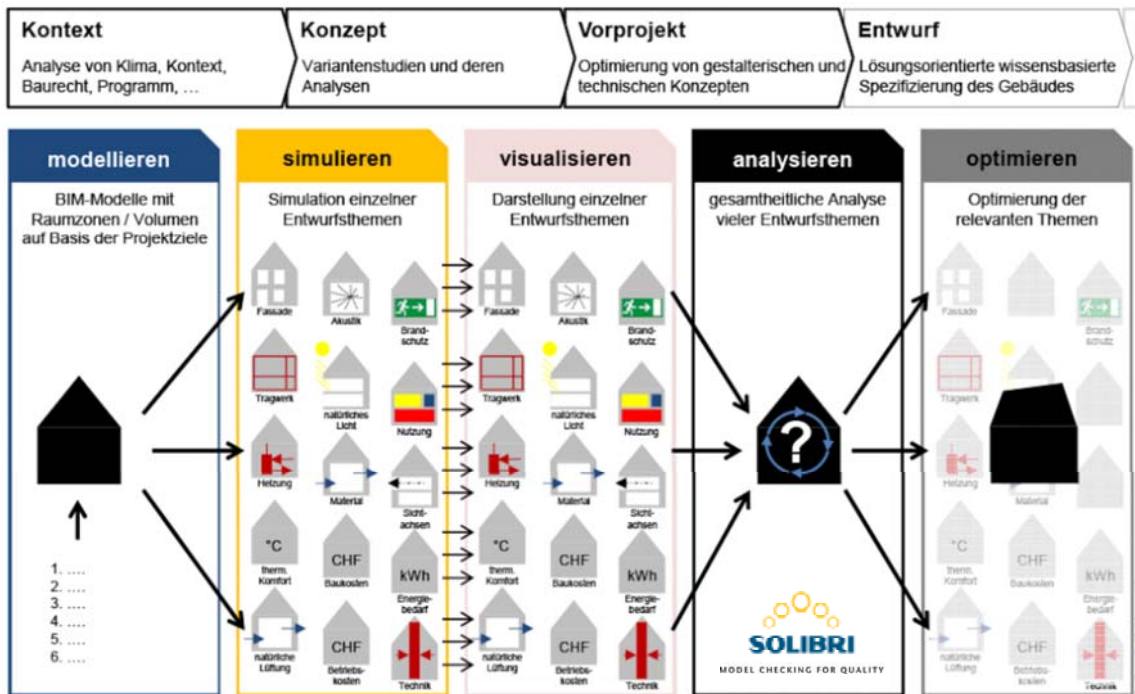




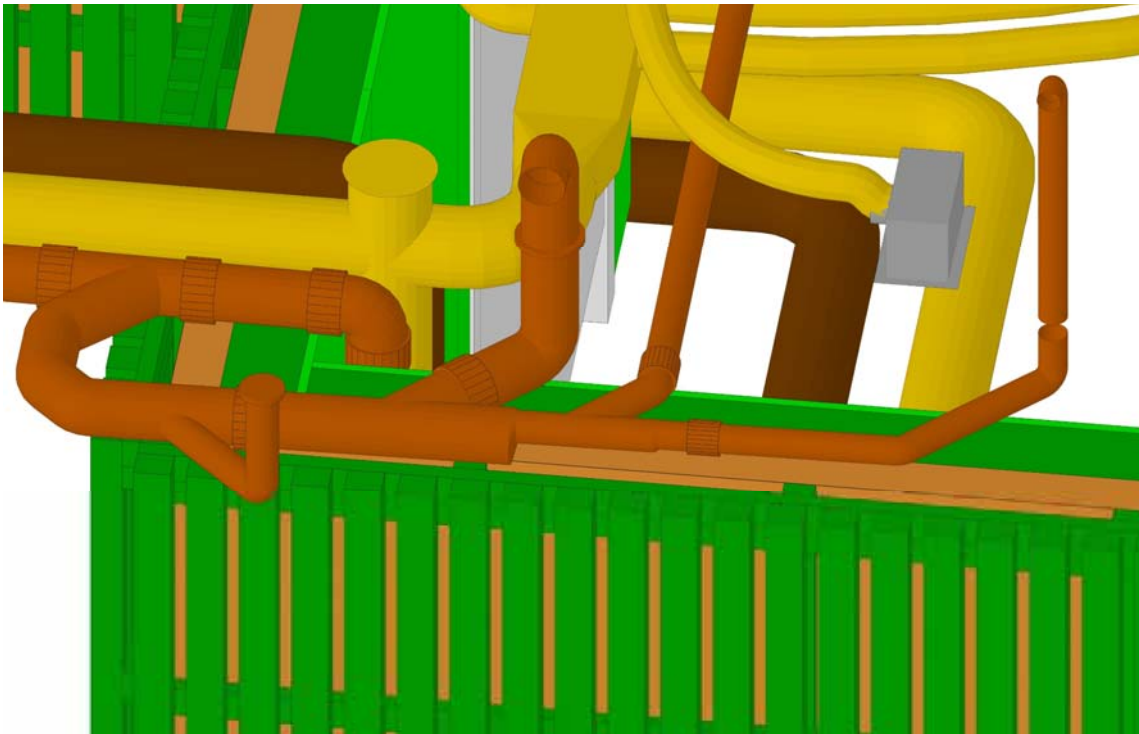




Collision identified



After SOLIBRI has discovered collisions, measures need to be taken. It is possible to define hierarchies: «Static elements before building services before electrical pipes before insulation»



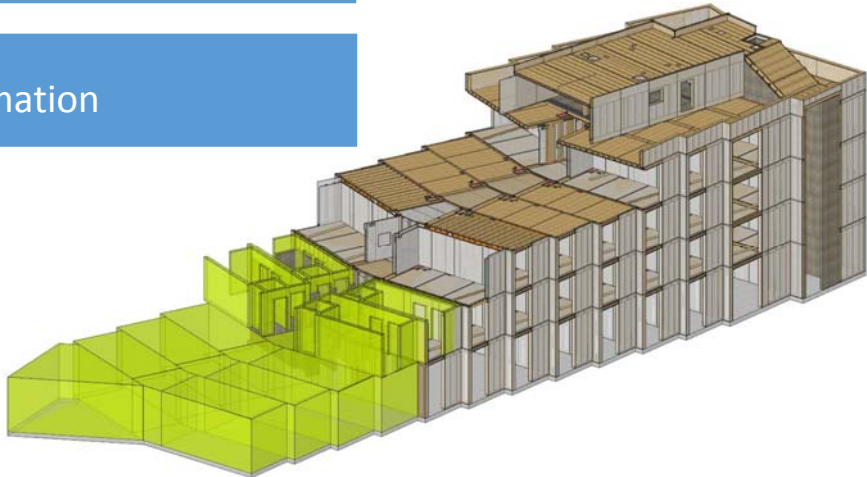
In timber construction, there is no “casting”, which means: everything has an impact on workability. An upward inclined pipe in timber construction is a complex 5 axis process.

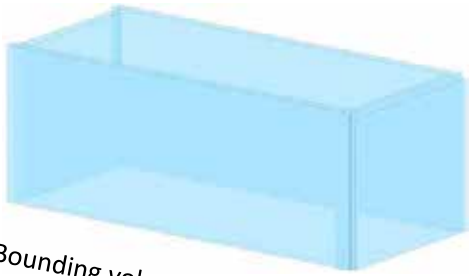
# Level of Detail

**LOD** Level of Development

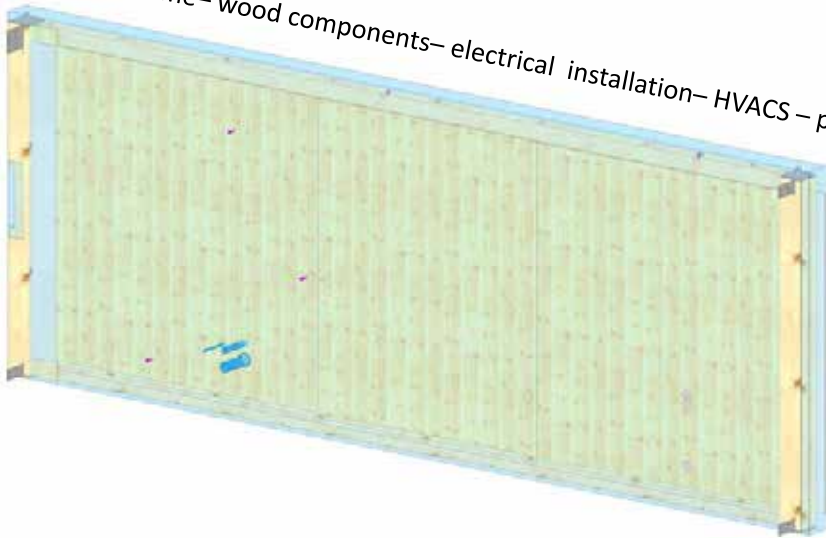
**LOG** Level of Geometry

**LOI** Level of Information





Bounding volume– wood components– electrical installation– HVACS – panelling interior/exterior





**BIM in joinery**

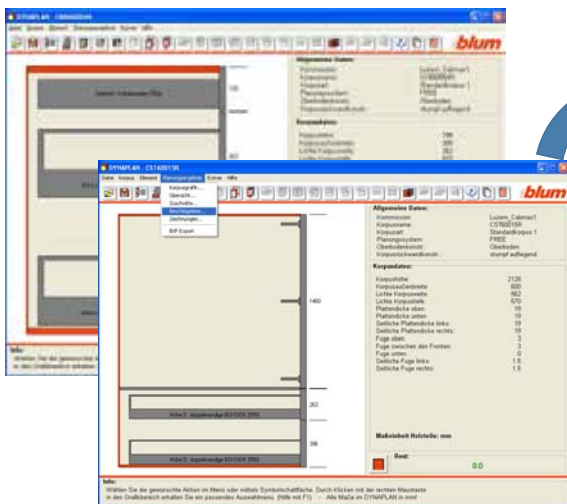






Combination of design drawing and photo reality



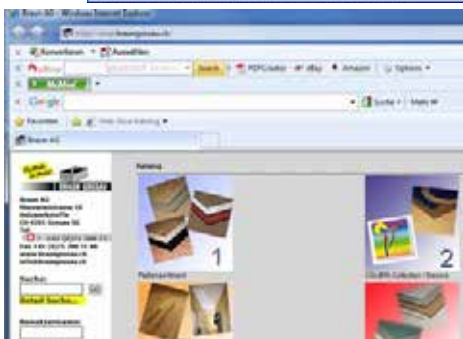


Digital networking

BXF



COM norm





### Olive (*Olea europea*)

Die Olive ist im Mittelmeergebiet, in Südafrika, Indien u. gelblich bis mittelrötlich und der Splint ist hellbraun. C welliger Faserverlauf und die engen, kaum sichtbaren daher gut zu drehen und zu schritzen.

1478

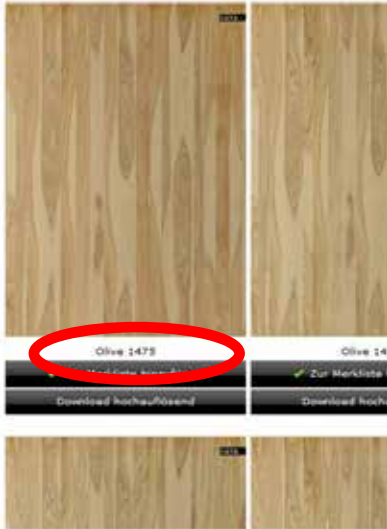
### Plattenauswahl

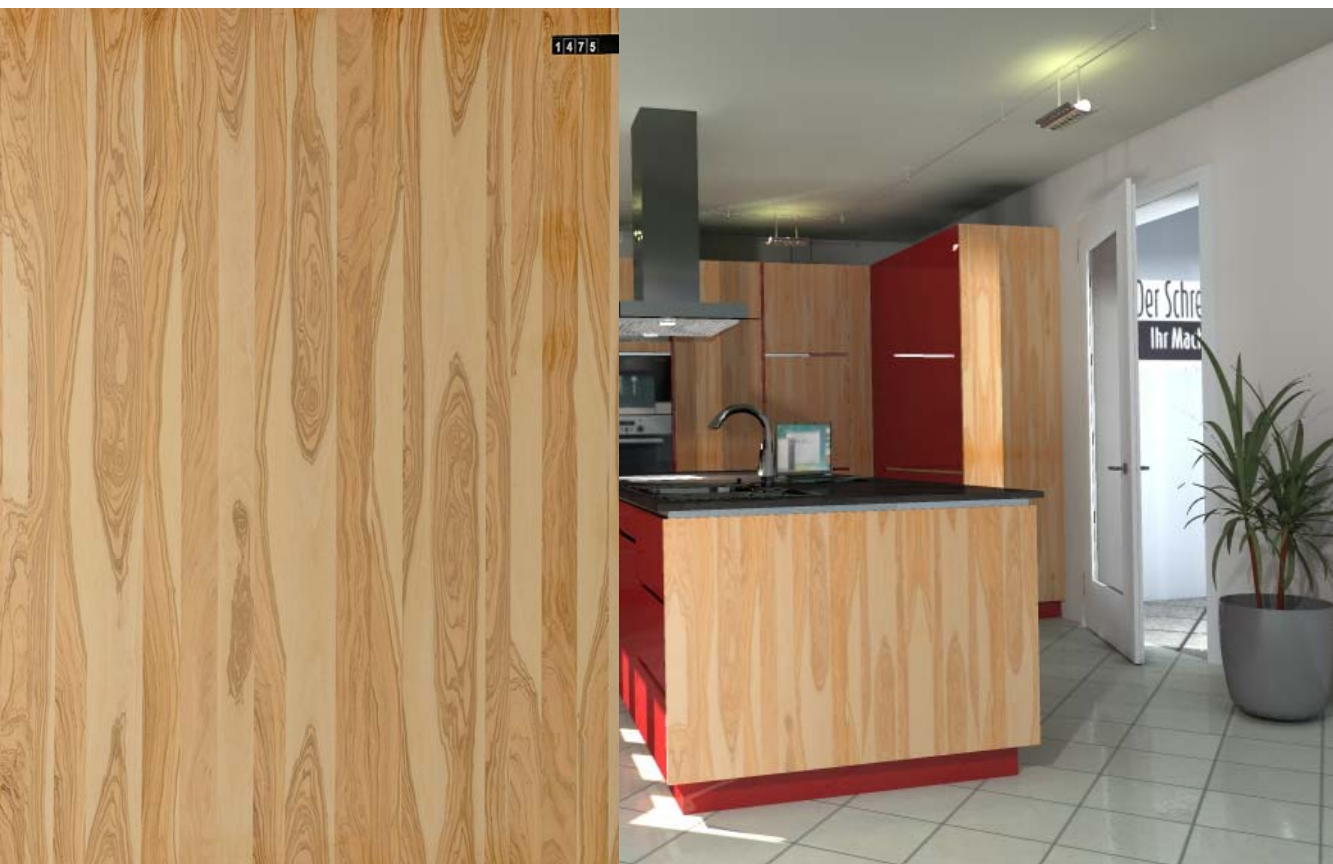
#### MERKLISTE



#### Selection A+ / A

- ▶ Ahorn amerik.
- ▶ Ahorn europ.
- ▶ Birke gemessert
- ▶ Buche gedämpft
- ▶ Edelkastanie
- ▶ Eiche europ. Aufbau
- ▶ Eiche europ. schlicht
- ▶ Elsbeere
- ▶ Esche Kern
- ▶ Fichte astig
- ▶ Fichte Aufbau
- ▶ Fichte schlicht
- ▶ Indischer Apfel
- ▶ Kirschbaum amerik.
- ▶ Kirschbaum europ.
- ▶ Makassar
- ▶ Nussbaum amerik.
- ▶ Nussbaum europ.









**Der Schreiner**  
Ihr Macher

schreiner.ch

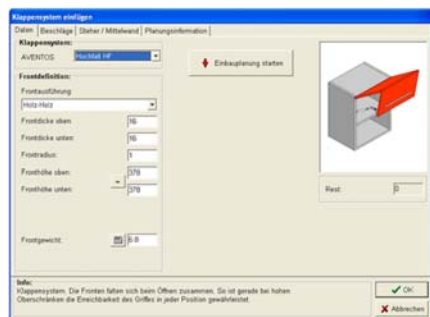
**Description of database  
Parameterisation (ERP)**



**3D specialised information model  
CAD (BIM)**

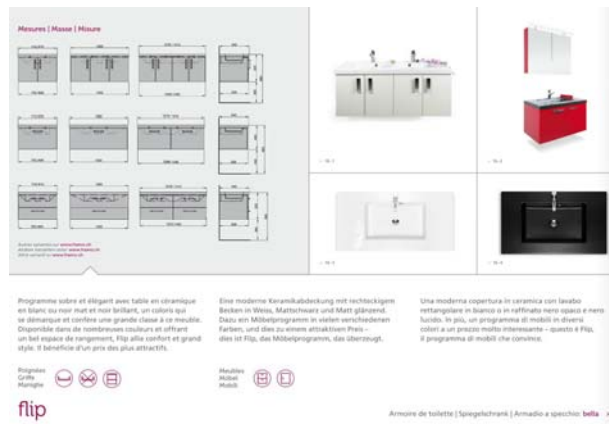


**CAD 3D  
or  
database**





# framo



design/sketch  
parameterized  
CAD 3D model

construction  
visualization  
3D print  
costs

ERP connection  
production  
industry 4.0



Derrière les coulisses | Hinter den Kulissen | Dietro le quinte

Inclusiva de la satisfaccion de sus clientes, l'equipe Framo offre ses competences ainsi que des outils de pointe pour assurer leur réussite en partenariat de nouveaux produits accompagnés d'un service rapide et de qualité.

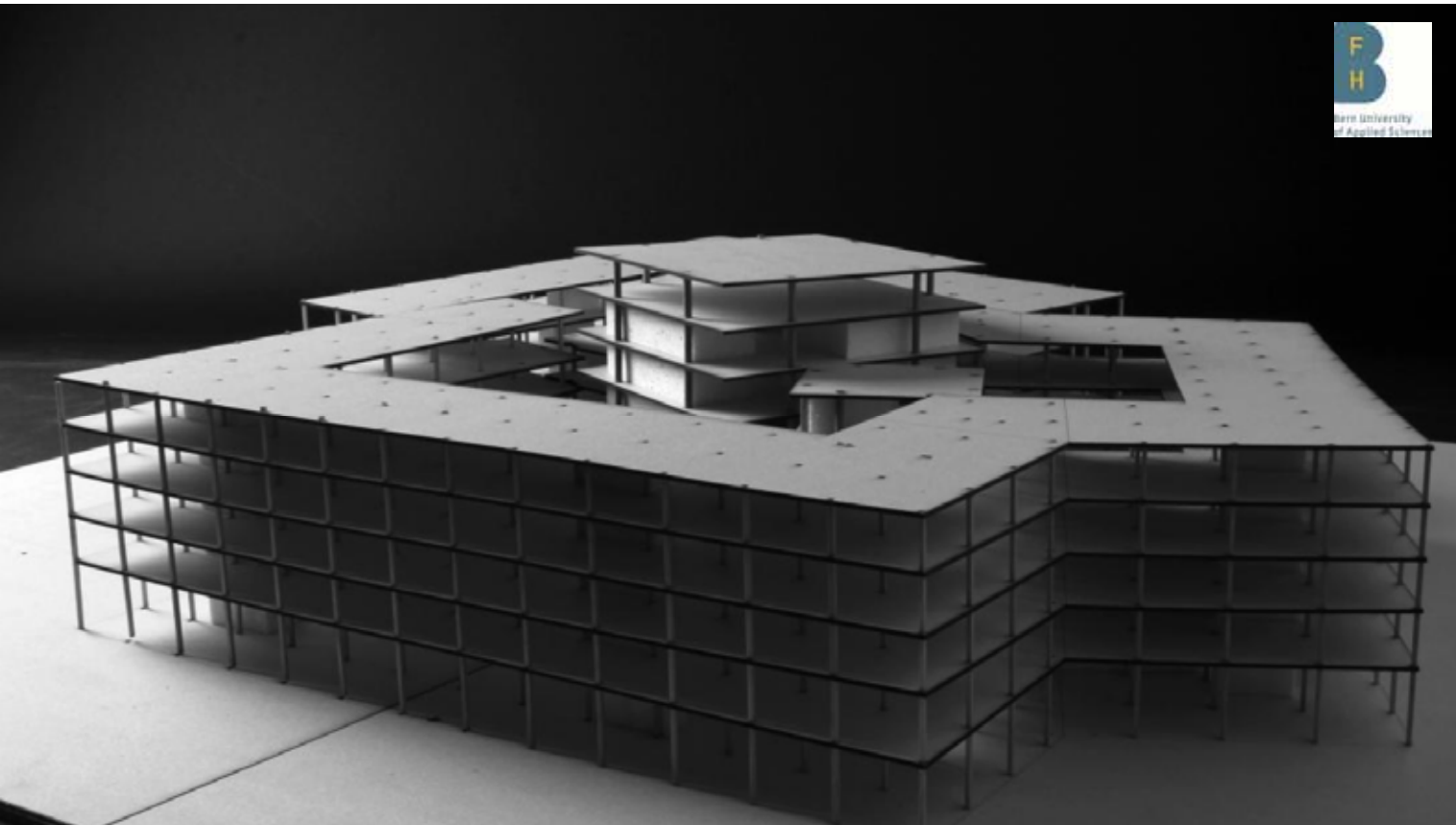
Das Framo Team setzt alle seine Fähigkeiten sowie modernste Mittel ein, um seinen Kunden laufend zu helfen, neue Produkte und modernere Dienstleistungen zur Verfügung zu stellen.

Il team Framo integra tutte le sue competenze e gli strumenti più moderni per offrire al proprio cliente servizi sempre nuovi e sempre all'avanguardia.



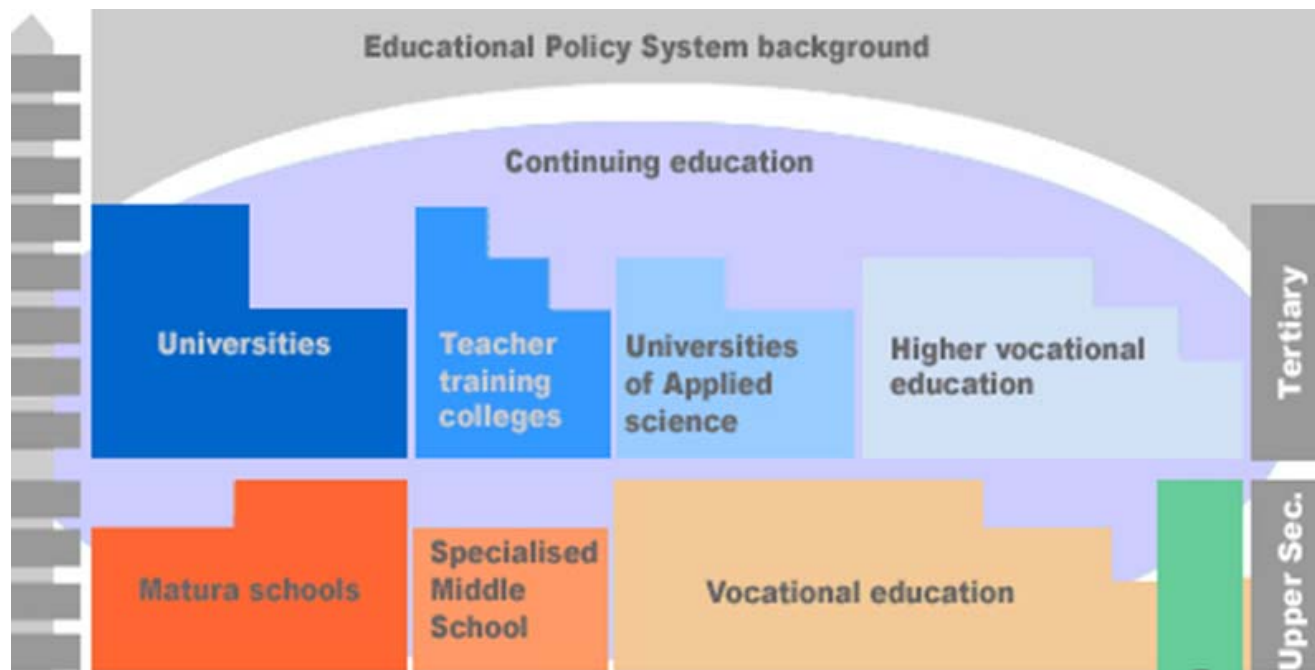
**Science City**  
**Bern University of Applied Sciences**







# The Swiss educational system



# Bachelor degree courses

- Bachelor of Arts in Architecture
- Bachelor of Science in Wood Engineering
- Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering



# Masters degree courses

- Master of Arts in Architecture  
(in cooperation with the University of Applied Sciences Western Switzerland)
- Master of Science in Engineering  
(in cooperation with seven Swiss Universities of Applied Sciences)
- Master of Science in Wood Technology  
(in cooperation with the University of Applied Sciences Rosenheim, Germany)





# Focal points

Specialisation Complex Timber Structures – CTS



## 1. Multi-storey Timber and Hybrid Structures



*Left: design of a 30 storey building by the kanadian Architect Michael Green*

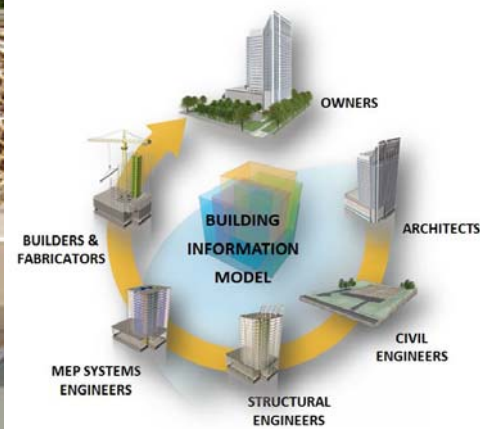
## 2. Complex Timber structures



*Middle: Shigeru Ban the new SWATCH Headquarter in Biel*

*Right: Source [www.cooperindustries.com](http://www.cooperindustries.com)*

## 3. Building Information Modeling (BIM)

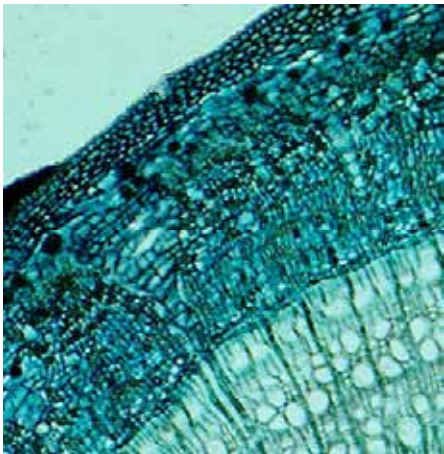


# Research and Development

3 Institutes of Bern University of applied sciences



**Institute 1: Materials and Wood Technology**



**Institute 2: Timber Construction, Structures and Architecture**



**Institute 3: Urban Development and Infrastructure**



*teaching Researchers – researching Teachers*



**Thank you very much for joining us.**